HELMBOLD'S "HIGHLY CONCENTRATED" COMPOUND
FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.
A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS OR VEL, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS. This medicine increases the powers of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the matter of calcareous deposi ions and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is good for men, women, and children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
For weakness, attended with the following symptoms:—
Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power,
Lo ror Memory, Difficulty of Breathing,
Weakness, Trembling,
Horror of Disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions of the Face,
Universal Lassitude, Pallid Countenance.
These symptoms if allowed to go on (which this Medicine invariably removes) soon follow—
FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, ETC.,
in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say they are not frequently followed by those 'direful diseases.'
INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION?
Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the melancholy deaths by consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.
The Constitution, once affected by organic weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

In affections peculiar to Females the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequalled by any other remedy, and for all complaints incident to the sex or in the decline or change of life See symptoms above. No family should be without it.

Take no Balsam, Mercury or unpleasant medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,
Cures these diseases in all their stages at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience, and no EXPOSURE.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
For all affections and diseases of these organs, whether EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE.
From whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. Diseases of these organs require the aid of a diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC and it is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

My Extract Sarsaparilla is a Blood Purifier; my Extract Buchu is a Diuretic, and will act as such in all cases.
Both are prepared on purely scientific principles—in vacuo—and are the most active of either that can be made. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the following works:—
See Dispensatory of the United States,
See Professor DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the celebrated Dr. PHYSIC, Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM MCDOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ire and, and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.
See Medico Chirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of late standard works on Medicine.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!
HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
For purifying the Blood and removing all caronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, called Head Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly Eruptions of the Skin.
AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.
Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla added to a pint of water is equa to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is quite equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH,
An excellent Lotion used in connection with the EXTRACTS BUCHU and SARSAPARILLA, in such diseases as recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines. Also, explicit directions for use, *with hundreds of thousands* of living witnesses, and upwards of 20,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen etc. The Proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.
The Science of Medicine, like the Doric column, stands simple, pure, majestic, having Fact for its basis, Induction for its pillar, and Truth alone for its Capital.

My Extract Sarsaparilla is a Blood Purifier; my Extract Buchu is a Diuretic, and will act as such in all cases.
Both are prepared on purely scientific principles—in vacuo—and are the most active of either that can be made. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the following works:—
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See most of late standard works on Medicine.

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H. T. HELMBOLD, CHEMIST.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS:
HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 594 BROADWAY, New York;
OR TO
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
No. 104 South TENTH Street Philadelphia
Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's! Take no other.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. VI.—No. 62. PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1866. DOUBLE SHEET—THREE CENTS.

THE SOUTHERN LOYALISTS IN NEW YORK.

Great Meetings in the Cooper Institute and Plymouth Church.

Speeches of Parson Brownlow, Governor Hamilton, and Others.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

From the New York Papers of To-day.

An immense meeting was held at the Cooper Institute last night, to welcome the delegates from the Southern Loyalists' Convention.

Entrance of the Delegates.

At half-past 7 the travelling Southern delegates to the Philadelphia Convention entered the hall and ascended the platform. As they took their seats they were greeted with rounds of cheers. The applause was redoubled as the tall and trembling form of Parson Brownlow appeared. As he walked across the stage to his seat the audience cheered, threw up their hats, and waved handkerchiefs without stint. A number of prominent citizens of the city occupied seats beside the delegates, among whom were Peter Cooper, W. E. Dodge, Horace Greeley, Mr. Blunt, and others whose names are equally well known.

Colonel T. R. Van Buren called the meeting to order, and nominated as Chairman Peter Cooper, Esq., who was unanimously chosen, and on taking the chair returned thanks for the honor done him, and said that the Southern loyalists would state facts which must be taken into consideration in our efforts to restore unity and harmony to the country. He then introduced William E. Dodge, Esq., who, in behalf of the Union League Club, welcomed the Southerners in a brief speech, in the course of which he remarked that they would find wide differences of opinions among Republicans on the subject of negro suffrage, but that they are all agreed that the four millions of freedmen should be placed in such a position that they might educate and elevate and prepare themselves in time for full citizenship, with all its rights and duties.

Colonel Rush C. Hawkins then read a list of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the meeting, who were unanimously elected.

The Chairman then introduced to the audience Parson Brownlow, who seemed very feeble, and spoke as follows:—

Speech of Parson Brownlow.

Citizens of New York:—When I addressed you from this platform four years ago for two dreadful hours (laughter), I had the strength to do so and the voice to make myself heard. I have neither now, and, therefore, I must throw myself upon your patience and kind indulgence. I am not travelling as a speaker, for I am not able to speak. I am travelling as one of an expedition going round and round again to try and wipe out the moccasin tracks of Andy Johnson and William H. Seward, and not only the tracks of Johnson and Seward, but also of the untamed and unmitigated Copperheads who are crawling along in their wake. (Laughter and cheers.) My State is well represented in that expedition and on this occasion, there being not less than fifteen Tennessee delegates in the city at this time. You see that I am feeble, but even if I were well and able to make a speech, I should decline to do so on this occasion. Ours is an electioneering expedition (great laughter); and as the Governor of the great reconstructed State of Tennessee, I must maintain the dignity of the office. Therefore it does not become me to dabble in politics. (Renewed laughter.) It will do for an accidental President, one who has laid aside his robes and dignity of office, and who is quarrelling with the people at Cleveland and at St. Louis, charging the New Orleans butchery upon a gallant and loyal Congress, and invoking the mob to hang Thad. Stevens and Wendell Phillips, better men than he ever was in his best days himself. I have been engaged in Tennessee for the last eighteen months in battling in a good and glorious cause. For thirty years prior to that I had been fighting the world, the flesh, and the devil; but latterly most of my time has been occupied in fighting the devil, Jeff. Davis and Andy Johnson. (Laughter.) In Tennessee less, than two years ago, we called a State Convention. It was during the Rebellion, when we had captured and were holding Nashville, had captured and were holding Memphis, and when glorious old Burnside, of Rhode Island (cheers), crossed over the Kentucky mountains into Tennessee, and held Eastern Tennessee, which contains nearly all the loyalty of that State. At that time, I say, we called a State Convention, and we called it under the auspices of our Military Governor—one Johnson. (Laughter.) Five hundred and twenty-four delegates were present—good, tried, loyal, talented men, representing every county in the State, except one. They amended the Constitution. They did not wait for Congress, or the North, or any other part of the world, to call upon them to do it, but they so amended the Constitution as to abolish negro slavery forever. (Applause.) Having done that, our Legislature convened and enacted a law giving the negro his right to testify in court, allowing him to sue and be sued, and giving him his full rights before the courts of the country. The same Legislature passed a law called the Franchise law. We had 40,000 loyal votes in Tennessee and 80,000 Rebel votes, and we disfranchised the 80,000 Rebel votes, and we are now holding them back from the ballot-box, and we intend, God willing, to keep them from the ballot-box. They say they intend to have their rights, that they intend to vote, and to run rough-shod over us. They boast that they have Andrew Johnson on their side, and I concede the fact. (Laughter.) But I am North, making arrangements to procure arms and ammunition. We have the boys at home; we have 30,000 men there who have been in the Federal army. (Cheers.) We shall call out the militia and arm them, and I think the next revolution will in all probability commence in Tennessee. They ran me out once, and I came up here among you as a refugee. I have done fleeing to the mountains of Hepsidam (laughter), and I shall stand my ground hereafter, and, with my noble Legislature and gallant troops, I will fight them and die in the last ditch. (Great cheering.) Our Legislature, only a few weeks ago, ratified by a vote of two-thirds of both houses the Constitutional Amendment; and ours was the second State in the Union to do so. Our Legislature has never seen the time since it was first convened that a resolution could be passed through either house indorsing Andrew Johnson or his policy; but our Legislature is square up with the radical Congress of the United States. (Applause.) And ought they not to stand by Congress? (Cries of "Yes, yes," "No, no.") The ayes have it. (Laughter.) (A voice, "What about Maine?") Maine is able to take care of herself. (Cheers.) The most patriotic, talented, brave, and gallant body of men that ever convened in America is the loyal Congress of the United States; and the next best is the Tennessee Legislature. (Laughter and applause.) We have done everything for the negro that could be done, except to enfranchise him, and when we meet next winter we can do that without any help from outside. I find here at the North that you do not need, and many of you do not want negro suffrage. We at the South are not so. We want the loyal people to help us to vote down the disloyal traitors. ("Good, good.") If I were a candidate for office to-morrow, I would sooner have the vote of a loyal negro than that of a mean, pitiful white man. I would sooner associate with a loyal negro than a disloyal Rebel. I would sooner take my chances with a loyal negro after death, than with a disloyal Rebel. (Laughter.) I am sorry to say to you, gentlemen, that you do not fully and thoroughly understand the tone and temper of the people at the South. The very old Scratch himself is in them all yet. (Great laughter.) It is their purpose to bring on another rebellion. It is their purpose, either to restore slavery by proclamation, or else to have pay for their emancipated negroes. ("Never!" "Never!") Never with my consent. They boast that they have the President on their side, and, as I have said, I concede the fact. He has gone clear over, body, soul, and breeches, and is now on the side of the rebellion, and he will head the rebellion. He now sustains the same relation to this rebellion that Jeff. Davis did to the other one; he is the living head and soul of the whole concern. Now, if by their wickedness the Rebels force another war upon the country, which I think they will do and are determined to do, and you, the loyal North, send down another army to invade our country and suppress the Rebellion, I ask, as I remarked last night in Trenton, that you come in three grand divisions, the first armed with heavy artillery and small arms to do the killing. ("Amen!") Yes, amen, may the Lord answer your prayer. (Laughter.) Let the second grand division come equipped with torches and turpentine to do the burning; and the third with surveyors' compasses and chains to lay out the lands into small parcels, and sell it to defray the expenses of the war—sell it to men who respect the old flag. (Applause.) Gentlemen, there are other speakers here who are better able to speak to you, and I have an engagement at Beecher's church. (Great laughter.) I want to bring him back to a knowledge of the truth as it is in the Republican party. (Laughter and cheers.) And if he continue obstinate and rebellious, I have made up my mind to declare myself a candidate for the pastorship of his church. (Renewed laughter, amid which the Parson retired.)

The Chairman then introduced Senator Fowler, of Tennessee, who was received with applause. Judge Warmouth, of Louisiana; Mr. J. J. Stuart, of Maryland; and Colonel Stokes, of Tennessee, afterwards addressed the meeting, which adjourned with three cheers for the Southern delegates.

SOUTHERN LOYALISTS IN BROOKLYN.

Meeting in Plymouth Church—Music on the Organ—Speeches by Messrs. Maynard, Moore, Brownlow, and Others—Despatch from Mr. Beecher, and its Dubious Reception.

In consequence of an announcement that a number of the delegates to the Southern Convention recently held in Philadelphia would be welcomed by the Mayor and citizens of Brooklyn last evening, Plymouth Church was early thronged by a mass of enthusiastic and demonstrative radicals. The tone and temper of the audience were unmistakable from the first to the last. Cheers and enthusiasm greeted every sentiment indicative of hatred and contempt for President Johnson, every inferential disapproval of the course of the pastor of the church, while the names of General Robert E. Lee and Alexander H. Stephens were hooted and hissed—the enthusiasm being capped by the thundering tones of the organ leading a multitudinous choral with the somewhat familiar words:—

"We'll hang Jeff. Davis on a sour apple-tree,
As we go marching on."

Mr. Muller, the regular organist of Plymouth Church, having returned from a brief vacation, opened the meeting with a voluntary on the organ, after which Mr. Coit, on behalf of the committee in charge (Messrs. George B. Lincoln, S. M. Griswold, E. L. Sanderson, and G. H. Fisher), read a note of regret from Mayor Booth, expressing fullest sympathy with the objects of the meeting, and pledging his attendance before the close of the evening, if it was possible for him to be there.

General Smith, of the local militia, was nominated and chosen as President of the meeting, and after a brief address of congratulation to the city, and welcome to the guests of the evening, proceeded with the routine of his office.

Mr. Carey nominated a list of Vice-Presidents, among whom were the names of United States Judge Benedict, United States Marshal Campbell, Postmaster Lincoln, T. Tilton, and H. C. Bowen. He likewise nominated Secretaries, after the election of whom, the President, in a neat and complimentary speech, introduced Hon. Horace Maynard, M. C. from Tennessee.

Mr. Maynard was welcomed with every evidence of popular regard. Cheer succeeded cheer, hurrahing and handkerchief waving, and all the customary testimonials of respect and enthusiasm being indulged in for several moments, after which

Mr. Maynard, who was much affected by the hearty greeting of his friends, made a speech of an hour's length. He began by a quiet, straightforward narration of the sufferings endured by the Union men at the South during the war, claiming that there were many such men, and bending the eloquence of his diction to the stubbornness of the facts. Continuing, he deprecated the reduction of the present canvass to mere personal issues; he contended that before the great tribunal of the people the mighty issues of principle and policy must be settled, and that to the dictum of no man, be he high or low, and regardless of all former position or influence (cries of "Beecher," and great cheering), would the matter be left. He drew a powerful picture of the loyalty and honor of the men who stood faithful among the faithless, and made the contrast greater by limning the conduct of those who forgot the teachings of the Constitution, and fought against the dear old flag. Warming with the work, he said that the present issues are reduced to two—whether the integrity of the Union shall be preserved or not, or whether its care shall be committed to the tender mercies of undeniable Rebels. He quoted the declaration of Mr. Johnson, that "treason must be made odious, and traitors shall be punished," taking it as a text upon which he based a long and ingenious argument in favor of the revenge which the American people should fasten upon the Rebels—not a punishment of death, or imprisonment, or confiscation, but of universal scorn and contempt. Mr. Johnson's policy and that of Mr. Greeley were discussed. The one, he said, proposed universal amnesty, and left the question of suffrage to the Rebels; the other proposed universal suffrage and universal amnesty—he was prepared for the suffrage, but not for the amnesty; he wanted Mr. Johnson's policy carried out to the letter, making treason odious and insuring punishment to traitors. He drew a picture of Grant and Sherman at the mercy of Lee and Stephens, which elicited the wildest groanings and heartiest hisses, and after paying a compliment to the church and to the organ, concluded amid great applause.

Calls were then made for Brownlow and Hamilton. Messrs. Brownlow and Hamilton had not arrived, so Mr. Muller gave music, by playing "John Brown's body," when *en masse*, and with the wildest glee, the good people of Plymouth Church, led by Deacon Fitzgerald, Mr. S. B. Chittenden, and others equally demonstrative, sang in perfect unison and with grand effect—

We'll hang Jeff. Davis to a sour apple-tree,
We'll hang Jeff. Davis to a sour apple tree,
We'll hang Jeff. Davis to a sour apple-tree,
As we go marching on.

Chorus—We'll hang Jeff. Davis to a sour apple-tree,

The expected orators not having arrived yet, Mr. Morse, of Missouri, was introduced. Mr. Morse made a lengthy speech, which was devoted mainly to a denunciation of President Johnson, and suggestions of the treatment he might expect from loyal Southerners, if ever he should find himself among them.

During his speech he was interrupted by the arrival of Governor Brownlow, Mr. Hamilton, and others, who were received with great applause; and again by Postmaster Lincoln, who read the following

Despatch from Mr. Beecher.

PEEKSKILL, September 11.—Hon. George B. Lincoln, Brooklyn:—I regret that my health will not permit me to pay my grateful respects to these Southern heroic men who stood faithful among the faithless in bloody trial. God bless them! Their country honors them; history will perpetuate their names among the noble. I welcome them to Plymouth Church, and now give them the right hand of fellowship.
HENRY WARD BEECHER.

The applause which followed this was tame and slim compared to that which greeted Mr. Morse's comment, that he was glad to see that the flood of light was beginning to open the eyes of many people.

After a brief address by Mr. Jessup, of Louisiana, and more music on the organ, Governor Brownlow spoke substantially as he did in New York, followed by Mr. Hamilton and a gentleman from the West. The meeting was a great success.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

THE REPUBLICAN MAJORITY THIRTY THOUSAND.

AUGUSTA, Maine, September 11.—Fuller returns largely increase the Union majority in this State. It will reach thirty thousand, and the closest Congressional District is carried by four thousand. Our majority is vastly larger than ever was gained in Maine before by any party, and is nearly double the average Union majority of the past years.

JAMES G. BLAIN,
Chairman Union State Central Committee.

VERMONT.

From the latest files of Vermont papers we compile the following vote by counties for Governor, complete with the exception of a few towns. It is compared with the vote of 1865:—

Counties.	1866 Dol. U.	1866 Daven. D.	1865 Dol.	1865 Daven.
Addison	2057	192	2245	200
Bennington	1588	785	1682	614
Caledonia	2280	1131	1951	908
Chittenden	3418	1016	2018	597
Essex	510	205	573	337
Franklin	1985	690	1807	777
Grand Isle	....	....	334	170
Lamoville	1291	297	1161	146
Orange	2576	1271	2499	1363
Orleans	1965	538	1715	815
Rutland	3325	1024	2646	741
Washington	1918	852	2579	1171
Windham	2670	787	2526	793
Windsor	4026	884	3748	758
	29,671	9642	27,686	8866

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Murder of Colored Soldiers in Texas—Proposition to Introduce Chinese Labor—Arrival of General Steadman.

NEW ORLEANS, September 11.—Reliable information has been received here that six colored soldiers were recently murdered in Jefferson, Texas. The military commander at that post had the dead bodies shown to the Mayor, and intimated to him that somebody would be held responsible for the killing of Union men in that section. The lives of Union men are frequently threatened.

Governor Wells and the Hon. Thomas Coleman, Chief of the Bureau of Emigration, had an interview with Sno Yuk, a San Francisco merchant, and his agent, Mr. Strickland, who proposed to introduce Chinese labor here in October, 1867. The act of Congress, 1862, is regarded as a barrier to their schemes.

Generals Mower and Baird should arrive in Washington to-day; the latter carries the report of the Military Commission.

The colored troops which arrived here recently are to be mustered out of service.

General Steadman is expected to arrive here in a few days. His mission is in part to try and influence Governor Wells not to remove the different sheriffs for failing to comply with his (Governor Wells') proclamation of July 27, providing for an election to fill vacancies to the Constitutional Convention; also to try and prevent the organization of the militia. The Governor will stand firm and carry out his programme in accordance with what he thinks right, independent of any one in Washington or elsewhere.

Union men are perfectly elated over the Maine and Vermont elections.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Ludlow.—Augustus Scherfield was charged with the larceny of $100 in gold and $4 50 in silver, the property of a Mr. Shur. Mr. Shur it seems, came to this city from New York on the 5th of June. At New York he expressed his trunks in good order to a German hotel of this city. Having arrived here, he ordered the defendant, the porter of the hotel, to take his trunk to his room. A few moments afterwards he went to his room, and found the trunk, in which the money was, broken open and the money taken out. Suspicion rested on the porter. It was also alleged that the defendant, before this occurrence, had been drawing his wages in advance, and did not have money; after this money had been taken he was seen to have a pocket full of money, and to spend it freely.

The defence stated that he had $330 placed in the hands of a friend, which he had received for service in the army. Evidence of character was also produced. The evidence was mostly circumstantial. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Louis Seizer pleaded guilty to a charge of false pretenses. On the 30th of June he went to a store, and bought goods to the amount of $28, stating that he was ordered to buy these goods for other parties, which statement was proven false. It was shown that he had been extensively engaged in this business. He was sentenced to the County Prison for one year.

Christopher McCormick was charged with committing assault and battery upon Mr. and Mrs. Farrington. The gallant McCormick was in the house, with a quid of the weed in his jaw, and wishing to relieve his mouth of its contents, he found a spittoon very much in his way, consequently he broke it. The old lady being greatly taken aback by this piece of prodigality, remonstrated and of course was knocked down. The old gentleman rushing in, asked her if her "phiz" was hurt and just heard the old lady answer, "No, my eye is"—when McCormick attacked him.

The jury rendered a verdict of guilty.

Bridget Kelly was convicted of a charge of the larceny of an umbrella and other articles, valued at $6, the property of Charles Cox.

James Scott was charged with entering a store with intent to steal. He attempted to go into the cellar of a store, stating that he was going to take apples there. He went in, but left no apples. Nothing was taken. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Philip McGrath was charged with assault and battery upon Jane Fresly. McGrath merely pushed Jane Fresly off his daughter, whom she was beating. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

George Timmin was acquitted of a charge of the larceny of $4 00.

Lombart Moses was charged with assault and battery upon Susan Barnicle; and Frederick and Susan Barnicle were charged with assault and battery upon Lombart Moses. On trial.

Andrew J. Grow was convicted of a charge of assault upon Christopher Grow.

—A ship called the *Ida Lily* arrived at Charleston the other day from Liverpool with a varied and extensive stock of English hardware, building and house furnishing articles from Sheffield, Birmingham, and other English markets. The invoice value of the goods by the above vessel alone is $30,000 in gold. In addition to this cargo, other arrivals are expected daily with goods, amounting in the aggregate to $70,000. Baltimore has a direct trade already established, and Mobile and New Orleans are doing what they can with a view to establish a similar commerce.

THIRD EDITION

TRENTON.

Ratification of the Constitutional Amendment by the Senate of New Jersey.

The Democracy Give Up the Contest in the State.

Adjournment of the Legislature to Next Monday Evening.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

TRENTON, September 12.—On the reassembling of the Senate yesterday afternoon, Mr. Winfield, of Hudson, concluded his speech against the Constitutional Amendment. It was able and logical, and listened to throughout with the utmost attention by both sides of the House. His principal argument was in favor of the postponement of the consideration of the subject until the next session of the Legislature, contending that the present Legislature was elected before the issue on this point was made, and that it should be decided by a Legislature fresh from the people. He was very bitter against Mr. Scovel throughout, and concluded by confronting that gentleman with the assertion that, in his own words with reference to the Democratic party, "he had tried him drunk, and he had tried him sober, and drunk or sober there was nothing in him." (Great laughter.)

Mr. Scovel responded in a long speech, in which he took up every position assumed by his opponent, and quietly demolished it.

Mr. Little (Democrat), of Monmouth, made a motion to postpone the subject, supporting it in a very ill-tempered speech, in the course of which he made a little personal attack upon Mr. Scovel, which the latter promptly resented.

The argument in favor of postponement was continued by Senators Wurtz, of Hunterdon, and Winfield, of Hudson, and opposed by Senators Buckley, of Passaic, and Ricney, of Mercer.

The vote was then taken by yeas and nays on the question of postponement, and resulted in a strict party vote of 10 to 11.

The bill was then put upon its final passage, with the following result:—

YEAS—Messrs. Acton, Blackman, Buckley, Cobb, Horne, Ludlam, Reeves, Ruby, Scovel (President), Ware, Wright—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Dater, Doughty, Grier, Kennedy, Little, Martin, Robbins, Trusdell, Winfield, Wurtz—10.

The result was received with vociferous cheers on the floor and in the gallery, mingled with a few groans and hisses on the Democratic side.

Mr. Richey, of Mercer, then offered a resolution declaring that the Senate would consider no business other than that referred to in the Governor's message.

Mr. Winfield, of Hudson, earnestly opposed the motion, contending that the sewerage of Jersey City required the instant attention of the Legislature, to save it from ruin at the hands of the Hoboken authorities. He said there were a great many good Republicans in Jersey City, whose cellars would be filled with water if the Legislature did not come to their relief. (Laughter.)

After further discussion, the motion was laid upon the table for the present, when the Senate passed the concurrent resolution from the Assembly, adjourning both bodies until Monday evening next at 8 o'clock.

In the Assembly no business was transacted at the afternoon session, except the concurrent resolution for adjournment.

After the adjournment of the two Houses, a leading Democratic member said to a Republican, "You have knocked the insides out of our election; you have left us nothing to fight for in November."

FROM BALTIMORE TO-DAY.

The Anniversary of the Battle of North Point—Political Meetings—The President Expected on Saturday.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.]

BALTIMORE, September 12.—To-day is pretty much observed as a holiday, in commemoration of the battle of North Point. Flags are suspended from the public buildings of all city offices and many stores. The old defenders celebrate the day at Reistertown.

There are numerous political meetings in different parts of the surrounding country.

President Johnson is expected to pass through here on Saturday to Washington. No demonstration is expected on the occasion.

Return of the President to Washington.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—A meeting of committees from both branches of the City Councils was held last evening, for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the President upon his return to this city on Saturday next. Committees were present from various associations of this district. Mayor Wallach will be invited to deliver an address to the President, welcoming him upon his arrival.

A Blunder Corrected.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The advance in flour reported by the cable, in the Liverpool markets of yesterday, as published in the New York papers, should have been 1@2s. per barrel, instead of 10. per barrel.

[The advance was correctly reported in the Philadelphia papers of this morning.]

Departure of the "Asia."

BOSTON, September 12.—The royal mail steamship *Asia* sailed this morning for Liverpool, taking out twenty-nine passengers for Liverpool and twenty-two for Halifax. She takes out no specie.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, {
Wednesday, September 12, 1866. {

The Stock Market was inactive this morning, but prices were firmer. In Government bonds there was no material change to notice. New 5-20s sold at 108¼; 6s of 1881 at 111; and 10-40s at 98½@98¾. 110¼ was bid for old 5-20s, and 105¾@106 for June and August 7·30s. City loans were rather dull; the new issue sold at 99¾, a slight decline, and old do. at 95½, no change.

Railroad shares were the most active on the list. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 57, a slight decline; Reading at 57¼@57½, an advance of ¼; Minehill at 57, no change; North Pennsylvania at 40½, a slight advance; and Philadelphia and Erie at 33¾, no change. 127 was bid for Camden and Amboy; 37¾ for Little Schuylkill; 60 for Norristown; 65 for Lehigh Valley; 30 for Elmira common; 42 for preferred do.; 33¾ for Catawissa preferred; and 46¼ for Northern Central.

City Passenger Railroad shares were firmly held. Union sold at 42½; 88 was bid for Second and Third; 46 for Fifth and Sixth; 53½ for Chesnut and Walnut; 63½ for Tenth and Eleventh; 68½ for West Philadelphia; 18½ for Hestonville; 30 for Green and Coates; and 27 for Girard College.

Bank shares continue in good demand for investment, but we hear of no sales. 97 was bid for Seventh National; 226 for North America; 147 for Philadelphia; 132½ for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 32½ for Mechanics'; 55 for Penn Township; 58 for Girard; 90 for Western; 32 for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; 72 for Bank of Commerce; 100 for Tradesmen's; 67 for City; 42¼ for Consolidation; 55½ for Commonwealth; 68 for Corn Exchange; and 64½ for Union.

In Canal shares there was nothing doing. 28¾ was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common; 36½ for preferred do; 57 for Lehigh Navigation; 120 for Morris Canal preferred; 13¼ for Susquehanna Canal; and 56 for Delaware Division.

Quotations of Gold—10½ A. M., 146½; 11 A. M., 145⅞; 12 M., 145½; 1 P. M., 145⅝.

—The reduction of the Bank of England rate of discount to six, and subsequently to five per cent., is proving very favorable to the increase of its reserve both in bullion and notes, and the bank is now in an unusually good position. The effect of the removal of the restrictions imposed by the ten per cent. rate affords practical evidence that national laws are better than artificial measures in regulating everything relating to monetary affairs.

In Peel's act limiting the circulation of the bank was repealed it would be a step in the right direction, and with the progress of enlightened opinion upon financial questions, it is likely that the bank will be left to manage its own business in its own way without Parliamentary impediments.

—Consols and American securities were quoted as under in London on Monday last, and on the previous dates mentioned:—

	Sept. 4.	*Sept. 5*	*Sept. 10.*
Consols	89½	89½	89½
United States five-twenties	73½	73	73½
Erie	47	46½	46
Illinois Central	79½	79	78½

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO-DAY
Reported by De Haven & Bro. No. 40 S. Third street

BEFORE BOARDS.

100 sh Reading Railroad b10 57½

FIRST BOARD

$200 US 6s '81 reg..111
$500 U S 10-40s coup 98⅝
$2000 do 98½
$5000 US-20s 65coup108½
$200 do. 108½
$1300 do. 1862 reg.107⅞
$100 City 6s n, n s o 99½
$100 do. 99½
$700 do. ....mun 99⅝
$500 do. ....mun 99½
$8100 do. ....old 95⅛
$2400 do old lots. 95½
$700 Sch Nav B L.. 92
$500 Sch Nav 6s 82. 85
$600 C. & Am. 6s... 97
75 sh Union Pas. R.. 42¼
86 sh Penn R. ....lots 57
50 sh do. s5 57
100 sh do. b30 57
30 sh do. s5 57
20 sh do. ....c 57
100 sh Reading R. 57·56
100 sh do. ..s30wn 57½
200 sh do. ..lots30 57⅝
9 sh Minehill..... 57¾
10 sh N Pa R. b5 40½
100 sh Penn & E. ....c 38½

—Messrs. DeHaven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day at 1 P. M.:—

			Buying.	*Selling.*
American Gold			145½	145⅝
American Silver, 4s and 5s			188	..
Compound Interest Notes:—				
"	"	June, 1864	15	..
"	"	July, 1864	14½	..
"	"	August, 1864	14	..
"	"	October, 1864	13	..
"	"	Dec., 1864	11⅞	..
"	"	May, 1865	9⅝	..
"	"	August, 1865	8½	..
"	"	Sept., 1865	8	..
"	"	October, 1865	7½	..

Philadelphia Trade Report.

WEDNESDAY, September 12.—There is very little Cloverseed coming forward, and the article is in fair demand, with small sales at $6·50@7 50 ₱ 64 lbs. Timothy is in steady request, and prices are a shade higher; sales of 300 bush. at $4@4·12½. There is no falling off in the demand for Flaxseed; sales of 1500 bush., part to arrive, at $2·85@2·90.

There is a decided improvement to notice in the Flour Market, and prices are firmly maintained, closing with an upward tendency; sales of 1500 bbls. common and fancy Northwestern extra family at $11@13. 1000 bbls. Spring Garden and Redstone extra on terms kept secret. 100 bbls. choice St Louis extra at $12, and small lots of superfine at $7·50@8 75; Pennsylvania and Ohio extra family at $11·50@16 50, the latter for fresh ground new Wheat, and $14@16 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at $5·75@6. Prices of Corn Meal are nominal.

There is a firmer feeling in the Wheat Market, and rather more doing; sales of 2000 bush. good and choice new red at $2·75@2·82; 2,000 bush. Western amber at $2·85, 2000 bush. Illinois amber at $2·82@2 85, and 5000 bush. old Milwaukee Club at $2 85; white ranges from $2 90@3 Rye is quiet, with sales of 1000 bush. Western at 84c. Corn is better; sales of 2000 bush. yellow at 91@92c, and 1500 Western mixed at 88@88½c. Oats are unchanged; sales of new Southern at 47c.

Whisky is quiet but firm; small sales of Pennsylvania at $2·37, and Ohio at $2 40.

—Distinguished Russian Visitors in New York.—The Russian Prince Nicholas, who last week visited the City Hall, where he was courteously received by His Honor Mayor Hoffman, still continues at the Clarendon Hotel, where elegant apartments are furnished him. He has been lately joined by Baron Stoeckl, the Russian Minister from Washington, and his family, with whom he appears quite at home. Prince Nicholas and the Minister have visited the Central Park and other places of recreative pastime in the metropolis. He has now been almost a month in New York, and has not, as yet, expressed any desire to leave. It is stated that during the present month he will pay a visit to the Consulate-General's premises in Exchange place, where he will be received by Baron Ostensacken, the Russian Consul-General, and R. Schultze, Esq., the Vice-Consul. He appears determined to see all the places of entertainment in the city and suburbs before he departs for home, and will be attended by Baron Stoeckl until that time. The Baron appears to be a great favorite with the Prince, and is a gentleman of refined taste and polished manners.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—Can a man keep his feet dry when he has a creek in his boots.

THE NEW YORK PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS UPON CURRENT TOPICS.

COMPILED EVERY DAY FOR EVENING TELEGRAPH.

The President—Congress—Henry Ward Beecher.

From the Tribune.

The persistent efforts of Mr. Beecher to cast blame on the Republican majority of the present Congress as—at least equally with President Johnson—responsible for the grave existing difference between them, impels me, in the interest of truth and justice, to make a statement of facts.

I was one of the many who early apprehended and anxiously deprecated a breach between Congress and the President. Soon after our last State election, and before the assembling of the present Congress, I went, not uninvited, to Washington, expressly to guard against such a difference. Being admitted to an interview with the President, I urged him to call to Washington three of the most eminent and trusted expositors of Northern anti-slavery sentiment, and three equally eminent and representative Southern ex-Rebels, and ask them to take up their residence at the White House for a week, a fortnight, so long as they might find necessary, while they, by free and friendly conference and discussion, should earnestly endeavor to find a common ground whereon the North and the South should be not merely reconciled, but made evermore fraternal and harmonious. I suggested that the President should occasionally, as he could find time, drop in on these conferences and offer such suggestions as he should deem fit—rather as a moderator or common friend, than as a party to the discussion.

A suggestion of names being invited, I proposed those of Governor Andrew, of Massachusetts; Gerritt Smith, of New York; and Judge R. P. Spaulding, of Ohio, as three who seemed to me fair representatives of the anti-slavery sentiment of the North, while neither specially obnoxious to nor disposed to deal harshly with the South; and I added that I hoped they would be met by men like General Robert E. Lee, Alexander H. Stephens, etc., who would be recognized and heeded by the South as men in whose hands her honor and true interests would be safe. But I added that I had no special desire that these or any particular men should be selected, wishing only that those chosen from either section should be such as to command their people's confidence and support. And I pledged myself to support, to the extent of my power, any adjustment that should thus be matured and agreed upon.

Some two months later, after the meeting of Congress, and when the political sky had become darker, I went again to Washington, on the assurance of a mutual friend that the President desired to see me. The Joint Committee on Reconstruction had then been appointed. At an interview promptly accorded, I urged the President to invite this Committee to the White House, and discuss with them, from evening to evening, as friend with friends, all the phases of the grave problem of reconstruction, with a fixed resolve to find a basis of agreement if possible. I urged such considerations as occurred to me in favor of the feasibility of such agreement if it were earnestly sought, as I felt sure it would be on the side of Congress. The vast patronage in the President's hands—the reluctance of the majority in Congress to see their friends, supporters, and nominees expelled by wholesale from office, and their places supplied by bitter adversaries—the natural anxiety of every party in power to maintain cordial relations with the head of the Government chosen by its votes—these, and a thousand kindred considerations, rendered morally certain an agreement between Congress and the President without a sacrifice of principle on either hand, if the latter should sincerely seek it.

I speak only of what I said and proposed, because I have no right and no permission to speak further. That my suggestions were not followed, nor anything akin to them, the public sadly knows. And the conclusion to which I have been most reluctantly forced is, that the President *did not want* harmony with Congress—that he had already made up his mind to break with the party which had elected him and seek a further lease of power through the favor and support of its implacable enemies.

HORACE GREELEY.

The Second Letter from His Holiness the Protestant Pope, Henry Ward Beecher.

From the Herald.

We published on Monday a second epistle from the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher to a member of his congregation, explaining and defending the Cleveland letter, which has attracted so much attention and comment. Mr. Beecher takes back none of his former statements, and denies that he is sorry that he wrote his previous letter. On the contrary, he reiterates its views and sentiments, and insists that the Southern States ought to be immediately restored to their constitutional rights. Both of his epistles are so conservative and so statesmanlike that we can no longer rank Mr. Beecher among the mere ministers of America. He deserves to fill a higher position than that of pastor of a Brooklyn church. We nominate him for the office, and shall hereafter recognize him by the title of, his Holiness the Protestant Pope of the United States.

After an attentive perusal of this latest bull of his Holiness, we find that we can endorse every word of it. He criticizes the President severely; but it is in the spirit of a friend and not of an enemy. As he says, the President has a peculiar temper, and is rather apt to assail those who disagree with him; but Horace Greeley and Thad Stevens have the same peculiarities, and do not possess that kindness of heart and sincerity of purpose which redeem President Johnson's errors. And this suggests to us the only weak point of the second letter of his Holiness. It is a sin of omission rather than of commission; but it ought to be remedied by a good strong sermon next Sunday, when Pope Beecher returns to his congregational pilgrims. The point is that he neglects to criticize Sumner, Phillips, Wilson, Chandler, Stevens, Greeley, Cheever, and the other radical leaders with equal severity. If President Johnson uses severe language, so do they. "Liar," "traitor," renegade," "murderer," and "wretch" (*vide the Tribune*) are the mildest terms they use in their assaults upon the President. Surely, his Holiness the Protestant Pope cannot sanction such epithets as these, and he will take the earliest opportunity to rebuke them.

To President Johnson's numerous excellencies—to his horror of secession, his resistance to the Rebel leaders, his heroism in the dark days of the war, his jealousy of centralization, his simplicity of manners, and his true love of the common people—Pope Beecher does the amplest justice. His eloquent sentences completely extinguish his would-be critics. He leaves not a rag of poor Greeley's old white coat. Rising above the corrupt atmosphere of parties, he will not call himself a Johnson man or anybody else's man, but regards current events from the standpoint of a statesman, a philosopher, and a Christian. He remembers that if President Johnson sometimes makes unwise speeches, so did President Lincoln. On his trip from Springfield to Washington Mr. Lincoln delivered various off-hand addresses, and everybody then thought that he was not earnest enough.

On his trip from Washington to Springfield Mr. Johnson has also spoken often, and many people think that he is too much in earnest. Both Lincoln and Johnson sprang from an origin not favorable to finished oratory. The one was a flat-boatman from Kentucky and Illinois, and the other a tailor from North Carolina and Tennessee. To expect the polish of an Everett from such men would be absurd. It is enough for Pope Beecher, as for all other sensible people, that these Presidents should have correct convictions and carry them out manfully. This is the moral of the second epistle of his Holiness, and we commend it to the intelligent masses of the country.

Carlotta and Ristori—The Two Queens of the Latin Race.

From the Herald.

The latest intelligence from Europe informs us that Carlotta, the Empress of the Latin race on this continent, has retired from Paris to the chateau of Maximilian at Miramar. A despatch by the Atlantic cable announced that at about the same date another foreigner of the Latin race (Ristori, the Queen of Tragedy) embarked for this country at Brest. Here we see the beautiful compensations which Providence makes for our losses. The Empress whom Napoleon appointed is obliged to retire from this continent on account of a slight misunderstanding between her troops and those of Juarez, backed by the sympathies of the United States; but hardly has she departed when another Queen, who owes her power to her genius, comes from the Latin race to dominate over those hearts which resisted even the witchery of Carlotta.

Ristori will find the drama of this country in a fearfully demoralized condition, and we rely upon her to regenerate and reinvigorate it. The most of our leading managers have been dreadfully Barnumized. The elegant and accomplished Wallack, once the glass of fashion and the mould of form, has been reduced to the condition of the Feejee mermaid, which, if we recollect Barnum's book correctly, was half monkey and half codfish. The fragrant and dandyish Wheatley, whose intimates used to address him as "Sweet William," has been cruelly metamorphosed into a sort of Joyce Heth in breeches, an object rather of commiseration than of envy. The jovial and convivial Stuart, who once clutched the managerial diadem at a single bound—to use his own eloquent words—now resembles the woolly horse, created with one leg shorter than the other so as to graze around the mountain tops, which have been rather barren of late, so far as this personage is concerned. In short, the whole managerial association have been as weak as that herd of buffaloes that Barnum exhibited over at Hoboken, and as unlike their former selves as Barnum's old model of Niagara Falls, worked with a pump and a bucket of cold water, was unlike the genuine cataract, that astonishes all beholders.

The consequences of this Barnumization of the managers have been excessively deleterious to our theatres. One member of the association, like Barnum's Circassian girl from Germany, has had to withdraw from the business. Another, like Barnum's fat woman, has melted out of sight. The houses of a third are as bogus as the Indian club which Barnum exhibited to Gaylord Clark as the genuine bludgeon that Powhatan used to kill Captain John Smith; whereupon Clark replied that he was glad that Barnum possessed this bludgeon, as he had already seen it in several other museums. We are afraid that those establishments which still keep open under the patronage of the association are, like Barnum's whales, not very long lived, however much they may spout about their success at present.

With played-out comedies and tragedies, and with actors who go their dull and weary rounds with the same regularity and about the same spirit as omnibus horses, the associated theatres cannot hope for any large share of public support. But when Ristori comes we anticipate that her resplendent genius will infuse new vigor into the Barnumized drama and make the theatres once more attractive. She can teach the actors how to perform and revive the general interest in the stage. Unlike Rachel, who was as cold and splendid as an iceberg glittering in the sun, Ristori acts from the heart and to the heart, and arouses the utmost enthusiasm of her audiences. Her *debut* at the French theatre will inaugurate a grand new era of the drama, and Manager Grau, who at least resembles an Emperor in wearing an imperial, may congratulate himself that he has surpassed Napoleon in giving us a queen of the Latin race who will be heartily welcome, and whose reign will be cordially respected, except, perhaps, by some Bohemian guerillas.

Equal Rights in the South.

From the Times

Governor Orr's message to the Legislature of South Carolina furnishes encouraging evidence that the leading men of the Southern States are by no means indifferent to the changes which the war and the abolition of slavery have made in their affairs. He has called the Legislature together for the express purpose of making such alterations in their laws concerning the freedmen as justice and good policy require. He recommends their admission as witnesses into court, not only when their own interests are involved, but in all cases whatsoever. Their testimony, he urges, should be received where whites alone are concerned just as freely as where the rights of colored persons are involved. Justice requires this, and without it, he says, in very many cases crime will go unpunished. All inhabitants of the State, he insists, without distinction of color, should be placed upon the same footing in regard to civil rights.

Governor Orr says that the distinctions still made between the races in this respect are due to the spirit of caste created by slavery; and that as this has been destroyed, those distinctions should also disappear. This is true and just, and strikes at the root of the whole matter. When slavery was swept away all grounds for such distinctions were swept away also. It is encouraging to find this fact recognized in so distinct and so practical a way, by the leading men of the South. It shows that they understand the nature of the revolution through which they have passed, and are fully prepared to make it the basis of their new civil and industrial system. It is far better for the whole country, and especially for the negroes themselves, that this great work should be thus done by the voluntary action of the Southern States than imposed upon them by the National Government. Mr. Beecher's argument on this point is unanswerable. The mutual interests of the two races will compel as well as invite the concession of exact and equal justice.

We regard Governor Orr's message as a practical response to the declarations of the Philadelphia Convention, and as furnishing positive and gratifying evidence that the Southern people intend to fulfil in good faith all the engagements then entered into by their representatives. We hope to see his recommendations promptly adopted by the Legislature. In others of the Southern States action has been taken looking to the same result. Full civil rights are accorded to the enfranchised slaves; provision is made for their education; their relations to the whites are amicable and satisfactory, and everything promises a speedy reorganization of industry and order in all departments of Southern society. Why should we disturb or check so wholesome and beneficent a process by needless and hurtful agitation? And why should we insist upon *forcing* on the South, by violent and hostile acts, reforms and movements which they are evidently doing for themselves?

The Plotting Civil War.

From the World.

The first overt step towards preparation for another civil war was taken by the radicals in passing the resolution of General Paine, of Wisconsin, calling on the States to organize, discipline, and equip their militia, and directing that two-thirds of the arms, ordnance, and ammunition now under custody of the general Government be distributed among the States—the distribution among the Northern States to take place immediately, and that among the Southern States to be postponed till further orders.

Mr. Raymond's exposure of this was the cause of great fluttering among the radicals, but now it is openly a part of their plans to so array the Governors and the militia of the Northern States against the Federal Government; and ex-Governor Andrew does not hesitate to allude to the matter thus in his recent address before the Vermont Agricultural Society:—"Leaving on hand at the final surrender of the enemy, three-quarters of a million of rifles in the arsenals, and leaving a body of material and munitions of war adapted to all the exigencies of her bloody work, vast enough for the longest and most exhausting campaign on land and sea—a sure defense in loyal hands against whatever enemies of the nation—too vast and dangerous by far to be trusted within the reach of any but its faithful and loyal friends."

No man in his senses can believe that the South, suffering, impoverished, crying out for labor, for credit, for help, and utterly broken down by her overwhelming defeat, cherishes in her wildest dreams the thought of renewing the struggle. It would be folly if she did—a folly which time would remove. But she does not. She has declared that she does not by every form of asseveration which self-governing States are capable of. Men may lie, but States do not. Governor Andrew's affectation of fear is, as we regret to believe, insincere. He is at the head of a company whose business is to buy property in the South and loan money to Southern men. He thus shows that he knows it to be false that Northern men are ill-treated at the South. Equally he proves his pretended fears hollow and insincere. Men make haste to invest their money where they know it will be safe. Governor Andrew cannot be believed when he asserts that the Southern States cannot "be trusted" to-day as completely as any Northern State. He fears no civil war at the South.

There is but one explanation of this significant utterance—it is, that Governor Andrew is in the confidence of the Governors who met at Philadelphia the other day, and who are organizing a conspiracy against the Federal Government and its lawful head—a conspiracy to impeach and remove President Johnson—and who, to return themselves and their revolutionary party in power, would not only keep the Union still divided—would not only deny to the Southern States self-government by representation—would not only make use of Federal power to force negro suffrage upon the Southern States, but also would not hesitate to supply the militia they control with arms, and plunge the North itself into a new and more dreadful civil war—a war not of sections nor of States, but of neighborhoods and firesides.

Months ago we warned the country of the desperate purposes of these desperate men. We repeat that warning to-day: and every vote cast for a radical Governor or a radical Congressman is a vote for just such a civil war.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, August 29, 1866.

The Stockholders of this Company are hereby notified that the Board of Managers have determined to allow to all persons who shall appear as Stockholders on the Books of the Company on the 8th of September next, after the closing of transfers, at 3 P. M. of that day the privilege of subscribing for new stock *at par*, to the extent of one share of new stock for every five shares then standing in their names. Each shareholder entitled to a fractional part of a share shall have the privilege of subscribing for a full share.

The subscription books will open on MONDAY, September 10, and close on SATURDAY, December 1, 1866 at 3 P. M.

Payment will be considered due June 1, 1867, but an instalment of 20 per cent., or ten dollars per share, must be paid at the time of subscribing. The balance may be paid from time to time, at the option of the subscribers, before the 1st of November, 1867. On all payments, including the aforesaid instalment, made before the 1st of June, 1867, discount will be allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum and on all payments made between that date and the 1st of November, 1867, interest will be charged at the same rate.

All stock not paid up in full by the 1st of November, 1867, will be forfeited to the use of the Company. Certificates for the new stock will not be issued until after June 1, 1867, and said stock, if paid up in full, will be entitled to the November dividend of 1867, but to no earlier dividend.

SOLOMON SHEPHERD, Treasurer.
8 30

I RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE friends and acquaintances of my husband, the late FREDERICK LAKEMEYER, that I intend to continue and carry on, on my own account and control, the Restaurant at the corner of EXCHANGE Place and CAREY'S Street, and also the business on SMITH'S ISLAND, both places having been carried on so successfully by the deceased. I flatter myself that I may enjoy, under my management, a share of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late proprietor; promising that nothing shall be wanting on my part to retain and merit the established reputation of both establishments.

9 10 6t MARY LAKEMEYER.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
SEPTEMBER 3, 1866.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of SEVEN DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per Share on the Stock of the Company for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives after the 13th instant.

9 4 9t WILLIAM G. CROWELL, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the WILLOW GLEN PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 427 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia, on MONDAY, October 8, 1866, at 11½ o'clock A. M.

Business of importance will then be submitted, and determined by a stock vote.

9 11 3t JAMES W. CONRAD, President.

MAMMOTH VEIN CONSOLIDATED COAL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 228 DOCK Street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the twelfth day of September, 1866, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers, and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before said meeting.

8 25 15t A. B. ALMAN, Secretary.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Harmless reliable, instantaneous. The only perfect dye. No disappointment, no ridiculous tints, but true to nature, black or brown.

GENUINE IS SIGNED WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR.

Regenerating Extract or Millefleurs restores, preserves, and beautifies the hair, prevents baldness. Sold by all Druggists. Factory No. 81 BARCLAY St., N. Y. 33½

JUST PUBLISHED—By the Physicians of the NEW YORK MUSEUM, the Ninetieth Edition of their FOUR LECTURES, entitled—PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.

To be had free, for four stamps, by addressing Secretary New York Museum of Anatomy, 8 6§ No. 618 BROADWAY, New York.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

D. L. CARPENTER & SON'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 625 ARCH STREET.

D. L. Carpenter, the well-known and experienced Master of Dancing and Calisthenics, respectfully informs Parents and Young Ladies and Gentlemen that his Academy for Private Tuition will reopen for the reception of Scholars on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1866, for the Fall, Winter, and Spring.

Every attention, as heretofore, will be paid to advance his scholars in every particular, and he can be seen punctually at his rooms, No. 625 ARCH Street, daily and nightly.

DAYS OF TUITION FOR LADIES.
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY AFTERNOONS.
FOR YOUNG MISSES AND MASTERS.
TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.
EVENINGS FOR GENTLEMEN.
TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.
PRIVATE EVENINGS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY EVENINGS.
DIRECT PRIVATE TUITION

given in classes or single lessons every morning. Terms, etc., made known at D. L. Carpenter & Son's Academy.

D. L. Carpenter & Son will give their attention to all the latest fashionable dances of the season.

All Galops, Waltzes, Hops, etc., and the many different figures of the GERMAN COTILLION

together, he will teach as usual all round dances and Quadrilles, and, in fact, any dance that may be requested. Scholars can commence at any time during the fall and winter seasons.

PRIVATE COTILLION SOIREES

will be given to scholars and friends at his Rooms this season, as well as a course of Evening Subscription Soirees at the Musical Fund Hall, and a grand Masque Subscription Ball in February; also, his Twenty-second Annual Floral Ball will be given at the Academy of Music this season. Information will be given on application to D. L. Carpenter.

Tickets are ready at his rooms for his Opening Soiree.

CONSTANTINE LEONIDAS CARPENTER, D. L. CARPENTER,
8 27 3m No. 625 ARCH Street.

BOARDING.

NO. 1121 GIRARD STREET Being neatly fitted up, will open for FIRST-CLASS BOARDERS ON THE FIRST OF SEPTEMBER.

Two large Communicating Rooms on the second floor well adapted for a family. 8 25

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES

LILLIE'S CHILLED IRON SAFES

"By Their Works Shall Ye Know Them."

CERTIFICATES!

CHICAGO, April 12, 1866.

Messrs. Murray & Winne:—

Gentlemen:—On Thursday night, the 29th day of March, a gang of burglars visited our manufactory, which is situated in an unfrequented place, near the lake, and made a desperate attempt to open the Lillie's Safe you recently sold us, which, however, resisted all their efforts. The safe bore marks of heavy sledging, but without any effect upon the chilled iron door. The dial of the lock was entirely destroyed, and will require to be replaced by a new one. Their most determined efforts seemed to be in the use of carefully prepared thin steel wedges, twenty of which were driven around the edge of the door, but did not disturb the fastenings of the safe in the least. Although we bought this as one of your common Mercantile Safes, we regard this severe test sufficient to prove it equal to any Burglar proof that can be made, and worthy to be confided in under any circumstances.

Yours respectfully, etc.,
DEGOLYER & BRO.

AN ATTACK ON THE SAFE OF THE TREASURER OF WILL COUNTY, ILL.

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
JOLIET, April 2, 1866.

Messrs Murray & Winne, Agents for Lillie's Safes:—

Gentlemen:—My office was entered on Monday night by some daring burglars, who forcibly opened the outer office door. I have in use a large Lillie's Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safe, which the assacious villains made a desperate attempt to open, using all the form dable tools of old hands at the business. A heavy sledge, and some bars taken from a blacksmith's shop in the neighborhood had been used with much vigor. A number of their steel wedges were driven around and between the doors, without effect. Efforts to drill the safe were entirely futile. In several places the point of the drill had made marks, only to show that the chilled iron was perfectly impenetrable. I send you the one door for repairs.

Yours etc.,
FRED. SEHRING,
Treasurer of Will county, Ill.

ANOTHER FRUITLESS ATTEMPT TO ROB ONE OF LILLIE'S BANK SAFES.

NATIONAL BANK,
SCHUYLERVILLE, N. Y., March 30, 1866.

Messrs. Lillie & Son:—

A desperate attempt was made to rob this Bank on the night of the 15th instant, as you have heard. The particulars are as follows:—The burglars entered the bank by prying open a window; they then tried the vault doors made by you by breaking off the knob and expending what powder they could get in, but doing no damage to the door. They finally succeeded in getting into the vault by digging through a heavy wall. Here they found a foeman worthy of their steel—one of your Burglar proof Safes—as it proved to be. They broke off the knob of the door, and tried in vain to drive in the spindle; they then broke off the handle and dial of the lock, and tried to cut out and to drive in the centre piece but failed as so in all. They then tried with heavy sledges to break in the doors which successfully resisted all their efforts. They evidently worked faithfully all night, as they were seen to leave the village at five o'clock in the morning.

We have received the safe you sent us, and are confident, when locked, the contents are beyond the reach of thieves.

Yours truly,
G. F. WATSON, Cashier

TRIAL OF A SAFE IN THE OFFICE OF C. B AND Q. R. R.

CHICAGO, September 13, 1865.

Murray & Winne, General Agents Lillie's Safes:—

Gentlemen:—The station agent at Downer's Grove reports one of your No. 8 Safes severely tested by burglars. They worked all night at it with drills, wedges and chisels, but the contents were undisturbed, and the safe apparently but little damaged. Please send us one of the same size to replace it, and so another of same size for use at Mendota. Our safe there (of another make) was broken into and plundered.

Yours respectfully,
O. P. PRICE,
Purchasing Agent C. B. and Q. R. R.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10, 1866.

Russell & Erwin, Manufacturers' Agents for Lillie's Safes:—

Gent emen:—The safe referred to in our letter of February 5, as having preserved its contents perfectly from fire, was again subjected to a very severe test by the fire of last Sunday night—one of the most severe fires that has occurred in San Francisco. It was taken from the ruins on Monday, and on opening, all the books and papers were found in perfect condition, not the least sign of fire being visible inside the safe: this being the third time the safe has preserved its contents within the past five months.

J. B. HOLMES & CO.,
Grain and Produce Dealers.

A SAFE TWICE TESTED BY FIRE,

WEST TROY October 5, 1865.

This is to certify that at the fire which took place here September 5 1865, the Lillie's Patent Safe which I had in my office, and which lay in a mass of burning coal melting the brass entirely off, preserved my books papers and money in perfect order, and leaving the safe in condition—except repainting—fit for immediate use.

This safe passed through the great fire in Troy in May, 1862, and then preserved its contents entire.

GEORGE F. MARK,
Superintendent W. Troy Ferry Company.

THE PORTLAND FIRE.

An Unparalleled Test OF LILLIE'S SAFE!

IN THE FIRE FIFTEEN DAYS!

The Second Time the Same Safe Passes the Fiery Ordeal—A Test no Sheet-Iron Safe Can Endure.

CERTIFICATE OF JUDGE FOX.

PORTLAND July 20, 1866.

Messrs Murray & Winne, Agents Lillie's Safes.

Gentlemen:—We had a No. 7 LILLIE'S PATENT CHILLED AND WROUGHT-IRON SAFE in our office, on Exchange street at the time of the great fire of July 4, 1866. The safe was in the second story of the building, and fell to the cellar, where it lay entirely unprotected for 15 days. When digging it out yesterday afternoon, we found the bricks surrounding it too hot to hold in the hand. On opening it this morning we found all the books and papers in a good state of preservation. This safe probably had as severe a test as any in the fire, as Safes of other makers in adjoining buildings had their CONTENTS BURNED TO CINDERS.

This is the SECOND TIME THIS SAFE HAS BEEN TESTED BY FIRE, as it was in the store of F. R. Harris when it was burned in February, 1861, at which time it also preserved its contents.

Our confidence in the fire-proof qualities of LILLIE'S SAFES is increased by unparalleled tests, and we have no doubt of their SUPERIORITY OVER ALL OTHERS.

Yours truly,
EDWARD & FRED FOX.

No safe of Lillie's make was destroyed in this fire, or alled to preserve the contents, which fully endorses the high reputation of these Safes as being the most reliable fire-proof protection made.

The following important facts are most thoroughly demonstrated in the above certificates:—

First. That Lillie's safe stands the *second* fire as well as the first, and both Safe and contents still fit for use, while other Safes are *worthless* after the first fire, and, if the fire is severe, books and papers have to be copied, if preserved at all, and very frequently lost.

Second. That Lillie's Safes are honestly drill-proof perfectly *wedge-proof, powder-proof*, and, in every sense of the word, *burglar-proof*, and, as a further evidence, I assert that there never has been, to this time, one of Lillie's Bank Safes robbed (that is, Safes two inches thick).

A word to the public and to my old friends and patrons:—My motto is, "A nimble sixpence rather than a slow shilling." I have taken a roomy, convenient cheap store, for five years, on Arch street, instead of a dear one on Chesnut. My carriage is done with one horse instead of three horses. Economy and small profits is my motto. The Safe Works are now removed from Troy and in successful operation near Philadelphia, in this State, and I trust hereafter to be able to furnish my patrons, cheaply and promptly, with the best Safes, Vaults, Locks, etc., in the United States or any other country.

M. C. SADLER, Agent
No. 639 ARCH STREET.

P. S.—I notice much has been said latterly about dry filling, alum, etc. I have only to say that usually, and generally, LILLIE'S SAFE is free from dampness, and does not mould books or papers; and will not, if perfectly manufactured, and hereafter all LILLIE'S SAFES fill be warranted not to mould

8 29 sw 10t M. C. SADLER, Agent.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BINGHAM HOUSE,
Eleventh and Market Streets, Philada.

This new and elegant house is now open for the reception of guests, with all the appointments of a first-class Hotel.

CURLIS DAVIS,
9 1 12t PROPRIETOR.

SURF HOUSE,
ATLANTIC CITY.

CHOICE ROOMS can now be had at this favorite House.

W. T. CALEB.

OPEN UNTIL OCTOBER 1. 17

MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
CAPE ISLAND, N. J.

This Hotel being entirely refitted and refurnished in the best manner, IS NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

The house is located near the ocean, and every attention will be given to merit the patronage of the public.

McNUTT & MASON,
6 22 tf PROPRIETORS.

FOR CAPE MAY.

Commencing TUESDAY, August 28, 1866. Trains will leave (Upper Ferry) Market street, Philadelphia, as follows:—

3 P. M., due at Cape Island at 7 P. M.

Returning will leave Cape Island—

8 A. M., due in Philadelphia at 11:37.

Ticket Offices, at Ferry foot of Market street, and No 828 Chesnut street, Continental Hotel.

Persons purchasing tickets of the Agent, at No. 828 Chesnut street, can by leaving orders, have their baggage called for and checked at their residences by Graham's Baggage Express.

6 28 J. VAN RENSSELAER, Superintendent.

PRESERVING CANS AND JARS.

KLINE'S WILLOUGHBY'S, MASON'S, LYMAN'S, PATENT AIR-TIGHT SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS.

All the above Jars we offer to our customers and the public generally, with entire confidence, at the LOWEST Market Price.

A. J. WEIDENER,
1 1m No. 38 S. SECOND Street, Philadelphia.

H. S. FISHER'S PATENT SELF-SEALING PRESERVING CAN.

This celebrated Can has been used by thousands for the last five years, and all who have tried it speak in the highest terms of its superior merits. We venture to assert that it is more reliable, more convenient, and possesses more practical merit, than any other Can in use. It is sealed and unsealed with the greatest ease, a merit of which it particularly boasts. All cans warranted that are put up according to directions. For sale by the manufacturer, at his old Stand, J. S. McMURRIE, No. 809 SPRING GARDEN Street, Philadelphia. 8 20 1mo

SHIRTS, FURNISHING GOODS, &c

J. W. SCOTT & CO.,
SHIRT MANUFACTURERS,
AND DEALERS IN
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 814 CHESNUT Street,
FOUR DOORS BELOW THE "CONTINENTAL,"
8 27 1§D PHILADELPHIA.

PATENT SHOULDER-SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice.

All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS in full variety.

WINCHESTER & CO.,
8 24§ No. 706 CHESNUT Street

STEIGLEDER, TROUT, VOIGT & CO. beg most respectfully to call the attention of the public at large to their newly-invented Patent, THE UNIVERSAL ALARMIST, which, by discharging a percussion cap, made expressly for the purpose, will prove very effectual in the prevention of burglaries, etc.

The following are some of its great advantages:—

1st. Simplicity of construction, cheapness and ease in application, so that a servant or child may set it.

2d. Freedom from danger to persons or property.

3d. Universality of application to any part of a Door, Window, Grating, Shutter, Gate, Garden, Preserve, Fish Pond etc.

4th. It gives a check to burglars by alarming the inmates, neighbors and police.

5th. The mind is relieved from much painful anxiety, in female loneliness or old age, especially when articles of great value are kept in the house.

6th. It is a universal protection to travellers to fasten on chamber doors.

7th. Its construction is simple and not liable to get out of order.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ACCOMPANY EVERY INSTRUMENT.

We have put our article at the low price of ONE DOLLAR, inclusive of 25 caps and it cannot be got cheaper either from us or from our agents. For further particulars inquire of or address,

STEIGLEDER, TROUT, VOIGT & CO., Office, No. 524 WALNUT Street, Room No. 18.

We will send the ALARMIST to any part of the country on receipt of price, and 25 cents extra for postage.

Country Agents wanted. 6 29 3m

USE STARIN'S CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

It cures Worms, Botts, and Colic.

It cures Colds, Coughs, and Hide-Bound.

It is the best alterative for Horses and Cattle now use, having a reputation of 20 years' standing.

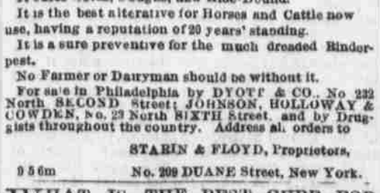
It is a sure preventive for the much dreaded Bindergest.

No Farmer or Dairyman should be without it.

For sale in Philadelphia by DYOTT & CO., No 232 North SECOND Street; JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, No. 23 North SIXTH Street, and by Druggists throughout the country. Address all orders to STARIN & FLOYD, Proprietors,

9 5 6m No. 209 DUANE Street, New York.

WHAT IS THE BEST CURE FOR CORNS, BUNIONS, ETC.?



THEOBALD'S BOOTS,
No. 703 CALLOWHILL STREET,

He makes the Lasts to suit the Feet, and Boots Shoes, etc. etc., to fit the feet. TRY HIM. (8 18 1m

PRIVY WELLS—OWNERS OF PROPERTY—The only place to get Privy Wells cleaned and disinfected at very low prices.

A. PEYSON,
Manufacturer of Poudrette
8 16§ GOLDSMITHS' HALL, LIBRARY Street

LUMBER.

1866.—FLOORING! FLOORING
FLOORING! FLOORING!!
5-4 CAROLINA FLOORING.
4-4 CAROLINA FLOORING.
5-4 VIRGINIA FLOORING.
4-4 VIRGINIA FLOORING.
5-4 DELAWARE FLOORING.
4-4 DELAWARE FLOORING.
ASH AND WALNUT FLOORING.
ASH AND WALNUT FLOORING.
STEP BOARDS.
RAIL PLANK.

1866.—PLASTERING LATHS!
PLASTERING LATHS,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
AT REDUCED PRICES.

1866.—CEDAR AND PINE SHINGLES
CEDAR AND PINE SHINGLES.
No. 1 LONG CEDAR SHINGLES.
No. 1 SHORT CEDAR SHINGLES.
WHITE PINE SHINGLES.
CYPRESS SHINGLES.
FINE ASSORTMENT FOR SALE LOW

1866.—LUMBER FOR UNDERTAKERS!
LUMBER FOR UNDERTAKERS!!
RED CEDAR, WALNUT, AND PINE.
RED CEDAR WALNUT, AND PINE.

1866.—ALBANY LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.
ALBANY LUMBER OF ALL KINDS
SEASONED WALNUT.
SEASONED WALNUT,
DRY POPLAR CHERRY, AND ASH.
OAK PLK. AND BDS.
MAHOGANY.
ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT VENEERS.

1866.—CIGAR-BOX MANUFACTURERS.
CIGAR-BOX MANUFACTURERS.
SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS.
AT REDUCED PRICES.

1866.—SPRUCE JOIST! SPRUCE JOIST!
SPRUCE JOIST! SPRUCE JOIST!
FROM 14 TO 32 FEET LONG.
FROM 14 TO 32 FEET LONG.
SPRUCE SILLS.
HEMLOCK PLANK AND JOIST.
OAK SILLS.
MAULE BROTHER & CO.,
5 22 6mrp No. 2500 SOUTH STREET.

UNITED STATES BUILDER'S MILL,
Nos. 24, 26, and 28 S. FIFTEENTH St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
ESLER & BROTHER,

WOOD MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR BALUSTERS, NEWEL POSTS, GENERAL TURNING SCROLL WORK, ETC.

SHELVING PLANED TO ORDER.

The largest assortment of Wood Mouldings in this city constantly on hand. 7 19 2m

J. C. PERKINS,
LUMBER MERCHANT:
Successor to R. Clark, Jr.,
No. 324 CHRISTIAN STREET.

Constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of Building Lumber. 6 24 §

COAL.

ONE TRIAL SECURES YOUR CUSTOM.

WHITNEY & HAMILTON,
LEHIGH,
SCHUYLKILL,
AND BITUMINOUS
COAL,
No. 935 North NINTH Street,
Above Poplar, East Side. [6 2

JAMES O'BRIEN
DEALER IN
LEHIGH AND SCHUYLKILL COAL.
BY THE CARGO OR SINGLE TON.
Yard, Broad Street, below Fitzwater.

Has constantly on hand a competent supply of the above superior Coal, suitable for family use, to which he calls the attention of his friends and the public generally.

Orders left at No. 205 South Fifth street, No. 32 South Seventeenth street, or through Despatch or Post Office, promptly attended to.

A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF BLACKSMITHS COAL. 7 6§

HAZLETON LEHIGH COAL.
A SPECIALTY.
R. W. PATRICK & CO.,
No. 304 NORTH BROAD STREET,

Would solicit orders for the above Coal, which they have always on hand, together with their celebrated RE-BROKEN SCHUYLKILL COAL.

8 25 smw6m

GEO. A. COOKE'S COAL EMPORIUM
1314 WASHINGTON AV.

IF YOU WANT PERFECT SATISFACTION in every respect, buy the celebrated PRESTON COAL, Egg and Stove sizes, at $7 25 per ton. Also, the genuine EAGLE VEIN COAL, same sizes, same price, and a very fine quality of LEHIGH, Egg and Stove, at $8 00 per ton. I keep nothing but the best. Orders received at No. 114 South THIRD Street. 5 24

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, ETC.

PHILADELPHIA SURGEONS BANDAGE INSTITUTE, No. 14 N. NINTH Street, above Market.—B. O. EVERETT, after thirty years' practical experience, guarantees the skilful adjustment of his Premium Patent Graduating Pressure Truss, and a variety of other Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Brace Crutches, Suspensories, etc. Ladies' apartments conducted by a Lady.

GREAT SAVING OF TIME, LABOR, AND MONEY.
FLANDERS' PATENT PORTABLE CYLINDER BORING MACHINE

Marine and Stationary Engines, Blast Cylinders, Pumps and Corliss Valves bored out without removing them from their present positions.

Engines bored of every size and build, either when vertical, horizontal or inclined, from 10 to 300 horse-power, by removing only one or both heads and piston. This is the only true way to bore a cylinder, as no part of the machinery is moved from its present place, except what is mentioned above. A great amount of time is saved, as the work is

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[*For Additional Local Items see Fifth Page.*]

A WOULD-BE MORMON.—A rather rich case came up before Alderman Lutz yesterday afternoon. Joseph Darypie was charged by his wife (or rather, one of his wives) named Johanna with bigamy. The accused admitted the charge, and was committed in default of $1000 to answer at court. A few points in a brief narrative of the eventful life of the defendant are rather interesting. About fifteen years since he entered into the matrimonial bond with a young woman residing then in Western New York. She had four children, one of them a boy of about fourteen years of age, who was present at the hearing. Five or six years ago, the complaining wife says, the defendant started from home, alleging that he had some business that would require his attention for three weeks. He did not return, and she was left in suspense. Not hearing anything from him, she finally came to the conclusion that he must have departed this life. It appears, however, that he came to Philadelphia, and worked in the Navy Yard for several years, and boarded a portion of the time at the public house of Mr. Peter Bouvier, in that section of the city.

In June, 1864, he was married by the Rev. Mr. Clay to a young woman residing in Penn's Neck, N. J. This marriage ceremony was performed in the city of Philadelphia. Since that eventful period he has been living with his second wife at Penn's Neck, occasionally visiting Philadelphia, and boarding temporarily at the public house aforesaid. By some means or other unknown, the first wife heard of his being in this city. About a week ago she arrived here, and after considerable trouble, vexation, and disappointment, got on his track. She heard that he had been living somewhere near the Navy Yard. She searched the entire vicinity, and finally stopped at his old boarding-house, where she made her business known. Mrs. Bouvier very kindly gave her shelter, and arrangements were made to arrest the delinquent husband.

Officer William Sheer, of the police force, knew the individual. He proceeded to Penn's Neck, and left word there for Darypie to come to Phila delphia and settle a board bill.

Yesterday afternoon he arrived and entering the house of Mrs. Bouvier, desired to see his bill for board.

"Certainly, sir," replied Mrs. Bouvier, who is a shrewd business woman. Upon going to an adjoining room, she returned in a moment bringing with her the woman who claimed him as her husband.

"Here is your bill, sir," said Mrs. Bouvier, introducing the wife. It was an interesting tableau, rendered doubly so by the appearance of an officer with a warrant for his arrest. The prisoner was dumb.

The parties at once proceeded to the office of the magistrate, and the hearing progressed. The wife told her story. The Alderman asked the defendant how long he had been married to the second wife.

Defendant replied:—"Since June 21, 1864."

"Why did you do so?" inquired the Alderman.

"Because she is younger than my other wife."

"Is that your son?" inquired the Alderman, at the same time pointing to the little boy.

"Yes," replied the defendant, "he is my son."

"That will do, sir," responded the magistrate. "You are required to enter bail in the sum of $1000, to take your trial at court." The defendant was committed.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—At a large meeting held in Horticultural Hall on Monday, Mr. J. Hulme received the independent nomination of the conservatives of the Second Congressional District. After the passage of a number of resolutions, a committee was appointed to wait on Mr. Hulme, to inform him of the proceedings of the meeting. The following is Mr. Hulme's reply:—

LA PIERRE HOUSE, September 11, 1866.

Dr. Wilson, C. Swann, Charles Cambios, Samuel W. Ayers, S. Henry Norris, L. P. Ashmead, Colonel William B. Sipes, C. M. Husband, Harvey B. Goddard, J. E. Bazley, and others, Gentlemen:—Without solicitation on my part, it appears that at a meeting of conservative citizens, irrespective of party, held on the 29th of August last, I was unanimously selected as an independent candidate for Congress, to represent the Second District. It also appears that at a Democratic Convention, held on the 4th of September, no Democratic candidate was selected, the Convention endorsing my nomination by the conservatives.

I have so far made no response to such unexpected marks of confidence, but now when a third call is made by independent citizens, who composed your meeting at Horticultural Hall, on the evening of September 10, requesting my consent to serve, I do not see that I can with propriety decline, although, looking to my personal interest, it might be better that I should do so. However, as all owe service to the community, I have decided to accept the nomination, but with the understanding that I make no other pledges than that I will do all in my power to advance the best interests of Philadelphia, the State of Pennsylvania, the whole Union, and an early restoration of good feeling and fellowship amongst all the people of this nation, according to the best of my judgment, without party bias, influence, or prejudice.

I will also add that the establishment of a naval depot at League Island is, in my judgment, of the utmost importance to the city of Philadelphia and the State of Pennsylvania, and, if elected, I shall use my best exertions to promote its adoption by the general Government.

If a knowledge acquired by study of the necessity and means of supporting and advancing the mining, manufacturing, commercial, and industrial interests of Pennsylvania, and Philadelphia its emporium, if a firm determination on my part to do my duty as an independent man, give any guarantee as to the propriety of your choice, you have it.

I tender my sincere thanks for the kind consideration shown to me by all those present at the meetings and conventions that have chosen me as their candidate, and they will please accept this as my reply.

Very respectfully, JOHN HULME.

EMBEZZLEMENT AND CONSPIRACY CASE.—R. Murphy and E. A. Heintz had a final hearing before Recorder Eneu yesterday, on the charge of embezzlement and conspiracy. At a previous hearing, a young man named Williams testified that he had received, on behalf of his brother, Captain Edward Williams, $140 from the defendants on a claim against the State for military service; that the Captain had been ordered to Louisiana with his regiment, and had placed a power of attorney in his hands to receive the money when obtained; that upon calling at the office of the defendants, he had an interview with Mr. Murphy, who told him he had received $190, and that the difference between the $190 and $140 was retained for services in procuring the claim; that he afterwards understood the amount collected to be $355.

Captain Williams was examined yesterday, and testified that he was induced to call upon the defendants owing to statements made by a man named Lowry. Witness had been engaged in raising the Keystone Regiment, and had a claim against the State for services, yet did not suppose he would recover it, because the regiment had not been mustered into the service. When Lowry called upon witness, he was told that the claim could be got through, and that Murphy & Heintz were the only agents who would do it. This induced him to go to the office, and when he did so he found that the papers had been prepared. He then gave Lowry a power of attorney to get the money from defendants, and gave one to his brother. He did not know anything further, except that he received from his brother $140. On the cross-examination the Captain admitted that he brought the prosecution to recover the difference between the amount collected and that received, except a fair sum for compensation.

Defendants produced a receipt for $355, less compensation for services, which was signed by the person who held the power of attorney. The counsel for the defendants argued that there was no evidence of conspiracy, as the witness had not spoken of Mr. Heintz, and he denied that the charge of embezzlement had been made out. The accused were held for trial.

FULL RETURNS OF THE ELECTION FOR ASSISTANT ENGINEERS.—The returns of the election for Assistant Engineers of the Fire Department were made last evening, as follows:—

First Division.—For Terrence McCusker—Delaware Engine, Hope Hose, Marion Hose, Moyamensing Hose, Reliance Engine, Southwark Hose, Washington Engine, Weccacoe Engine, Western Hose, America Hose, Columbia Hose, Dingeut Engine, Fame Hose, Good Will Engine, Hibernia Engine, Perseverance Hose, Philadelphia Engine, Philadelphia Hose, Phœnix Hose, and Warren Hose—21.

For William Butler—Franklin Hose, Good Intent Hose, Hope Engine, Niagara Hose, Shiffler Hose, Southwark Engine, and Schuylkill Hose.

For Joseph H. Logue.—Franklin Engine and Washington Hose.

For F. Maher—Robert Morris Hose.

Second Division.—For George Hensler—Fairmount Hose, Good Will Hose, Humane Hose, Pennsylvania Hose, Assistance Engine, Good Intent Engine, Hand-in-Hand Engine, Kensington Hose, Lafayette Hose, Lincoln Hose, Mechanic Engine, Northern Liberty Hose, Resolution Hose, Spring Garden Hose, Taylor Hose, Tivoli Hose—16.

For Joseph Robinson—Empire Hook and Ladder, Fairmount Engine, Independence Engine, United States Hose, Vigilant Engine, Friendship Engine, Globe Engine, Humane Engine, Ringgold Hose, William Penn Hose, Neptune Hose—11.

For Thomas Brooke—America Engine, Northern Liberty Engine, United States Engine, Independence Hose, South Penn Hose—5.

For E. F. Drunel—Diligent Hose and Western Engine—2.

Third Division.—For Joseph Van Osten—Excelsior Hook and Ladder; Franklin, of Frankford; Liberty, of Holmesburg; Union, of Rising Sun—4. For E. V. O'Neill—Decatur Engine; Rescue Hook and Ladder; Washington, of Frankford—3.

Fourth Division.—For Edward Wright—Congress, of Chesnut Hill; Franklin, of Germantown; Germantown Hose; Good Intent, of Roxborough; Washington, of Germantown; Wissahickon—6. For H. F. Wartman—Columbia, of Germantown; Fellowship, Manayunk Engine, and Mount Airy—4.

Fifth Division.—For James Wilson—Kingsessing Engine, Mantua Hook and Ladder, West Philadelphia Hose—3. For Joseph H. Young—Monroe Engine, Union Hose, West Philadelphia Engine—3.

A CASE OF SWINDLING.—George Blackburn was charged by Mr. Remine, before Recorder Eneu, with the larceny of five dollars, and a further sum of eight hundred dollars. The prosecutor alleges that he made the acquaintance of Blackburn in November last, at the Ridgway House, and that their acquaintance soon grew into a warm friendship. The parties were constantly together, and such confidence had Remine in Blackburn that the latter spent most of his time in the business place of the former, occupying a seat at his desk, keeping his books, and handling his cash. For this service the defendant received no other compensation than an occasional breakfast and drinks at the expense of the prosecutor.

This continued until April or May last, when Remine thought his cash accounts were incorrect, and he suspected Blackburn. On one occasion a Mr. Murphy paid Blackburn a bill of seven dollars and some odd cents. The defendant pocketed the five dollars, and threw the balance into the drawer, but entered upon the book the whole amount received. The prosecutor charged the defendant with this, and demanded to know were the five dollars were. Defendant pulled out a five dollar note, threw it down, and said perhaps that was it. Witness testified that Blackburn subsequently acknowledged that he had purloined eight hundred dollars of Remine's money, for which he was very sorry. Blackburn, on the other hand, had, on frequent occasions, asserted that Remine was largely in his debt.

The defendant was held in the sum of $1000 to appear again on Thursday next. Mr. Shepherd was his surety. Frederick Errickson, Esq., appeared for the prosecution; for the defense, William D. Baker, Esq.

MEETING OF SCHOOL CONTROLLERS.—A stated meeting of the Board of School Controllers was held yesterday, Mr. Hilles in the chair.

Among the communications was one from the Tenth, and another from the Twenty-fifth Section, in opposition to the passage of a law authorizing the admission of pupils from private schools into the Central High School, which was laid on the table. The Board of Directors of the Fifteenth Section asked that the Controllers be requested to appropriate such sums, in addition to the $25,000 already appropriated, as may be necessary to erect a school building on the lot at Twenty-third and Brown streets, according to the plans and specifications already approved. Referred to the Committee on Property, with power to act, provided that the additional appropriation shall not exceed $6000.

The Committee on Central High School recommended John Kern, Esq., for the vacant Professorship of Drawing, and Mr. Kern was elected without opposition.

The Committee on Accounts reported their approval of bills, amounting to $221,318·49, for which warrants were directed to be drawn.

A GOOD MOVE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.—General H. G. Sickel, the Health Officer of this port, has commenced legal proceedings against a number of physicians for refusing or neglecting to return cholera cases, as required by law, to the Health Officer. The Board of Health, on the appearance of the disease in Philadelphia, published the law on the subject, with the request that physicians should report promptly all cases of cholera that came under their treatment, to enable the officers of the Board to thoroughly disinfect the premises where such cases occurred, so as to prevent the spread of the disease in the city. The weekly returns of deaths to the Registration Department show as high as fifty deaths by cholera, which had not been previously reported to the Health Officer.

NOT DEAD.—John Haaslam, the principal witness against the gang of burglars lately captured in this city, an attempt to assassinate whom was made in New York about ten days since, was reported as having died of the injuries received. This report was unfounded, as Mr. Franklin, Chief Detective in this city, has received a telegram from Haaslam, contradicting most emphatically the report of his own death.

ACCIDENTS.—Eugene McCormick, a painter, while at work yesterday at the Academy of Music, fell from a ladder and broke both legs below the knee, besides being injured about the head. He was removed to the Hospital.

Hugh Cuil, a miner of Carbon county, was received into the same institution yesterday, with one of his legs broken, which was done in Carter's coal pit.

—A director of a gas company recently wrote to the London *Times* that the excessive impurity of London gas has a beneficial effect in keeping away the cholera, and that none of the workmen in the metropolitan gas works have ever died of that disease, although their duties expose them to great alternations of heat and cold, and they are notably intemperate. The director, however, is directly contradicted by two different writers. Mr. Simcox Lea, incumbent at one of the churches at Bow, declares that no class of men in his neighborhood have suffered so heavily from the cholera as the class employed in the gas works, and the engineer of the Commercial Gas Company says that his company lost five workmen in the first seven days of the present attack

—The Viceroy of Egypt has determined to abolish polygamy in his family. Henceforth the viceroys will have only one wife, and may only divorce her in case of the failure of male issue.

—The Mohammedan inhabitants of Mazanderan, in Persia, massacred a great number of Jews in that town during the festival of Moharrem, and have compelled the rest to adopt Mohammedanism.

—The crews of the Italian navy went into Naples hungry, ragged, and poor. The people clothed, fed, entertained, and sent them on their way rejoicing.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.—CHESNUT Street, above Twelfth.
WM. E. SINN & CO.....Lessees.
Doors open at 7 15. Curtain rises at 8.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, September 12,
EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.
EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.
EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.
First night of an
ENTIRELY NEW PLAY,
ENTIRELY NEW PLAY,
ENTIRELY NEW PLAY,
in five acts, in which
The Distinguished Lyric Tragedienne,
VESTVALI,
VESTVALI,
VESTVALI,
VESTVALI,
will appear, and entitled
A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE,
A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE,
A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE,
A MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE,
with New Scenery, among which may be named
THE COUNTERFEITER'S WORK-SHOP.
THE ENTIRE NEW COMPANY
will appear in the cast
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, September 15,
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET THEATRE. Begins at quarter to 8 o'clock.
FULL AND FASHIONABLE HOUSES.
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE.
THIRD NIGHT—A NEW BILL.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, September 12,
Lover's Glorious Drama of
RORY O'MORE,
and the Protean piece entitled
MR. RIP. HEVOUS ANNIE.
Mr and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE
appear in seven different characters, with songs and dances.
FRIDAY—Benefit of W. J. FLORENCE.
In Rehearsal—INCHAVOGUE.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.—N. E. corner of NINTH and WALNUT Streets.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, September 12,
Third Night of the Distinguished Artists,
MR. FRANK MAYO
AND
MRS. AGNES PERRY,
who will appear as
HENRI DESART AND EMELIE,
in the Grand Romantic Drama entitled
ST. TROPEZ;
OR,
THE MISTAKE OF A LIFE,
and as
RUY GOMEZ AND THE COUNTESS,
in the Beautiful Drama of
FAINT HEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY.

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE—WALNUT Street, above Eighth.
H. A. EARNSHAW.....Sole Lessee and Manager.
NEW ATTRACTIONS.
THIS EVENING,
Last Night of the highly Successful Engagement of the Young, Beautiful, and Gifted
WORRELL SISTERS,
SOPHIE, IRENE, AND JENNIE,
FRA DIAVOLO
Fra Diavolo.....Miss SOPHIE WORRELL
Zerlina.....Miss IRENE WORRELL
Lady Adcash.....Miss JENNIE WORRELL
To be followed by the Comic Drama entitled
CROSSING THE LINE.
To conclude with the Nautical Drama entitled
BLACK EYED SUSAN.
Friday Evening—Benefit of Miss JENNIE WORRELL.
GRAND MATINEE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

ROBERT HELLER'S
"SALLE DIABOLIQUE."
ASSEMBLY BUILDING—LARGE HALL
A DECIDED SUCCESS—SECOND WEEK.
Heller's New Spectral Illusion or Pantomime (first nights).
"PLAYING WITH GHOSTS."
An entire change of every act this week.
MATINEE—SATURDAY, at 2S o'clock.
Evening—Doors open at 7. Commence at 8.
Admission 50 cents; secured seats, 75 cents. 9 10 6t

NEW ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE, ELEVENTH Street, above CHESNUT.
"THE FAMILY RESORT"
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS,
the Great Star Troupe of the World, in their GRAND BURLESQUES, SONGS, DANCES, NEW BURLESQUES and PLANTATION SCENES.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commencing at 8 o'clock.
8 20 3m J. L. CARNCROSS, Manager.

VALER'S (LATE MILLER'S) WINTER GARDEN—Nos 720-726 VINE Street,
GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS
NIGHTLY.
By two large and efficient Orchestras.
TO-NIGHT,
And EVERY NIGHT, in connexion with our
EXCELSIOR STRING BAND,
a Brass Band, comprising the best Artists in the city will perform.
OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
Our spacious summer Garden, artistically laid out with Shrubbery, Fountains etc.
IN THE LADIES' SALOON,
Especially set apart for FAMILIES, the best of Creams and other Refreshments will be served. 6-16§

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FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN, AND CHILDREN,
N. E. COR. OF NINTH AND ARCH STREETS.
The Institute, which again has been greatly improved for the coming season, is now open for subscriptions all day and evenings.
Bodily exercise imparts health and strength, and is highly recommended to both sexes and all ages.
Terms for Instruction 3 months.....$8 00
Terms for self-practice, 3 months.....$5 00
For particulars send for a circular or give us a call.
8 20 3m Professors BILLEBRAND & LEWIS

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DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS,
THROAT, LUNG, AND CHEST DISEASES
CATARRH AND ASTHMA,
Disordered Functions of
THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS
MORBID AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER,
WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL
DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM,
Treated with unprecedented success by
DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,
No. 1031 WALNUT Street.
The following GENTLEMEN, who have lately been cured under the treatment of Dr. VON MOSCHZISKER, have kindly permitted him to refer to them, and they would gladly bear testimony to the amount of BENEFIT derived from his TREATMENT:—
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—— SHOEMAKER, Esq., No. 205½ Walnut street.
ALAN WOOD, Jr., Esq., No. 519 Arch street.
C. B. GREEN, Esq., No. 25 North Seventh street.
C. J. HOLLOWAY, Esq., No 505 Market street.
J. COOPER, Esq., No 3 North Front street.
Dr. DAVIDSON, N. W. corner of Ninth and Chesnut streets.
General KILBURN, U. S. A., Girard street.
T. W. WEENLY, Esq., U. S. Assessor of the Second District.
T. HARY, Esq., President of the Nineteenth Ward Public Schools.
Rev. S. G. HARE, Philadelphia Conference.
Hundreds of other names, all persons who would be carefully conscientious to whom they would permit the indorsement of their names can be examined at his OFFICE, No. 1031 WALNUT Street.

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Dr. VON MOSCHZISKER asserts with the utmost confidence that his system of treating LUNG THROAT, CHEST Diseases, CATARRH, ASTHMA and all maladies of the digestive organs, by the use of the ATOMIZER, is the only reliable one. Since the introduction of this system cases have been brought to his office, No 1031 WALNUT Street in which every other possible means have been fruitlessly employed, but readily yielded to his treatment
The ATOMIZER and ATTARATUS constructed on scientific principles, which, by a mechanical arrangement, either by atmospheric pressure or steam, converts any medicine into a fine SPRAY, and readily conveys it into the BRONCHIAL TUBES or LUNGS with the RESPIRATORY CURRENT. The medicines submitted to the action of this APPARATUS lose nothing of their CURATIVE VALUE, as in other preparations, but are received into the RESPIRATORY ORGANS in their full MEDICINAL STRENGTH
SURGICAL OPERATIONS ON THE EYE.
ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS on the Eyes, such as Cataracs, Artificial Pupil, Cross Eyes, etc., skilfully performed. 7 25rp

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THE GOVERNMENT HAVING granted me letters-patent for my mode of administering Nitrous Oxide Gas, by which I have extracted many thousands of Teeth without pain, I am justified in asserting that it is both safer and superior to any other now in use.
DR. C. L. MUNNS
21 6m No. 731 SPRUCE Street.

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THE PERUVIAN
SYRUP
IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE
PROTOXIDE OF IRON
A new discovery in medicine which
STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE,
By supplying the Blood with its VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON.
This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, CHILLS AND FEVERS HUMORS, LOSS OF CONSTITUTIONAL VIGOR, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
And all diseases originating in a
BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD,
Or accompanied by Debility or a low state of the system
Being free from Alcohol in any form its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.
DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.
From the Venerable Archdeacon SCOTT, D. D.
"DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.
* * * I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of more than years' standing."
"I have been so wonderfully benefited in the three short weeks during which I have used the Peruvian Syrup that I can scarcely persuade myself of the reality. People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me." * * *
A CASE OF 27 YEARS' STANDING CURED.
From INSLEY JEWETT, No 15 Avon Place, Boston
"I have suffered, and sometimes severely, for 27 years, from dyspepsia. I commenced taking the Peruvian Syrup, and found immediate benefit from it. In the course of three or four weeks I was entirely relieved from my sufferings, and have enjoyed uninterrupted health ever since."
One of the most distinguished Jurists in New England writes to a Friend as follows:—
"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a new man of me; in used into my system new vigor and energy: I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years."
An eminent Divine of Boston says:—
"I have been using the PERUVIAN SYRUP for some time past; it gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits elasticity of muscle."
Thousands have been changed, by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures to strong, healthy and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.
A pamphlet of 32 pages containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent FREE to any address.
See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass.
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All Medical Men agree that IODINE is THE BEST REMEDY for scrofula and all kindred diseases ever discovered The difficulty has been to obtain a PURE SOLUTION of it
DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER
Is a Pure Solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!
Containing A FULL GRAIN to each ounce of water.
A MOST POWERFUL VITALIZING AGENT AND RESTORATIVE.
It has cured and will cure SCROFULA in all its manifold forms,
ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS, SALT RHEUM,
And it has been used with astonishing success in case of RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, CONSUMPTION, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, HEART, LIVER, and KIDNEY DISEASES, etc
Circulars will be sent FREE to any one sending their address.
Price $5 00 a bottle, or 6 for $5 00.
Prepared by Dr. H. ANDERS, Physician and Chemist
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WISTAR'S BALSAM
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WILD CHERRY
HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY
HALF A CENTURY,
WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS, IN CURING
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT
INFLUENZA, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP,
LIVER COMPLAINT, BRONCHITIS,
DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING,
ASTHMA, AND EVERY
AFFECTION OF
THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.
CONSUMPTION,
Which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the Physicians to a greater extent than any other malady, often
YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY
When all others prove ineffectual.
AS A MEDICINE,
RAPID IN RELIEF, SOOTHING IN EFFECT, IN ITS OPERATION
IT IS UNSURPASSED!
While as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients poisons, or minerals; uniting skill, science, and medical knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom; for this class of disease, it is
INCOMPARABLE!
And is entitled, merits and receives the general confidence of the public.
SEYMOUR THATCHER M. D.,
Of Herman, N. Y., writes as follows:—
"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a Cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, THUS REMOVING THE CAUSE, INSTEAD OF DRYING UP THE COUGH, AND LEAVING THE CAUSE BEHIND. I consider the Balsam as good as any, if not the best Cough medicine with which I am acquainted."
From Hon. Judge SPRAKER, of Canajoharie, N. Y.
Gentlemen:—This is to certify that myself and family have used DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for several years, and that I take great pleasure in recommending it in preference to anything of the kind or the purposes for which it is intended. In cases of *Asthma, Phthisis*, or Affections of the *Throat*, I have never met with anything equal to it.
Very respectfully, DAVID SPRAKER
The Rev. JACOB SECHLER, of Hanover, Pa.,
Well known and much respected among the German population in this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted:—
Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it.
JACOB SECHLER
PRICE, ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.
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HEALS OLD SORES, FLESH WOUNDS, ETC.
It is prompt in action, remove pain at once, and reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic—thus affording relief, and a complete cure
Only 25 cents a box! (Sent by mail for 35 cents.)
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FREIGHT,
INLAND INSURANCES
On Goods by River, Canal, Lake and Land to all parts of the Union
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On Merchandise generally
On Stores, Dwelling Houses, etc
ASSETS OF THE COMPANY
November 1, 1865.

$100,000	United States 5 per cent loan '71	$95 000 00
120,600	" 6 " '81	128 100 00
200 000	" 7 3 10 per cent. loan Treasury Notes	94,375 00
100 000	State of Pennsylvania Five Per Cent. Loan	90,555 00
54,000	State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan	53,250 00
25 000	City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent. Loan	112,812 50
20,000	Pennsylvania Railroad First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	20,000 00
25,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Second Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	23,750 00
25,000	Western Pennsylvania Railroad Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds	23,750 00
15.000	300 Shares Stock Germantown Gas Company, principal and interest guaranteed by the City of Philadelphia	13,537 50
7,150	143 Shares Stock Pennsylvania Railroad Company	8,580 00
5,000	100 Shares Stock North Pennsylvania Railroad Company	3,250 00
40 000	Deposit with United States Government, subject to ten days' call	40 000 00
30,000	State of Tennessee Five Per Cent. Loan	18,900 00
170,700	Loans on Bonds and Mortgage first liens on City Property	170,000 00
$1,036,850	Par. Market value	$996,560 00
	Real Estate	35,000 00
	Bills receivable for insurances made	21,013 37
	Balances due at Agencies:—Premiums on Marine Policies, Accrued Interest and other debts due the Company	40,511 44
	Scrip and Stock of sundry insurance and other Companies, $1133. Estimated value	2 910 00
	Cash in Banks	355 956 89
	Cash in Drawer	678 48
		56,635 37
		$1,253 630-18

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This company continues to write on *Fire Risks* only, its capital, with a good surplus, is safely invested.
701
Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than
$500,000
Disbursed on this account within the past few years.
For the present the office of this company will remain at
No. 415 WALNUT STREET,
But within a few months will remove to its OWN BUILDING
N. E. CORNER SEVENTH AND CHESNUT STREETS.
Then as now, we shall be happy to insure our patrons at such rates as are consistent with safety.
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1829—CHARTER PERPETUAL
FRANKLIN
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$2,506,851·96.

Capital	$400 000 00
Accrued Surplus	944,843 12
Premiums	1,162,008 84
UNSETTLED CLAIMS,	$11 467 53.
INCOME FOR 1866	$310 000.

LOSSES PAID SINCE 1829 OVER
$5,000,000.
Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms.
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FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.—THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Incorporated 1825—Charter Perpetual—No 510 WALNUT Street, opposite Independence Square.
This Company, favorably known to the community for over forty years, continue to insure against loss or damage by fire on Public or Private Buildings, either permanently or for a limited time. Also on Furniture, Stocks of Goods, and Merchandise generally, on liberal terms.
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The Company has been in active operation for more than SIXTY YEARS, during which all losses have been promptly adjusted and paid.
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Evening Telegraph

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(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,

No. 108 S. Third Street.

Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), or Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Per Annum; One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1866.

New Jersey All Right at Last.

We have had a hard time to secure the deserved and legitimate fruits of our victory last autumn; but, thanks to perseverance and Mr. Scovel's conscience, we have won at last. Yesterday the Legislature, by a strictly party vote, adopted the Constitutional amendment, which was certified to by the Governor, and at once transmitted to the Department of State. The assertion made by the agent of the Associated Press, that Governor Ward immediately gave his assent to the amendment, is evidently an error. The Governor had nothing to do with the matter whatever.

The adoption by New Jersey of the amendment renders its ultimate ratification almost certain. It was held, in the case of the abolition of slavery, that the time allowed for the ratification extends through all eternity. Whenever in the future the requisite twenty-seven States shall give their consent, the proposition becomes the supreme law of the land. Already we are sure of twenty-four States, not including Delaware, Virginia, or Kentucky, or any of the late Rebel States, with the exception of Tennessee, which has already given her assent. We need, therefore, but three more States, and those three will be secured. The advance of public sentiment will lift the dead wrecks of the ship of state upon its waves and hurl them forward. The order of the age is progress. Ten years ago, to be an abolitionist was to be an object of contempt and calumny; to-day, to be a pro-slavery man is to stamp yourself a mark for ridicule, and a political, if not a mental dotard.

That same spirit which has shown the nation the error of its ways in regard to one form of oppression, will show it the right path to lead it out of the slough of prejudice in another. We are suffering under a grave injustice, an injustice consented to in that spirit of compromise which has ever been the curse of this country. We have not followed the path of right; we have bowed to the idol of expediency, and truly, "whoever sacrifices principles for peace deserves to lose both peace and principles." It was this cringing spirit of subservience which made us let property in men be represented, when we refused property in cattle a like advantage, and now that yielding to arrogance has come back upon ourselves. Our votes are neutralized by the votes of Rebels, and it requires but half as many Rebel votes to defeat us as we possess ourselves. And to day the men who have conquered the Rebels with the bayonet acknowledge one Rebel as equal to two of them. It is to prevent this gross injustice, this flagrant insult to every Northern man, that we are marching on, and have no fear for the result.

The session of the Legislature of New Jersey adjourned until Monday, when it will meet again, and on the succeeding day elect Hon. Alexander G. Cattell United States Senator. The law passed at the last session of Congress, in May, providing for a uniform method of holding elections for Senators in the States, provides that the election shall be held at noon on the second Tuesday of the session. The Democracy, reduced to desperation, have seized on the shallow pretext of declaring that the day for such election is passed, that it occurred on the second Tuesday of January Even if we grant that this is but a continuation of the same session, which it undoubtedly is not, still their argument would have no effect. The Constitution expressly forbids an *ex post facto* law; and by what right could a law passed in May affect an event which it declares was only legal if it occurred on a day already past by some four months? It could have no binding force whatever. Hence on Tuesday the well-earned fruits of our battle will be garnered, and Mr. Cattell made Senator. We have already expressed ourselves in regard to that gentleman's qualifications. He is an able business man, a high-toned, honorable gentleman, and one thoroughly fitted to fill the high post of Senator. The rapidly failing health of Senator Wright leads us to fear that there will be another vacancy, in which case, while mourning the loss of a genial gentleman, we will rejoice to see New Jersey represented by two loyal Union Senators.

"That's Wisdom."—The immortal "Jack Bunsby" has, we surmise, assumed an editorial position on the *Age*, and gives us this morning some of those "chunks" of wisdom for which he is famous. In speaking of the Maine election, our contemporary, under a show of candor, seeks to gain credit for admitting a fact which is patent to even the dullest intellect—that the Democrats have sustained an overwhelming defeat. It further assumes a "hollow mockery of mirth," and thus explains the cause:—

"That we have been beaten, we cannot deny. As journalists determined in every instance to present the truth, we will not attempt to disguise our defeat, nor endeavor to cover it up with faint excuses or shallow apologies. What causes led to our discomfiture we cannot now enumerate; and we broach no other theory upon the subject at present except the general, and *perhaps* the most truthful one, *that we had not votes enough to carry any of our candidates.* That explanation may not be consolatory, it is true, but that it *verges closely upon fact*, the most disappointed and disconsolate cannot help admitting."

This explanation is almost on a par with the cause of the decease of the veritable "Cock Robin." He died for want of breath.

Maine—Better and Better.

We at first feared that the news from Maine was too good to be true, but more recent advices seem to show that we rather under than over-estimated the triumph. A despatch from the Chairman of the State Central Committee to the New York *Tribune* says:—

"Augusta, Me., September 11.—Fuller returns largely increase the Union majority in this State. It will reach Thirty Thousand, and the closest Congressional district is carried by Four Thousand. Our majority is vastly larger than ever was gained in Maine before by any party, and is nearly double the average Union majority of the past years. James G. Blain,
"Chairman Union State Central Committee."

From this it will be seen that we have four thousand more than we dared say yesterday, and eight thousand more than we had last year, or hoped for this. Let it be remembered that this result was achieved by work. The constant contact of leading minds with the masses, the endless instilling of truth, have caused our victory there; and the same influence will give us an equal triumph in this State.

The moral effect of this victory is really astonishing. It has carried terror, and in many cases despair, into the conservative ranks. Some seek shallow excuses to palliate their rout, others own it was indeed a terrible defeat, but are willing to continue the fight. The New York *Herald* hangs out the white flag, and surrenders at discretion. It is in simple despair. It says in its leading editorial to-day:—

"And so we find the generous and acceptable restoration policy of the President turned into contempt by squads of Southern vagabonds, here and there, playing into the hands of Northern radicals and fanatics in such scenes of lawlessness and bloody violence as those of Memphis and New Orleans. Such ghastly scenes of disorder are, we are satisfied, as revolting to the masses of the Southern people as to the people of the North; but in the stubborn fact that such scenes are enacted in Southern cities with the connivance of the local authorities, and that the guilty parties escape without punishment, the Northern mind is naturally drawn to the conclusion that President Johnson's magnanimity is thrown away, and that the intractable spirit of the Rebellion still prevails throughout the South.

"If the moral effects, therefore, shall prove to be the triumph of the stringent radical policy of exclusion, against the President's generous and conciliatory policy of Southern restoration, the Southern people may charge it to those vicious and rebellious elements among themselves which Southern political leaders have permitted to be used by Northern radical agitators for their party purposes.

"Whatever may have been the real causes, however, operating to bring about the extraordinary results of this Maine election, *it is too decisive against the Democracy and conservatives to be limited to Maine. We apprehend that, as in all our political contests of the past of a national character, the result in Maine indicates the general drift of the elections coming after it throughout the Northern States. The prospect now of a conservative majority in the next Congress is very doubtful; the prospect of another radical Congress is better than it has appeared at any time since December last.* In short, this Maine election of 1866 will probably mark another new chapter in our political history, and perhaps another reorganization of parties and another reconstruction of party platforms for the Presidential election, beginning with the close of the coming elections of October and November."

Another Astounding Fraud.—It seems to us that some means should be devised by which the Government might be protected against such wholesale frauds as those to which it is continually subjected. The New York *Post* yesterday gave the particulars of one by which a million dollars were quietly removed from the national vaults, and appropriated by "two enterprising young men." It is the old story of Government officers giving receipts for what was never received. A feeling of delicacy, we suppose, leads the *Post* to withhold the names of the "enterprising young men." We need two additional protections:—First, a more rigorous system of examination, by which not a single man may act as a check, but a series of checks be secured; second, a strict and criminal prosecution and punishment of the guilty parties when detected. These two remedies would, we think, prevent the evil.

The fact that after the lapse of years the fraud was only discovered by one of the culprits turning State's evidence, caused some natural suspicion as to how many like frauds have occurred in which there was no quarrelling among the thieves. Millions upon millions may have been stolen, and now the only remedy is to have all the accounts reaudited, and as soon as a felony is discovered to make a rigid example of the criminals.

The Mileage Question.—President Johnson stated that the radical Congress increased its own pay $2000 a head, but refused to give a proper bounty to soldiers. The President is in error in his statement, as it implies that a vast sum was added to the perquisites of the members by the bill. This was not the case. The mileage was reduced to one-half of its present amount, and the sums thus received were divided among the members more equally. It used to be that the Western members, many of whom were mere nullities in the House, would receive $12,000 mileage, while Eastern members would get $200, and do all the work. To equalize the pay, an increase of regular salary and a reduction of mileage were agreed upon. So far as the real additional outlay is concerned, the sum is too insignificant to be fought over.

Our Credit Abroad.—That the European capitalists have at last perceived the advantages of American securities seems evident. The unprecedented flow of gold to our shores is the best proof that our bonds are being absorbed. We require no quotation on the 'Change to tell us that they are rising On the 10th instant the steamer *City of Boston*, from Liverpool, brought over $250,000, and the *Hermann*, from Southampton, brought $310,000. Then we have the information by the cable, that on the 8th of September the *Jura* sailed from that port with nearly $1,500,000 in gold among her precious freight. At this rate the term spasmodic will hardly apply to this returning tide in gold; but it must be attributed to some general and important reaction abroad in favor of American securities and investments. Meantime our increased receipts of gold from California, Arizona, etc., are equally remarkable. Our receipts from San Francisco since January of this year have been over $20,000,000, against $12,000,000 for the same period last year.

The careful policy of our able Secretary of the Treasury has not only received universal encomiums at home, but is already being felt abroad, and causing additional confidence in our finances, when so able a man is at their head.

Union Delegates in New York.—The Empire City seems determined to outrival Philadelphia in its cordial welcome to the Southern Union delegates. The vast crowd which filled the Cooper Institute and surged around its walls, bid God-speed to the tried men of the South. Peter Cooper presided, and the first men of the metropolis acted as Vice-Presidents. Stirring speeches were made, wild enthusiasm prevailed, and the whole demonstration was a far grander one than we had hoped for from the city which gives a Democratic majority of 30,000 votes. It is, however, but a sign of the times.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

(*See the Second Page for additional Special Notices.*)

☞ MUJAVIRO.—WE COPY THE FOLLOWing meritorious notice of this most delicious perfume from Forney's *Press*:—

Mujaviro.—This delicious new perfume for the handkerchief, is without a rival for delicacy, durability, and richness. In fact, of all perfumes the fragrant Mujaviro (or Russian origin) may be called the quintessence. For sale by all the principal druggists. (7 14 6m4p

☞ NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.—JOY, COE & CO., N. E. corner of FIFTH and CHESNUT Streets, Philadelphia, and TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, New York, are agents for the "TELEGRAPH," and for the Newspapers of the whole country.
7 30 6m4p JOY, COE & CO.

☞ UNION LEAGUE HOUSE,
Broad Street,
Philadelphia, September 10, 1866.

The citizens of Philadelphia are hereby informed that

JUDGE J. R. G. PITKIN,
Of Louisiana, will address them at
NATIONAL HALL,
MARKET STREET, BELOW THIRTEENTH,
On Wednesday Evening Next, 12th Inst.,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

N. B.—Ladies are especially invited to attend.

By order of the Committee on Public Meetings.

James H. Orne, Chairman.
Charles S. Ogden, Secretary. (9 10 3t

☞ HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES.
September 11, 1866.

Order No. 4.

I. The Members of the Club will assemble at the Hall on Wednesday Evening, at 8 o'clock, for parade.

II. Captains will form their Companies as designated on "*Bulletin Board*" in the Hall.

III. Torches MUST be returned to the Hall.

By order of George Truman, Jr.,
9 11 2t Marshal.

☞ UNION LEAGUE HOUSE.
Philadelphia, September 11, 1866.

Members of the Union League are informed that the Restaurant Department will be opened this day.

By order of the House Committee.
9 11 George H. Boker, Secretary.

☞ FOR ALDERMAN,
FIFTH WARD.
9 12 1ml
WILLIAM W. DOUGHERTY.

☞ NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.
Philadelphia, September 11 1866.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on MONDAY, September 17, instant, at 3½ o'clock P. M., in Room No 3, second floor of the Banking House, to consider an amendment to the Articles of Association increasing the number of Directors.

By order of the Board.
9 12 4t W. H. RHAWN, President.

☞ OFFICE HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 258 S. THIRD Street.
Philadelphia, September 12, 1866.

A Meeting of the Bondholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No 258 S. THIRD Street, on THURSDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D., 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of advising as to the sale of a portion of the mineral lands of the Company.

By order of the Board.
9 12 7t J. P. AERTSEN, Secretary.

☞ NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

PHALON'S "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by 6 13 w3
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON S—TAKE NO OTHER.

FALL STYLE HATS.
THEO. H. M'CALLA,
Hat and Cap Emporium,
9 13m4p]
No. 804 CHESNUT Street.

THIRD STREET STORES
FOR SALE.

THOSE FIVE-STORY BRICK STORES,
Nos. 410 and 412 North THIRD St.,
ADJOINING SPREAD EAGLE HOTEL.
Granite Pavements, Fire proof, etc. Possession in October.

HENRY T. COLEMAN,
9 11 3t4p No. 134 South SIXTH STREET.

MARBLED SLATE MANTLES.
SLATE WORK of every description on hand, or done to order.
PLAIN SLATE AND TILES always on hand.
J. B. KIMES & CO.,
9 12s Nos. 2126 and 2128 CHESNUT Street.

DRY GOODS.

EDWIN HALL & CO.,
No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
HAVE NOW OPEN UPWARDS OF
THIRTY CASES
OF
SILKS,
FRENCH PLAID POPLINS,
PLAIN SILK AND WOOL POPLINS,
ALL-WOOL POPLINS,
FANCY STYLE POPLINS,
SILK FACE POPLINS,
FINE FRENCH MERINOES,
PLAID MERINOES,
NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,
FINE CLOAKING CLOTHS, ETC.,
OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION,
Which, with the selections made from other sources, makes our Stock one of the most desirable in the country. 9 1 6t4p

EDWIN HALL & CO.,
No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
WILL OPEN THIS MORNING
Direct from the Manufacturers, Dublin, Ireland,
THREE CASES
OF
"PIMS" BROS.,
CELEBRATED IRISH POPLINS,
In the Three Qualities of the Plain Goods, and all the New Styles of the Plaids.
9 10 mwf3t4p

GLEN ECHO MILLS,
CERMANTOWN.

McCALLUMS, CREASE & SLOANE,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
CARPETINGS.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT,
No. 509 CHESNUT Street.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT,
No. 519 CHESNUT Street,
OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL. (9 12 2m

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
ATLANTIC CITY,
WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
9 12 6rp]
BROWN & WOELPPER

THE SPRUCE AND PINE STREETS RAILWAY.
TRUNK LINE.

This Road now, in addition to its main line on Spruce and Pine streets, passes through the entire western portion of the city. Passengers from the extreme northwest at Fairmount Park and along the entire route to the extreme southwest at Gray's Ferry, can take the cars on Twenty-second and Twenty third streets and the Gray's Ferry Road, and be carried through, via Spruce street, to the Exchange for a
SINGLE FARE.

In addition to the several Parks and the beautiful scenery along the Schuylkill front there are many objects of interest along this route to make it attractive The road is splendidly equipped, the cars being nearly all entirely new, and always kept clean and comfortable.

Cars leave the Exchange every few minutes during the day, and every hour after midnight. 9 10 1m

EVANS & WATSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES.
DESIGNED FOR
Bank, Mercantile, or Dwelling-House Use
Established Over 25 Years.
Over 24,000 Safes in Use.
The only Safes with Inside Doors.
Never Lose their Fire-Proof Quality.
Guaranteed free from Dampness.
Sold at Prices Lower than other makers.
WAREROOMS:
No. 811 CHESNUT Street,
PHILADELPHIA. (9 5 5p

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.—MR. SARGENT will return to the city and resume business September 1. Orders received as usual at MASON & CO.'S., No. 307 Chesnut street. 8 17 1m rp

FINANCIAL.

A DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.

We Offer for Sale a Limited Amount of
BONDS
OF THE
Pennsylvania Railroad Company,
HAVING FIVE YEARS TO RUN
AND
BEARING INTEREST AT
Six Per Cent., Payable January and July,
FREE FROM ALL GOVERNMENT AND STATE TAXES.

Convertible at Option of Holder any time before Maturity into their CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE LOAN.

DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South THIRD St.
9 10 tf

FIRST-CLASS BONDS.
SEVEN PER CENT.
North Missouri First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds,
ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT
85,

Before consenting to this Agency, we have made a careful examination of the merits of these Bonds, by sending Wm. Milnor Roberts, and others to report upon the condition and prospects of the Railroad. Their report is on file at our office and is highly satisfactory. We do not hesitate to recommend these Bonds as being a first-class security, and a most safe and judicious investment.

The above Bonds are rapidly passing out of our hands, and as we expect to raise the price shortly, we advise all who desire them to call promptly.

All information cheerfully given.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 114 South THIRD St.
PHILADELPHIA (9 10 12t

CONNECTING RAILROAD BONDS.

The undersigned offer for sale a limited amount of the Mortgage Bonds of the Connecting Railroad Company. These bonds are secured by a MORTGAGE OF ONE MILLION DOLLARS upon the railroad connecting the PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD with the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, and the payment of the principal and the interest FREE OF STATE TAX is GUARANTEED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY. They have also the ADDITIONAL SECURITY OF A LEASE OF THE ROAD, IN PERPETUITY, TO THE PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD COMPANY, at a rent equivalent to SIX PER CENT. INTEREST UPON THE ENTIRE COST OF THE ROAD; this lease to take effect immediately upon the completion of the road, early in the ensuing year. The fulfilment of the conditions of the lease is further GUARANTEED BY THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD COMPANY, THE DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL COMPANY, AND THE NEW JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, thus making these eminently a FIRST-CLASS SECURITY IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

C. & H. BORIE,
No. 1 MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN,
9 6 12trp S. E. COR. DOCK AND WALNUT.

AUGUST SEVEN-THIRTIES
CONVERTED INTO 5-20s.
STERLING, LANE & CO.,
9 6 1*5p No. 110 South THIRD Street.

GROCERIES, ETC.

OLD AFRICAN COFFEE,
SMALL BEAN,
GENUINE MOCHA COFFEE,
GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE,
FOR SALE BY
JAMES R. WEBB,
8 14s EIGHTH and WALNUT Streets.

MITCHELL & FLETCHER,
Importers and Dealers in Fine Groceries,
No. 1204 CHESNUT STREET,
Would respectfully state that no further interruption to their business will occur in consequence of the fire in the upper part of their establishment on the morning of the 6th inst., and are now ready to fill orders for their friends and the public, and will be thankful for their patronage. 9 11 6t

PRUNES.
VERY FINE LARGE PRUNES,
IN LARGE AND SMALL CANS.
'Our Own Importation.
FOR SALE BY
SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,
4 14 6p] S. W. cor. BROAD and WALNUT.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of MARY L. HAINES, alias MARY L. AUSTIN, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the account of JOHN F. METZ, Administrator of the estate of said decedent and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, September 24 1866, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the Wetherill House, in the city of Philadelphia.

s 9 12wfm5t WILLIAM M. BULL, Auditor.

INSTRUCTION.

CRITTENDEN'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
AN INSTITUTION DESIGNED TO AID
YOUNG MEN
IN ACQUIRING
A Practical Business Education.

This Institution offers advantages for a thorough and practical business education, which are the highest order. Its increasing prosperity attests the estimation in which it is held by the business community. Within the past year Seven Hundred and Sixteen Students were in attendance, an excess of thirty-seven over any previous year.

The College occupies three stories of the large building at the northeast corner of SEVENTH and CHESNUT Streets which has recently been much enlarged, and will be fitted up with every convenience and improvement necessary for acquiring a complete commercial education.

The branches taught are limited to those which are specially requisite for business purposes A fair knowledge of the common English branches is all that is necessary to be qualified to enter the College. The Course of Instruction includes—

BOOK-KEEPING,
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
PENMANSHIP,
COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS,
BUSINESS FORMS,
COMMERCIAL LAW,
TELEGRAPHING,
MATHEMATICS,
PHONOGRAPHY, ETC.

Each student is taught separately, and can pursue any or all of the above studies as he may desire. Applicant are received at any time, and can attend at such hours as may be most convenient.

Those who enter during August are allowed a discount of twenty per cent. off regular terms.

Catalogues containing full particulars may be obtained at the College. (8 15 wmsim

S. H. CRITTENDEN & Co.

PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE IN LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

In addition to the general Course of Instruction in this Department, designed to lay a substantial basis of knowledge and scholarly culture, students can pursue those branches which are essentially practical and technical, viz.:—

ENGINEERING—Civil, Topographical, and Mechanical; MINING and METALLURGY; ARCHITECTURE, and the application of Chemistry to AGRICULTURE and the ARTS.

There is also afforded an opportunity for special study of TRADE and COMMERCE; of MODERN LANGUAGES and PHILOLOGY, and of the HISTORY and INSTITUTIONS of our country.

For Circulars apply to President CATTELL, or to
Prof. R. B. YOUNGMAN,
Clerk of the Faculty.
Easton Pennsylvania April 4, 1866. 5 10

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES.
PHILIP A. CREGAR,
Being about to relinquish his position in the public schools, with which he has been connected for the last twenty-three years,
WILL OPEN A DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES,
AT
No. 3810 CHESNUT STREET,
ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.

This Institution is designed to rival the best seminaries in the country.

CIRCULARS
Containing particulars and other information in relation to this Institution, can be had until the 1st of September, at
No. 640 N. TWELFTH Street. 8 27

THE "PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN" (Filbert street and West Penn Square) for the education of Young Ladies in Drawing, Painting, Designing, Lithography, etc., will reopen on MONDAY, September 3. Parents will please send to the school-house for catalogues.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph Harrison,	James L. Claghorn,
William Bucknell,	James H. Orne,
P. P. Morris,	David S. Brown,
William J. Horstman,	George Whitney,
Redwood F. Warner,	James A. Wright,
E. H. Price,	W. P. Wilstach.

8 31 12t T. W. BRADWOOD, Principal.

MONSIEUR ALEXANDRE WOLOWSKI'S
CLASSES FOR PIANO AND SINGING,
By his entirely new simplified system, are now open.

Those wishing to read music at sight keep time perfectly by a newly invented manner, accompany any song or piece by a new march or harmony, sing or perform in concerts, choir, or private, can call at
No. 704 S. WASHINGTON Square.
Children admitted.
Ladies' Seminaries attended to. 8 24 2mrp

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH,
Boarding and day pupils, Nos. 1627 and 1629 SPRUCE Street, will reopen on THURSDAY, September 20.
French is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.
Primary Department, $60 per annum.
Day Scholars per annum $100.
Day Boarding Pupils, $200.
MADAME D'HERVILLY,
6 22 fmw4m Principal

ACADEMY OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, LOCUST and JUNIPER Streets.—The Autumnal Session will open on MONDAY, September 3 Applications for admission may be made during the preceding week between 10 and 12 o'clock in the morning. JAMES W. ROBINS, A. M.
8 13 mw1s2 Head Master.

DELAWARE LAWN ACADEMY.—ENGLISH Classical, Mathematical Boarding School for Boys Delanco, N. J., twelve miles above city—hourly accessible. Circulars obtained at No. 21 South SEVENTH Street, No. 1334 CHESNUT Street, or of
9 8 6t* Rev. JOHN McELWAY, A. M., Principal.

POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE, 1866-67.—The SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL for the general student of Mathematics, Experimental Science and Natural History, will begin September 11. Catalogues at College Building, WEST PENN SQUARE.
TECHNICAL SCHOOLS begin September 18. 9 8 6t*

THE CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL OF
H. D. GREGORY, A. M.,
No. 1108 MARKET Street,
WILL REOPEN
ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3. (8 27 1mrp

PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, IN THE PHILADELPHIA CITY INSTITUTE, N. E. corner of CHESNUT and EIGHTEENTH Streets, re-opens MONDAY, September 10. Entrance on EIGHTEENTH Street. (8 22 1m) L. BARROWS, Principal.

THE CLASSICAL SCHOOL, S. E. CORNER THIRTEENTH and LOCUST Streets, reopens MONDAY, September 10.
9 1 10t* B. KENDALL, A. M., Principal.

THE ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL ACADEMY Nos. 1109 and 1111 CHESNUT Street will reopen MONDAY, September 10. I. B. LANG ON and O SEIDENSTICKER Principals 8 25 1m

MR. JAMES PEARCE, MUS. BAC. OXON, Organist at St. Mark's Church, will be in Philadelphia about the 20th instant. Address—La Pierre House. 9 12 6t*

MISS ANNIE E. LANGTON'S SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies, No. 142 North TENTH Street, will reopen on MONDAY, September 10. 8 25 1m

ROGERS' NEW GROUP,
"UNCLE NED'S SCHOOL."
NOW READY.
The most charming and successful of all his works.
SOLE AGENCY,
EARLES' GALLERIES,
AND LOOKING GLASS WAREROOMS,
9 7 6t4p]
No. 816 CHESNUT STREET.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of Fish, Shiverick & Co. at the "Central Eating Saloon," No. 421 CHESNUT Street, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm of Fish, Shiverick & Co. will be settled by J. A. Fish and William Earl, Jr., who will continue the business as heretofore, under the style of FISH & EARL.
JOHN A. FISH,
WILLIAM EARL, Jr.
11* F. H. SHIVERICK.

A GERMANTOWN FURNISHED HOUSE to let, the property of the late Dr. J. W. Moore, HARVEY Street. Apply on the premises.
PHILADELPHIA, September 11, 1866. 9 12 6t

A CARD.

PHILADELPHIA, September 5, 1866.

To the Textile Manufacturers and other Manufacturers of Philadelphia and neighboring Counties:—

GENTLEMEN:—For many years past the premiums paid for insurance on your property have been barely sufficient to meet losses and expenses, and since the commencement of this year the mill fires have been so numerous and extensive as to render the business most disastrous to all offices underwriting these risks; and have rendered an advance in the rate of insurance absolutely necessary.

In view of these facts we venture upon a few recommendations, by strict attention to which you can avoid excessive rates of insurance on your property.

First—Use none but the best sperm or lard oils, or for lubricating machinery the best paraffine oil. To the use of deleterious compounds and vegetable oils, we attribute the greatest number of recent fires.

Second—Do not permit one particle of greasy waste to remain over night in mill, not even what is termed clean waste, put aside to be used again. Have it also removed to an outside building.

Third—If coal or other oil is used for lighting mill, take care that it is kept and lamps filled at a safe distance outside of mill building, and that none but the best covered lamps are used, securely fixed on walls.

Fourth—Pickers of every description must be in separate buildings at a safe distance from the mill, or in building adjoining mill on side where there are no windows, and communications protected by solid iron doors.

Fifth—Dry houses must be a safe distance from the mill, and be thoroughly ventilated. Where patent steam dryers are used for drying stock, or where the mill is endangered by the proximity of dry houses, experience shows us that the premises are practically uninsurable.

Finally—We must beg you to exercise the greatest care and watchfulness. Where possible, make it a rule to go over mill before retiring for the night. See that hogsheads full of water are placed in convenient positions, and that full buckets are in each room. Where possible, have steam pipes, with cocks on the outside, by which steam can be thrown into picker and dry houses, and take all other precautions that your experience has demonstrated to be of value for your security.

Although specially addressed to gentlemen engaged in textile manufactures, the concluding observations apply equally to those engaged in other industrial pursuits, in many branches of which (we would instance particularly workers in wood), our experience has been latterly extremely unfavorable, the losses having been out of all proportion to the premium receipts.

We believe that attention to these recommendations will subserve our mutual interests, and preclude the necessity of an advance in rates of insurance to a point which will be a serious tax upon your industry.

Charles Platt, Secretary Insurance Company North America.
William G. Crowell, Secretary of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company.
Henry D. Sherrerd, President of the Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania
Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, Atwood Smith, Agent.
The American Fire Insurance Company, Thomas R. Maris, President.
Royal Insurance Company, George Wood, Agent.
Charles N. Bancker, President Franklin Insurance Company.
Thomas C. Hill, Secretary Reliance Insurance Company of Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Montgomery, Vice-President Enterprise Insurance Company.
John R. Wucherer, President Phœnix Insurance Company of Philadelphia.
Thomas C. Hand, President Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company.

Wm. Arrott, Agent for { Niagara, of New York. Continental, " North American, " Arctic, " Corn Exchange, " Washington, " Farmers' Mutual, York, Pa.

Thomas J. Lancaster, Agent. { Lorillard, of New York. Fulton, " Relief, " Resolution, " Excelsior, " Mercantile, " Humboldt, " Equitable, of Providence. Howard, of Baltimore. Germania, of New York.

Sabine, Duy & Hollinshead, Agents. { Metropolitan, of N. Y. Home Ins. Co., N. H. Hope Insurance Co., N. Y. Prov. Washington, Prov., R. I. Maryland Ins. Co., Baltimore. Merchants' Ins. Co., Prov., R. I. Baltic Ins. Co., N. Y. Manhattan Ins. Co., N. Y.

W. D. & J. H. Sherrerd, Agents. { Home Insurance Co., of N. Y. Security Ins. Co., of N. Y. International Ins. Co., of N. Y. Phœnix Ins. Co., of N. Y. Lamar Fire Ins. Co., N. Y. Standard Fire Ins. Co., N. Y. Market Fire Ins. Co., N. Y. Hartford Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford. Putnam Ins. Co., of Hartford. National Ins. Co., of Boston. Queen Fire Ins. Co., of Liverpool and London, Eng.

Boswell & Co. { Ætna Ins. Co., Hartford, Ct. Phœnix Ins. Co. Hartford, Ct. Springfield Ins. Co., Springfield. Narragansett Ins. Co., Providence.

General Wool and the Cleveland Convention of Soldiers and Sailors.

Major General Wool, having been invited to attend the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention at Cleveland, returns the following reply:—

TROY, September 4.—To George P. Este, Chairman, etc.—DEAR SIR:—I hasten to reply to your invitation of the 3d instant to a meeting of the soldiers and sailors of the army and navy who are in favor of the restoration policy of President Johnson, to be held at Cleveland on the 17th instant. It will afford me great pleasure to attend the meeting, which I intended to do whether or not.

We have fallen on evil times, with indications of another civil war. Should it take place it would be more terrible than the one from which we have just emerged. It would rend the Union into fragments, never to be again united except under a military dictator. From the meeting of officers, soldiers, and sailors, to take place on the 17th instant, I anticipate the most favorable results. It is no less right and proper than indispensable that the people of the Union should know the opinions, feelings, and sentiments of those who have offered their lives as a sacrifice to their country.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN E. WOOL, Major-General.

—Why is a French franc of no value compared with the American dollar? Because it is *worth less.*

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

[*For Additional City Intelligence see Third Page.*]

A SAD CASE OF INFANTICIDE.—There comes to our notice a shocking case of this fearful crime. Margaret Quigley, the culprit, has had serious difficulties with her husband, resulting in their separation from each other. By his abandonment she was left utterly without support, and some four months ago she had to go to the Almshouse, where she had a child. The mother since that has been in very destitute circumstances, indeed, on the very verge of starvation. This, and the abandonment by her husband worked on her mind to such an extent that she resolved to drown both herself and her baby. So she heroically mustered up her courage, and started for the river Delaware to end her sorrows. She selected the wharf at Neaffie & Levy's works, in Kensington, as the scene of her operations.

Standing on the wharf, she wrapped her little boy, aged only four months, in her shawl, and then with ruthless hands flung the little innocent into the deep river. Its little pleading face in its helplessness called in vain for pity, and its spirit took flight from amidst the water. The wicked, heartless woman, after she had destroyed her child, did not dare to throw herself into the water, and in cowardly haste turned from the spot. She was followed, however, and arrested on Beach street. When asked why she did not drown herself first, she said that she wanted to be sure that the baby died first. She was committed by Alderman Cloud to answer the charge of infanticide.

FUNERAL OF MATTHIAS W. BALDWIN.—This morning at half-past eleven our late fellow-citizen, Matthias W. Baldwin, was buried from his residence, at No. 1118 Chesnut street. The funeral obsequies were very imposing, and were adequate to express the public grief. Many of our oldest and most influential citizens attended his remains to their last resting-place, and his workmen turned out *en masse* to pay the last tribute of respect to their lamented employer. The procession, composed of about seven hundred men, mostly employes in Mr. Baldwin's factory, were led by twenty-five foremen of the locomotive workshops, followed by citizens, friends of the deceased, and workmen. The pall bearers were Judge Strong, R. Cornelius, J. B. Townsend, F. Peel, B. J. Kendall, and J. C. Strawbridge. The procession moved up Chesnut street to Fifteenth, up Fifteenth to Hamilton, around into Broad street, and from thence to the northern part of Laurel Hill Cemetery, where Mr. Baldwin's remains were consigned to their last resting-place. Rev. Mr. Calkins and Rev. Dr. Marcy read the funeral service, and delivered a few remarks appropriate to the occasion.

SUSPICION OF LARCENY.—The attention of the police was called to a rather singular-looking specimen of humanity, William T. Daws by name, yesterday afternoon, on Delaware avenue, below Race street. He was dressed something like the "Artful Dodger" was when "Oliver Twist" first made his acquaintance in London. This man had on an india-rubber overcoat which was thirteen sizes too big for him, and fitted, in fact, like a shirt on a beanpole. He was trying to dispose of the coat for the very moderate sum of a one-dollar greenback. As the garment was worth considerably more, the Harbor Police took him in charge, and escorted him to the Station House, and this morning he was committed in default of $500 bail by Alderman Toland.

A CASE OF HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Early this morning, as a Mr. Hassan was quietly walking along the street at Seventh and Bedford streets, two men sprang upon him, and knocked him down. He immediately raised the alarm, but did not succeed in getting help until the scoundrels had relieved him of his watch and about ten dollars in money. The two men concerned in the robbery, Samuel Watson and Alfred Lilley, were arrested before they could escape with their booty. They are both hard cases, and are notorious for being vagrants and thieves, without any fixed place of residence, and living on what they can filch and steal. They both had a hearing before Alderman Tittermary this morning, and were committed to answer at Court.

A BELLIGERENT.—Yesterday Samuel Boyd was arrested on the charge of assault and battery. Boyd has had a grudge against a Mr. Hempsell, who keeps a livery stable at Twentieth and Filbert streets. In the afternoon he went into Mr. Hempsell's stable, and commenced to abuse him, and threatened to kill him. Thinking, however, that Mr. Hempsell was rather too big a man to take hold of, he knocked down one of the stable men, and then kicked a poor unoffending horse in the leg, injuring it in such a manner that it cannot walk. Not relishing this sort of behavior, Mr. Hempsell had Boyd arrested. This morning, after a hearing before Alderman Jones, he was held in $1000 bail to answer.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, ATLANTIC CITY.—This well-known house will remain open until further notice. During the months of September and October this favorite resort of our citizens will present its most attractive features. The mild October weather, and the latter days of September, are the most beautiful and the most healthful that can be spent at Atlantic. For those who wish to derive real benefit from a trip to the sea-side now is the time, and Atlantic City the place. It is too often the custom to spend a month or two of the hottest weather at the sea-side, and then, when the weather is really pleasant, and the ocean presents its most pleasant aspect, leave it for the city or the country.

LARCENY.—A pseudo M. D., or at least we will suppose so, in justice to the profession, was arrested yesterday afternoon. He gave the name of William Crawford. He and a companion, or accomplice rather, attempted to make a raid on the shoe store of Mr. McKnight, at Eleventh and Market streets. Crawford, aided by his accomplice, who distracted the attention of the attendants in the store, slipped a pair of shoes into his pocket, and was making off with his ill-gotten plunder when the police nabbed him. At the hearing before Alderman Jones this morning he said he was a doctor. He was held in $1000 bail to answer.

STREET WALKING.—There are numerous arrests of these nuisances every night. Lieutenant Connelly is making strenuous exertions to clear the streets of their presence. Not a night passes but a number are arrested and consigned to the Station House. There was a haul of a party of them made at Ninth and Locust streets last night. This morning they were all bound over by Alderman Swift to keep the peace.

CHANGE OF LOCATION.—We notice that the sales of property by Sheriff Howell, which formerly took place in Sansom Street Hall, will now take place at the Court Room of Common Pleas, located in the centre building, immediately opposite Independence Hall. This is a more central location than even the old place at Sansom Street Hall, and those attending the sales will no doubt find excellent accommodations.

CASE OF SHOOTING.—Jasper Shull, who shot the boy Joseph Clements in the leg yesterday, was arrested at Chesnut Hill in the afternoon. He managed to escape from the officers at the time of the occurrence. The wound inflicted is a severe one, but is not supposed to be dangerous. Shull was committed by Alderman Finch for a further hearing.

THE FENIAN SENATE—A CORRECTION.—Some of the papers have erroneously stated that Hon. P. J. Meehan had been elected President of the Fenian Senate, at Troy, New York, the other day. We have been authoritatively assured that Hon. James Gibbons, the Senator elect from Philadelphia, was almost unanimously elected President of the body alluded to.

FURTHER HEARING.—Lewis Holsworth had a further hearing before Alderman Williams yesterday, and was bound over in $500 bail for his appearance at court. The case was reported in yesterday's TELEGRAPH.

THE SEASON FOR BIRDS.—Now that the season has fairly commenced, there will a general slaughter of the birds. We see parties after party of gunners trudging their way into the rural sections in quest of their game. Reed-birds and rail are very plenty, and are seen in large quantities in our markets and our restaurants. The enthusiasm amongst the juvenile portion of our community is great, and every old rusty-barrelled musket or shot-gun is impressed into the murderous service; and in those neighborhoods where the game is most abundant the sound of the guns reminds us of a smart skirmish. The wonder is that there are no more accidents occuring than there are from the careless use of firearms by inexperienced persons.

A WARNING TO ORGAN GRINDERS.—Peter Capell is the name of an individual who perambulates the streets with a hand-organ and a monkey. This morning, when opposite Logan Square, at the request of some ladies and gentlemen, he commenced playing for the amusement of some children. There being an ordinance against exhibiting monkeys in the streets, Officer Linn arrested and took him before Alderman Jones, who held him in $300 bail for his future good behavior. Security being entered he went on his way rejoicing.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire this morning at eleven o'clock, was caused by the partial burning of a stable owned by Mr. Tweeds, and occupied by furniture carmen, situated in Willow street, above Nineteenth. Some boys were seen prowling around the vicinity previous to the fire, and the supposition is that they set it on fire. The damage will not exceed $100.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.—The Legislative Convention of the First District met last night, and nominated Thomas L. Simpson as their candidate for Assembly.

TRIFLING FIRE.—A fire broke out about noon to-day in a stable in a small street north of Callowhill and below Nineteenth street. The loss was trifling.

OBADIAH OFFICESEEK'S CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—

"Gents, if to office I'm elected,
Your wishes all shall be respected;
The drinking water shall be pure,
The Gunner's Run like crystal flow;
Street-lamps shall always brightly glow,
And none high takes must endure;
Butter shall be amazing cheap,
And poultry feast each chimney-sweep;
All men will find it in their power
To wear fine Clothes from Bennett's Tower."

Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing.
TOWER HALL,
No. 518 MARKET STREET,
BENNETT & CO.

MRS. FLORENCE will sing "Constantinople" to night.

FROM THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACY, May, 1865; edited by William Procter, Jr., Professor of Pharmacy in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy—"Will the fluid extracts go out of use owing to the high price, or can we have some authoritative modifications of the formulas by which we can make them at a more reasonable cost? If the latter, shall the change be in the quality of the menstruum, or in the manner of applying it so as to reduce the quantity requisite? Can there be a convocation of the Committee of Revision to authorize some new method or modification of the present recipes?"

With regard to the contemplated change in the quantity, or in the menstruum itself, in the preparation of fluid extracts, I would take occasion to say that in medicine the health of the patient is the great object to be caived.

The cost of material is something, but when put into the scale with human health and often human life, it is hardly worthy of consideration at all. My Buchu (Helmbold's) will continue to be made as formerly, and if it cannot be maintained at present prices, they will have to be advanced to meet the advance in the price of material. To such as desire quantity instead of quality we would say that water is a cheap commodity, and may be readily added by the person using the medicine if he desires to do so.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist,
No. 594 Broadway, New York City,
And No. 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.

THE *Biblical Recorder*, in speaking of the "Pain Killer," says:—

"We believe the public generally have great confidence in this medicine. The numerous testimonials in its favor from well-known clergymen and missionaries are well calculated to convince any but the most skeptical. If there be any of our readers who still doubt touching the magic powers of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER to relieve pain, we advise them to buy one bottle, and give it a trial. We never knew it to fail."

MRS. FLORENCE will sing "Constantinople" to-night.

DR. HUMPHREYS, of No. 562 Broadway, New York, well known to the Homœopathic medical practice, has transferred his interest to a company of which he is a member, and is now ready to furnish all the varieties of Specifics the profession and people may need. No house in this department of medicine has larger facilities, or a better reputation, than that of which Dr. H. is now at the head.—*Newark Advertiser*, March 29, 1865.

YE PIMPLED, BLOTCHED, AND ULCERATED VICTIMS of scrofulous diseases, who drag your unclean persons into the company of better men, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and purge out the foul corruption from your blood. Restore your health, and you will not only enjoy life better, but make your company more tolerable to those who must keep it.

August Seven-Thirties
Converted into
Five-Twenties.
Apply to
DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South Third street.

MRS. FLORENCE will sing "Constantinople" to-night.

THE ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE, TWELFTH AND CHESNUT is the place to purchase Cork Mattresses and Bedding, and to have your Furniture reupholstered, varnished, and repaired by practical workmen.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS cut, altered, and laid, at Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

MAY'S GALLERY, S. E. corner Sixth and Callowhill streets, is the place to get perfect likenesses. Give him a call.

MRS. FLORENCE will sing "Constantinople" to-night.

STORE SHADES painted and lettered to order. Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

STRANGERS FROM ABROAD, before they leave the city, had better make their visit pleasant and profitable by purchasing a suit of clothing from Charles Stokes & Co.'s One-Price, under the Continental.

WORKMEN sent to do Upholstering of any description. Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, 7 3-10 and 6-20s wanted. De Haven & Brother, No 40 S. Third St

BLINDS AND SHADES repaired. Patten's, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

MRS. FLORENCE will sing "Constantinople" to-night.

ELASTIC STITCH SEWING MACHINES, FOR FAMILY USE. THE ONLY MACHINE THAT BOTH SEWS PERFECTLY AND EMBROIDERS PERFECTLY.

GROVER & BAKER'S HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES, No. 730 CHESNUT STREET.

SHUTTLE, OR LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINE, FOR TAILORS, SHOEMAKERS, SADDLERS, HARNESS MAKERS, CARRIAGE MAKERS. LATEST AND BEST.

SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
SUPERIOR STYLES OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
Southeast corner SIXTH and MARKET Streets

MARRIED.

WIDENER—WOLFF.—On the 31st of May, by the Rev Joseph E. Smith Mr. ISAAC WIDENER to Miss MARY MELVINA WOLFF, all of this city.

DIED.

BENNER.—Suddenly, on the 9th instant, HANNAH, wife of George H. Benner, in the 53d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and also the members of the Lily of the Valley Grove, No. 5, I. O. of F. D., and Chandler's Female Benedicial Society, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence No 441 East Thompson street, below Palmer, on next Thursday afternoon, the 13th instant, at 2 o'clock. To proceed to Palmer Street Ground.

DAVIS.—On the 10th instant, at Norristown, Pa., DAVID DAVIS, in the 61st year of his age.

His relatives and friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Smith street, above Oak, Norristown, on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Funeral to proceed to Friends' Burying Ground. Carriages will be provided at the depot.

RANDALL.—On the morning of the 10th instant, JOSIAH RANDALL in the 78th year of his age.

The relatives and male friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No 209 Washington square on Thursday morning next at 11 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

SHRONK.—On the 9th instant, ELIZA, wife of Lewis Shronk, in the 41st year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are invited, without further notice, to attend the funeral, from the residence of her husband, in Plymouth, on Skippack Montgomery county, on the Ridge road, about one mile below Norristown, on Thursday, the 13th instant, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Leverington Cemetery, Roxborough.

TER HOEVEN.—On the 9th instant THEODORUS TER HOEVEN, in the 82d year of his age.

The friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 1230 Hutchinson street (between Ninth and Tenth, above Girard avenue), on Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock. To proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery.

WAY.—On the 11th instant, Mrs. SUSANNAH, relict of the late Caleb Way, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. M. A. King, No. 1433 Chesnut street, on Friday morning next at 10 o'clock.

☞ FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.

At a special meeting of the Board of Managers of the Franklin Institute, held 8th ember 11th, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:—

Whereas MATTHIAS W. BALDWIN, one of the earliest members of the Franklin Institute, has after a long and useful life, been separated by death from his family and friends; and

Whereas, The Managers of the Institute, cherishing in lively recollection his services as a Member, Manager, and Vice-President for many years, and also of the genius, skill, and industry which marked his career as a mechanic and manufacturer, deem it right to perpetuate on their records their high estimation of his character and worth; therefore

Resolved, That it is with deep sorrow they have heard of the death of Mr. BALDWIN, and of the severance of those earthly ties which for so many years bound him to the Institute and to its members in the cordial bonds of usefulness, personal friendship, and in honorable competition in business and in the promotion of the application of science to the useful arts.

Resolved, That we sincerely condole with his immediate family and friends in this great bereavement, and trust that the consoling remembrances of his pure and honest character, his Christian life and genial example to all men may calm their sense of his loss and lead them to that dependence on the Source of all good which so manifestly sustained him during his earthly career, and made death the entrance to eternal life and happiness.

Resolved, That as a further mark of our affection and respect for our deceased friend and associate we will in a body attend his funeral and that the members of the Institute be requested to join with us in paying this last tribute to his memory.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be sent to the family of Mr Baldwin by the President of the Institute. 1t

WOODEN SCREW AND NUT CUTTERS, from ¾ to 2 inches in diameter, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St. below Ninth.

HORSE TRIMMING SHEARS WITH curved blades, Horse Fleams Farriers' Knives and Hammers, Hitching Chains and Hooks, Rope Halters Curry and Mane Combs, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

POLISHED STEEL COMPASSES, SPRING, Coopers', and Drafting Dividers and Callipers. A variety just received by TRUMAN & SHAW,
No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) MARKET St., below Ninth.

"HE THAT HATH EARS TO HEAR, LET HIM HEAR"—Instruments to assist the hearing at MADEIRA'S, No. 115 S. TENTH Street, below Chesnut 9 4 1m

NONE BUT THE BEST
SCHUYLKILL AND LEHIGH COAL,
CAREFULLY PREPARED,
AND AT LOWEST RATES.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
9 6 1m J. EVANS, BROTHER & GILBERT.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

INSURE YOUR LIFE
IN YOUR OWN HOME COMPANY,
THE
AMERICAN,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
S. E. Corner Fourth and Walnut Sts.

Insurers in this Company have the additional guarantee of the CAPITAL STOCK ALL PAID UP IN CASH, which, together with CASH ASSETS now on hand, amount to over

$1,500,000.

Its TRUSTEES are well-known citizens in our midst, entitling it to more consideration than those whose managers reside in distant cities.

Alexander Whilldin,	William J. Howard,
J. Judson Thomson,	Samuel T. Bodine,
George Nugent,	John Aikman,
Hon. James Pollock,	Henry K. Bennett,
Albert C. Roberts,	Hon. Joseph Allison,
P. L. Mingle,	Isaac Hazlehurst.
I. M. Whilldin,	

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
GEORGE NUGENT, Vice-President.
JOHN C. SIMS, Actuary.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer. 7s

AUCTION SALES.

CHARLES C. MACKEY, AUCTIONEER, NO. 326 MARKET Street, between Third and Fourth.

STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS TINWARE AND TINSMITHS' MACHINES AND TOOLS,
On Friday morning,
At 10 o'clock, comprising an assortment of Household and Dairy Ware of the best quality. Also Tools and Machines some of them nearly new.
OVAL TEA TRAYS AND WAITERS.
Also, an invoice of freshly-imported Tea Trays and Waiters, from 12 to 30 inches.
They may be examined on Friday morning from 8 o'clock till time of sale 9 12 3t

PANCOAST & WARNOCK, AUCTIONEERS,
5188 No. 240 MARKET Street.

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCTIONEER, No. 1020 CHESNUT STREET. 214

CARPETINGS.

LEEDOM & SHAW,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 910 ARCH STREET,
ARE OPENING AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
Foreign and Domestic Carpetings,
In every style and variety. (9 4 2m5p

WANTS.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, NINETEEN years of age, a graduate of National Commercial College, Assembly Building, wishes a situation either in a Bank, Banking and Exchange, or Commission House. Highest reference as to capacity and integrity. Address DOUGLASS, this office. 9 11 3t*

WINE, SUGAR, BUTTER,
AND OYSTER CRACKERS,
THE BEST IN THE CITY.
FULLER & JOHNSON,
9 4 tuthsim No. 16 S. EIGHTEENTH Street.

ONLY BREAD FIT TO EAT.

What the Doctor said. One of the first Physicians of this city said to his patients:—"Use Aerated Bread. It's the only Bread fit to eat." We can give the name.

FULLER & JOHNSON,
9 4 tuthsim No. 16 S. EIGHTEENTH Street.

CROCKER'S TIP-TOP CRACKERS.

TRY THEM, and see if the truth can't be told in an advertisement.

FULLER & JOHNSON,
9 4 tuthsim No. 16 S. EIGHTEENTH Street.

WRITTEN AND VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS of character, with advice on business health, education etc., given daily, by
9 1 stuth3mrp J. L. CAPEN
at No. 725 E. TENTH Street, above Chesnut.

MEDICAL.

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.

HUMPHREY'S

HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS,

Have proved, from the most ample experience, an entire success; simple, Prompt, Efficient, and reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable.

No.		Cents.
1.	Cures FEVERS, Congestions and Inflammations	25
2.	" WORMS, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	25
3.	" CRYING COLIC, or Teething of Infants	25
4.	" DIARRHŒA or children or adults	25
5.	" DYSENTERY, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
6.	" CHOLERA MORBUS, Nausea, or Vomiting	25
7.	" COUGH, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis	25
8.	" NEURALGIA, Toothache, Nervous Pains	25
9.	" HEADACHES, sick Headache or Vertigo	25
10.	" DYSPEPSIA, Bilious Stomach, Costiveness	25
11.	" SUPPRESSED, scanty, or painful Periods	25
12.	" FEMALE Difficulties	25
13.	" CROUP, Hoarse Cough, Difficult Breathing	25
14.	" SALT Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15.	" RHEUMATISM, and Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	" FEVER and Ague, Chill Fever—old Agues	50
17.	" PILES, internal or external, blind or bleeding	50
18.	" OPHTHALMY, sore, inflamed Eyes or Eyelids	50
19.	" CATARRH, acute or chronic, or Influenza	50
20.	" WHOOPING-COUGH, or spasmodic Coughs	50
21.	" ASTHMA, oppressed difficult Breathing	50
22.	" EAR Discharges, and impaired Hearing	50
23.	" SCROFULA, enlarged Glands and Swellings	50
24.	" GENERAL Debility, or Physical Weakness	50
25.	" DROPSY and scanty Secretions	50
26.	" SEA-Sickness, or sickness from riding	50
27.	" KIDNEY Disease, Gravel, Renal Calculi	50
28.	" NERVOUS Debility, Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges	1 00
29.	" SORE Mouth or Canker	50
30.	" URINARY Incontinence or wetting the bed	50
31.	" PAINFUL Periods, even with Spasms	50
32.	" SUFFERINGS at change of life	1 00
33.	" DRILL PAY, Spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance	1 00
34.	" DIPHTHERIA and ulcerated Sore Throat	50

FAMILY CASES—Case of Thirty-five Vials, morocco case and book complete, $10. Case of Twenty large vials in morocco and book, $6. Single boxes, with directions, 25 cents, 50 cents or $1.

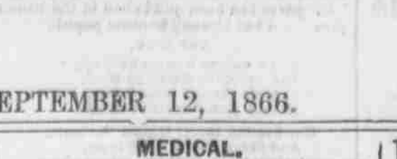
VETERINARY SPECIFICS.—Mahogany cases, 10 vials, $16. Single vials, with directions, $1.

These Remedies by the case or single box, sent free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address

HUMPHREYS' Specific Homœopathic Medicine Company, Office and Depot, No 562 Broadway, New York.

Dr. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his office personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease.

For sale by DYOTT & CO., JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, T. B. CALLENDER, and AMBROSE SMITH, Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and by all Druggists. 6 21 smwf



RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA, GOUT, ASTHMA,
POSITIVELY CURED AT LAST!
NO CURE, NO PAY.
DR. FITLER'S
WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC REMEDY

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, and Asthma, is truly astonishing the afflicted world. Thousands of sufferers, who have tried everything, reluctantly purchase it, and rapidly, to their own surprise, get well and the terrible inveterate cases so easily cured prove it to be the most wonderful remedy known in the civilized world. Remember, used inwardly only; contains no mercury, colchicum, minerals, metals, or anything injurious. Lately reduced from $10 to $2 per bottle. Warranted to cure every case, or the amount paid positively returned; the only remedy so guaranteed. Prepared by Dr. FITLER, Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, now one of our oldest physicians. Advice gratis. Afflicted invited to call. No. 29 S. FOURTH Street, below Market.

ASTOUNDING CURE OF RHEUMATISM.
W. C. Yost, No. 1516 N. Thirteenth street, just recovered from Rheumatism and Neuralgia suffered many years; cured by Dr. Fitler's great Remedy.

MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF RHEUMATISM.
Mrs. Keeney, Kidd road, above Poplar, suffered over 20 years; now well. Dr. Fitler's Remedy again.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATISM.
Robert Toole, No. 430 Wilder street, wants the public to know that he suffered a long time; couldn't move. Cured by Dr. Fitler's Remedy. Perfectly harmless.

WONDERFUL. CONRAD F. CLOTHIER, No. 23 N. Water st., cured of Rheumatism by three teaspoonful doses of Dr. Fitler's Infallible Rheumatic Remedy. He could not walk.

ASTONISHING. ALDERMAN JOS. H. COMLY, Pronounced suffered 11 years. Cured by one bottle of Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy, and says to all, get cured by using the Remedy.

MOST WONDERFUL CURE OF NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM.
Ever known. Mr. Joseph States, Andalusia, suffered a lifetime. Tried everything. Cured only by Dr. Fitler's Remedy.

ANOTHER CURE. JOSEPH STEVENS, Esq., No. 532 Owen street, Southwark, who has suffered for 5 years with Rheumatism, has been completely cured by using one-half a bottle of Dr. Fitler's Great Rheumatic Remedy; used inwardly. Depot, No. 29 S. FOURTH Street. Warranted to cure.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE.
The lady having charge of the Union League House suffered terribly. Cured by Dr. Fitler's Remedy. 8 1 ws

CHEROKEE CURE,
THE GREAT
INDIAN MEDICINE,
CURES ALL DISEASES CAUSED BY
YOUTHFUL INDISCRETION, VIZ.:—
SEMINAL WEAKNESS,
LOSS OF MEMORY, UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE,
PAINS IN THE BACK,
DIMNESS OF VISION,
PREMATURE OLD AGE
WEAK NERVES, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALE COUNTENANCE,
INSANITY, CONSUMPTION,
AND ALL DISEASES
That follow as a sequence of youthful indiscretions.

THE CHEROKEE CURE
Will restore health and vigor, and effect a permanent cure after all other medicines have failed.
Thirty-two page pamphlet sent in a sealed envelope, free to any address.
Price $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5.
Sold by all Druggists; or will be sent by express to any portion of the world, on the receipt of price, by the sole proprietor,
DR. W. R. MERWIN,
No. 37 Walker street, New York.

CHEROKEE REMEDY
Cures all Urinary Complaints, viz.: Gravel, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, Retention of Urine, Stricture of the Urethra, Dropsical Swellings, Brick Dust Deposits, and all diseases that require a diuretic, and when used in conjunction with the
CHEROKEE INJECTION,
does not fail to cure Gonorrhœa, Gleet, and all Mucus Discharges in Male or Female, curing recent cases in from one to three days, and is especially recommended in those cases of Fluor Albus or Whites in Females. The two medicines used in conjunction will not fail to remove this disagreeable complaint, and in those cases where other medicines have been used without success.
Price, Remedy, One Bottle, $2; three Bottles, $5.
" Injection " $2, " $5.
The Cherokee "*Cure*," "*Remedy*," and "*Injection*" are to be found in all well-regulated drug stores, and are recommended by physicians and druggists all over the world for their intrinsic worth and merit. Some unprincipled dealers, however, try to deceive their customers by selling cheap and worthless compounds—in order to make money—in place of these. *Be not deceived.* If the druggists will not buy them for you, write to us, and we will send them to you by express, securely packed, and free from observation. We treat all diseases to which the human system is subject, and will be pleased to receive full and explicit statements from those who have failed to receive relief heretofore. Ladies or gentlemen can address us in *perfect confidence*. We desire to send our thirty-two page pamphlet free to every lady and gentleman in the land. Address all letters for pamphlets, medicines, or advice, to the sole proprietor,
Dr. W. R. MERWIN,
6 5 mwfsu No. 37 WALKER Street, N. Y.

REGULAR LINE FOR HARTFORD, CONN., via the DELAWARE AND RARITAN CANAL.
The steamer SUSAN, Captain Vanderveer now loading at the second wharf above MARKET Street, will leave as above on THURSDAY next, the 13th instant.
For terms of freight, call at No. 122 South Wharves
9 11 3t WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO.

342 SOUTH STREET, M. D'ANCONA pays the highest price for Ladies' and Gents' cast-off Clothing. No. 342 SOUTH Street below Fourth 6 6m

FOURTH EDITION

AFTERNOON TELEGRAMS.

MORE GOLD FROM EUROPE.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Celebration of the Battle of North Point—Fenian Demonstration.

BALTIMORE, September 12.—The anniversary of the battle of North Point is being celebrated to day.

The association of "Old Defenders" have a dinner at Towsontown.

The Fenian Brotherhood celebrate the day by holding a picnic at Darley Park, where there is a great gathering to hear the address of President Roberts on the present condition and prospects of Ireland.

There is a general display of flags throughout the city.

New York Democratic State Convention.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 12.—The Democratic State Convention was organized to-day, by the election of Sanford E. Church as permanent President.

Gold from Europe.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The steamship *Pereire*, from Brest, which arrived at this port yesterday, brought $1,100,000 in gold.

The National Telegraphic Union.

BALTIMORE, September 12.—The National Telegraphic Union assembled in convention in this city to-day.

Latest Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Cotton has an advancing tendency; sales at 33@35c. Flour has advanced 10@25 cents; sales of 8500 barrels at $8@11·55 for State; $9 15@13·70 for Ohio; $8@10·75 for Western; Southern is firmer; 500 barrels sold at $11 10@15 75. Wheat has an advancing tendency. The supply is scarce, and prices are 2@3c better. Corn is firm and advancing. Pork buoyant. Lard dull. Whisky dull.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Stocks are better. Chicago and Rock Island, 108½; Cumberland preferred, 46½; Michigan Southern, 83½; New York Central, 104½; Reading, 115; Hudson River, 122; Canton Company, 52½; Virgin

THE MISSION TO RUSSIA

Parting Honors and Imperial and Private Greetings in St. Petersburg—Visits to the Public Institutions — Fetes by Railroad Contractors, Merchants, and Officials—An American Poem in the Russian Language—Grand Dinners to the American and Imperial Tars — A Princely Reception in Moscow, Etc.

A Little Rest and Preparing for Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 22.—The past two days have afforded us some little quiet and rest, although there has been a good deal of sight-seeing. To-day most of the officers have little to do, as Admiral Lessovsky desires us to prepare for our journey to Moscow to-morrow, which involves nearly twenty hours of continuous travel in the cars.

A Court Dinner and Ball.

Those of the gentlemen who had the honor of a presentation to their Imperial Majesties last Sunday, are invited to a court-dinner to-day and a ball in the evening at Peterhoff. The latter affair does not encourage the belief that we shall enjoy much rest the next thirty-six hours, unless we can catch it in the cars.

Visit to the Observatory.

On Monday some of the gentlemen visited the celebrated observatory of which General Struez is director. They were shown everything of interest connected with the magnificent institution by the distinguished director in person, and afterwards invited to an elegant and profuse lunch prepared for them.

A Railroad Contractor's Banquet.

In the evening all went to dine with Mr. Winans, the great railroad contractor, who is now operating the road between St. Petersburg and Moscow. Mr. Winans has a magnificent villa about four miles from the city, on one of the islands which surround the Russian capital. The dinner was splendid in every sense of the word. In variety and delicacy nothing we have as yet seen could exceed it. As for the wines, nothing superior could be found in the empire.

About thirty-four gentlemen were present, among whom were two or three distinguished Russian engineers, and several American gentlemen attached to Mr. Winans' corps.

General Clay and Mr. Curtin were on hand, and the former made a handsome speech in response to a well-conceived toast of Mr. Winans. Other speeches were made by our host, Mr. Fox, Captain Murray, and others, all exceedingly good. Saidow's celebrated orchestra was in attendance and played splendidly.

A Merchant's Villa.

Subsequently we went to the villa of Mr. Gromoff, the richest merchant in Russia. His villa is palatial in all its arrangements and parts. The grounds are superb, and ornamented with fountains, statuary, flowers, shrubs, and, indeed, everything that can beautify and adorn, regardless of cost. The grounds were lit up on the occasion by thousands upon thousands of lights, in a highly artistic and effective manner, and the electric light was brought into play to illuminate, in varied colors, the magnificent jet of water near the house. It was a fairy scene without and not less so within, where the beauty and *elite* of St. Petersburg had assembled to meet our officers.

The dancing was maintained with great *elan* until long after midnight. And here I may observe that the Russian ladies are the most graceful dancers in the world. The figures of the dances are complicated and quick, and it is a splendid sight to see some of the superb women of Russia whirl through the mazes in perfect time and with a charming grace and skill. One is completely carried away at the sight of the Polish mazourka, which is only danced in Russia. It is a wild, lively, beautiful dance, and perfectly fascinating when some of the Cossack officers participate. At midnight we sat down to a supper such as the richest merchant of Russia ought to give.

There were toasts and speeches, but I was far away, and did not hear the speakers.

Mr. Fox said something of a complimentary character to the host, which was greatly applauded. We got home at a late hour, most of us being used upby a hard day's work.

A Charitable Institution.

Yesterday the Foundling Hospital was visited. It is an institution in which over ten thousand little waifs of humanity are yearly received, of whom the State becomes thereafter the sole father. Every ward was shown, from that where they are received, bathed, christened, ticketed, dressed and given to a wet nurse, who lives in the country, for care. No questions are asked of the mother who presents the infant. She is allowed to know the number and name of the child as borne on the books of the asylum, but beyond that no information is given. Twenty-five infants were received the day of the visit of our officers.

Afterwards other public institutions were visited and inspected. At every point the officials showed the utmost attention to the visitors, who were extremely gratified at the result of the day's excursion.

Evening Entertainments.

In the evening there were several little hops and suppers at some of the clubs—informal affairs—to which the officers were invited. They passed over very pleasantly, and as usual the gentlemen were the recipients of agreeable attentions.

A Military Display.

The review at Krasnoi Silo, at which the commanding officers attended, was a brilliant affair. All the troops passed under review, and performed various evolutions at the command of the Emperor.

The Empress was present herself, and manifested great interest in the proceedings.

After the review the Americans had the honor of breakfasting with their Majesties.

Private Compliments.

There have been a number of entertainments of a private character given by Americans and Russians.

One given at the Hotel de France by Mr. Mason, of Boston, at which a number of Russian and American gentlemen were present, passed off in a very jolly and happy style.

M. Abaza, of the Emperor's household, and several Russians of high families, gave a return dinner a few days after, which was also a success.

Among the gentlemen present were Messrs. Kingsland, of New York; Mason, Chadwick, Dr. Livermore, and others, of Boston, a very nice party.

An Americo-Russian Poem.

The following is a poem which was written by Dr. Holmes, to be read by Mr. Fox at some entertainment in Russia. It has been fully translated into Russian by a celebrated Russian poet, and is said to have retained the sentiments of the work to a happy degree. The poem has been published in the Russian press, and has already become popular.

THE POEM.

Though watery deserts hold apart
The worlds of East and West,
Still beats the self-same human heart
In each proud nation's breast.

Our floating turret tempts the main,
And dares the howling blast,
To clasp more close the golden chain
That long has bound them fast.

In vain the gales of ocean sweep,
In vain the billows roar,
That chafe the wild and stormy steep
Of storied Elsinore!

She comes! she comes! her banners dip
In Neva's flashing tide,
With greetings on her cannon's lips,
The storm-god's iron bride.

Peace garlands with the olive bough
Her thunder bearing tower,
And plants before her cleaving prow
The sea foam's milk-white flower.

No prairies heaped their garnered store
To fill her sunless hold,
Not rich Nevada's gleaming ore
Its hidden caves enfold.

But lightly as the sea bird swings,
She floats the depth above,
A breath of flame to lend her wings—
Her freight a people's love.

When darkness hid the stormy skies,
In war's long winter night,
One ray still cheered our straining eyes,
The far-off northern light.

And now the friendly rays return,
From lights that glow afar,
Those clustered lamps of Heaven that burn
Around the western star.

A nation's love in tears and smiles,
We bear across the sea,
Oh, Neva of the hundred isles,
We moor our hearts in thee.

Its Reception.

The reading of this, both in English and Russian, was hailed by loud and frequent applause. A second and third reading was called for and given, and the enthusiasm went up to the nineties. The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table must be congratulated on the warm reception of his spirited verses.

Dinner to the American Tars.

The sailors of the *Augusta* and *Miantonomah*, to the number of one hundred and sixty or more, were last week honored with a grand dinner in Cronstadt by the Russian authorities. The Mayor of the city was present, as well as Mr. Wilkins, our Consul at the port, and a number of Russian officers.

A great number of Russian tars were also on hand, and affiliated joyfully with our blue-jackets. The dinner was a fine one; there was plenty of wine, ale, etc., and afterwards Jack got his more favorite beverage.

Speeches were made, and a grand fraternal jollification enjoyed. If there was a little boisterous music in the evening, it did no damage, but merely swelled the list of sick men the following day, all of whom soon recovered from their bout with the hard-headed Russian Jacks.

The Russian authorities made the affair in every way an agreeable and long-to-be-remembered one. Bands were in attendance to discourse music while Jack stowed away his grub, and a hornpipe or two was indulged in when the dinner had been completed.

The men behaved, as a general thing, very well.

THE MISSION IN MOSCOW.

Enthusiastic Reception and a Princely Banquet.

Moscow, August 25—11·30 P. M.—It is impossible to convey an adequate idea of the enthusiastic manner in which the deputation from the United States has been received in Moscow and in every other place in Russia they have visited.

The banquet given last evening by Prince Dolgorakis, Governor-General of Moscow, was a magnificent affair. All the city flocked to the Zoological Gardens to witness the display of fireworks. The pieces were of great variety and splendor, and were emblamatic of the friendship established between Russia and the United States.

Visit to the Institutions.

To-day we visited the public institutions and many private manufactories in Moscow. We received a most hearty welcome at each place. The streets were crowded and the popular demonstration of joy and friendship quite unparalleled.

The Municipal Reception.

The city of Moscow has given a grand dinner to-night. The banquet hall is festooned with the flags of both nations beautifully blended. The table is elegantly laid out and decorated. The fare is among the choicest that the empire can afford. Speeches were made by the Mayor of Moscow, Mr. Fox, Mr. Clay, Mr. Murray, and other officers, as well as some of the prominent citizens present. The most friendly sentiments have been interchanged, and the cheering and enthusiasm are immense. The banquet is still progressing. The city is brilliantly illuminated, and the streets are still crowded with people.

Moscow sends a most friendly greeting to America.—*N. Y. Herald.*

—The *Journal du Havre* relates the following act of cannibalism, of which the crew of the *Fulton* have been the victims:—"The *Fulton*, which was cruising on the coast of New Caledonia, had occasion to send a boat up one of the rivers. The boat not returning the captain got uneasy, and sailed up the river in search of the lost boat and its crew. In a short space of time the ship came to a small island, on which were discovered the remains of the unfortunate men, who had been killed and eaten by the savages. Continuing its voyage up the river, the *Fulton* fell in with some natives, who, on being made prisoners, informed the captain that the boat's crew had been attacked by the savages, who killed the sailors, and then ate them, after they had been roasted. They further added, that one of the sailors had to be cooked for a long time, being old, and that even then his flesh was so tough that it was almost impossible to eat it. The captain of the *Fulton* was so exasperated at this sad history, that he ordered all the natives that could be found to be put to death, and their villages burnt."

—A curious and deplorable accident occurred in the small village of Tolhouse (Hautes Pyrenees), on the 15th of August. In one of the public houses the landlord was in the habit of making use of a hollow cannon ball (which had probably been brought from the camp of Lannemezan), as a candlestick, it being supposed that all the powder had been extracted. About four o'clock in the morning of the above-named day, the landlord, worn out with fatigue, lay down on his bed, recommending the persons in the public house to conduct themselves in an orderly manner. He had scarcely laid down when a dreadful explosion took place. The candle having burnt nearly out, a spark fell into the hollow ball, which, instead of being empty as supposed, was filled with powder. The ball burst, killed four men on the spot, and mortally wounded two others. Five other persons were more or less severely wounded. This fearful event has cast a gloom over the whole neighborhood.

—*The Revue de l'Instruction Publique* states that, in the Island of Unamarch, which was discovered by the Russians, the women supply the place of money. The price of goods is calculated according to the number of women to be given by the purchaser to the seller!

TO RENT.

FOR RENT.

A VALUABLE STORE,

No. 809 CHESNUT STREET,

In the National Bank of the Republic Building.

9 6 tf APPLY ON THE PREMISES.

OFFICES AND LARGE ROOMS

FOR RENT

IN THE

National Bank of the Republic Building,

Nos. 809 and 811 CHESNUT Street,

The Building is supplied with Gas, Water, Water Closets, and Steam Heating Apparatus. The rooms on the third and fourth floors are large (50x60), well lighted, and suitable for a Commercial College, or business of a similar character.

Apply at the Bank. 9 3 tf

A LARGE, WELL LIGHTED

AND VENTILATED

ROOM, ON THE SECOND FLOOR

OF THE

"Evening Telegraph" Building,

No. 108 South THIRD Street,

TO RENT,

With or without steam power. Apply in the office, first floor.

CLOTHING.

MILLINERY, TRIMMINGS, ETC.

REMOVAL.

I. S. CUSTER & SON

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 726 ARCH Street, Below Eighth,

Where they have now on hand a large assortment of

FALL MILLINERY GOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. 8 15 wsmlm

MRS. R. DILLON,

Nos. 323 and 331 SOUTH Street.

Has a handsome assortment of MILLINERY; Misse and Infants' Hats and Caps, Silks, Velvets Crapes Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Frames, etc.

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

THE OLDEST AND LARGEST

SADDLE AND HARNESS

MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE COUNTRY.

LACEY, MEEKER & CO.,

RETAIL HOUSE,

No. 1216 CHESNUT STREET,

WHOLESALE HOUSE,

No. 630 MARKET STREET,

OFFER OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE:

SADDLES, 200 styles, 2000 qualities.

HARNESS from $15 to $500 per set.

Mountings, Bridles, Bits, Whips, Blankets, Combs, Brushes, Robes, Government Harness, Plough Bridles, Hog Collars, Padded Bames, Wood Stirrups, Travelling Bags, Trunks and Valises, Lunch Baskets, Chamois, Blacking, Boots, etc.

We call the attention of merchants visiting this market, also the city retail trade, to our large, cheap and varied stock.

3 9 6mrp LACEY, MEEKER & CO.

631 SADDLERY & HARNESS 631

Manufacturers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

631 MARKET St. PHILADELPHIA

KNEASS & CO.

Successors to M. MAGEE & Co

And late of 18 Decatur St.

HARNESS.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW U. S. WAGON HARNESS, 2, 4, and 6 horse. Also, parts of HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, HALTERS etc., bought at the recent Government sales—to be sold at a great sacrifice. Wholesale or Retail. Together with our usual assortment of

SADDLERY AND SADDLERY HARDWARE.

WILLIAM S. HANSELL & SONS,

2 1§ No. 114 MARKET Street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY ETC.

FINE GOLD WATCHES.

To Sojourners in our City.

We call special attention of the sojourners in our city to the

FINE WATCH AND SILVERWARE ESTABLISHMENT OF

W. W. CASSIDY,

No. 12 South SECOND Street,

Who has on hand one of the finest assortments of Jewelry, etc., of any in the city. A splendid assortment of SILVERWARE ALWAYS ON HAND. Remember

W. W. CASSIDY,

8 16§ No. 12 South SECOND Street.

G. RUSSELL & CO.,

No. 22 North SIXTH St.,

Having increased their facilities for

FINE WATCH REPAIRING,

Invite the attention of the public.

All work warranted for one year. [5 26

LEWIS LADOMUS,

DIAMOND DEALER & JEWELER,

WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE,

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED.

802 Chestnut St., Phila.

Owing to the decline of Gold, has made a great reduction in price of his large and well assorted stock o

Diamonds,

Watches,

Jewelry,

Silverware, Etc

The public are respectfully invited to call and examin our stock before purchasing elsewhere. 2 25

SILVER AND PLATED GOODS

OF THE

Most Superior Workmanship,

AT THE

NEW STORE

No 704 ARCH STREET.

The undersigned (late of the famous Rogers Bros Manufacturing Company) respectfully announce that they have opened a new and beautiful store for the sale of SILVER and PLATED WARE, at No 704 ARCH Street. Our long experience as manufacturers will enable us to keep nothing but first-class Goods and those who may patronize our store will find our plated goods far superior to any ever imported, and our customers may rely on the goods being precisely what they are represented to be.

5 26§ BOWMAN & LEONARD.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

MUSICAL BOXES.

A full assortment of above goods constantly on hand at moderate prices—the Musical Boxes playing from 2 to 10 beautiful Airs.

FARR & BROTHER, Importers,

No. 324 CHESNUT STREET,

11 11amth§rp Below Fourth,

HENRY HARPER,

No. 520 ARCH STREET

Manufactu and Dealer in

Watches

Fine Jewelry,

Silver-Plated Ware,

AND

8 1§ Solid Silver-Ware.

RICH JEWELRY

JOHN BRENNAN,

DEALER IN

DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY

Etc. Etc. Etc.

9 20§ No. 18 S. EIGHTH STREET, Philada.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WARD J. CAFFEE,

IMPORTER

HAVANA CIGARS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

AGENT FOR

STRATTON'S FAMOUS YEAST.

S. E. Cor. CHESNUT and FRONT Sts.

9 7 mw 1mrp

THE BEST FIVE CENT CIGAR IN THE CITY.

D. P. McDOWELL'S

"RECONSTRUCTION BRAND."

Call and try them, at

Nos. 256 and 258 South SECOND Street.

The Reconstruction Cigar, both in quality and quantity, is unsurpassed by any ten cent Cigar now sold in this city. 8 13 mwf 1m

CHEAPEST AND BEST HATS IN THE City!

TEMPLE OF FASHION

40 NORTH Sixth St.

BOURNE

UNADULTERATED LIQUORS ONLY

RICHARD PENISTAN'S

STORE AND VAULTS,

No. 432 CHESNUT STREET.

Nearly Opposite the Post Office,

PHILADELPHIA.

Families supplied Orders from the Country promptly attended to 1

CAPE MAY RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that the present arrangement of the Trains to and from Cape May will be CONTINUED, viz:—Leave Philadelphia at 3 P. M., and Cape Island at 8 A. M., daily.

J. VAN RENSSELAER, Superintendent.

September 3, 1866. 9 3 tf

FINANCIAL.

NATIONAL

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,

Nos. 809 and 811 CHESNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA.

The late management having relinquished their entire control and interest in this Bank, the business is now being conducted under the following entirely

NEW MANAGEMENT.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH T. BAILEY,
Of Bailey & Co., Jewellers.
EDWARD B. ORNE,
Of J. F. & E. B. Orne, Dealers in Carpetings.
NATHAN HILLES,
President of the Second National Bank.
WILLIAM ERVIEN,
Of Myers & Ervien, Flour Factors.
OSGOOD WELSH,
Of S. & W. Welsh, Commission Merchants.
BENJAMIN ROWLAND, Jr.,
Of B. Rowland, Jr., & Brother, Coal Merchants.
WILLIAM H. RHAWN,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.

PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM H. RHAWN.

CASHIER,

JOSEPH P. MUMFORD.

Late of the Philadelphia National Bank. 9 8

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 114 South THIRD Street,

BANKERS

AND

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

U. S. 6s OF 1881.

5-20s, OLD AND NEW.

10-40s; CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS

7·30 NOTES, 1st, 2d, and 3d Series.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES WANTED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Collections made. Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.

Special business accommodations reserved for LADIES. 8 7 2m

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,

Nos. 809 and 811 CHESNUT Street.

The entire interest of the late management of this Bank having been purchased with the view of effecting an entirely new organization, shares of stock will be disposed of in limited quantities, to respectable parties in business, who may have an interest in a bank in this location. Applications for the stock will be received for a few days, after which a distribution will be made.

WILLIAM H. RHAWN,

9 3 tf President.

U. S. SECURITIES.

A SPECIALTY.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

16 S. THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA. | 3 NASSAU ST. NEW YORK

STOCKS AND GOLD

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION

HERE AND IN NEW YORK. 21

DAVIES BROTHERS,

No. 225 DOCK STREET,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

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Dealers in Government Securities of all kinds.

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5'20S.—FIVE-TWENTIES.

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DE HAVEN & BROTHER,

1 7 No. 40 S. THIRD STREET.

WAR DEPARTMENT, SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 10, 1866

An Army Medical Board, to consist of Brevet Colonel J. S. Brown, Surgeon, U. S. A., President; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. Wirtz, Surgeon, U. S. A.; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Anthony Heger, Surgeon, U. S. A.; and Brevet Major Warren Webster, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., Recorder, will meet in New York city on the 20th of September, next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the United States Army.

Applicants must be over 21 years of age, and physically sound.

Applications for an invitation to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon-General, United States Army, and must state the full name, residence, and date and place of birth of the candidate. Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the Medical Service of the Army during the war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and time and place of service, and testimonials from the officers with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination, nor is an indispensable prerequisite to appointment.

There are at present sixty vacancies in the Medical Staff, forty-six of which are original, being created by the Act of Congress approved July 28, 1866.

JOSEPH K. BARNES,

8 11 smw29t Surgeon-General, U. S. A.

FOR SALE—STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS of Capewell & Co.'s Patent Wind Guard and Air Heater for Coal Oil Lamps: it prevents the Chimneys from breaking. This we will warrant. Also saves one-third the oil. Call and see them; they cost but ten cents. No. 263 RACE Street, Philadelphia. Sample sent to any part of the United States, on receipt of 27 cents 9 10

FERTILIZERS.

AMMONIATED PHOSPHATE

A CONCENTRATED FERTILIZER.

This preparation contains Pure Ground Bone and the best Fertilizing Salts known to agricultural chemistry, combined in such a manner as to develop their productive properties only when used on the soil. Price $60 per ton. For sale at the manufacturers' depots,

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No. 8 BURLING SLIP, New York.

WILLIAM ELLIS & CO.,

9 7 1t 10 Manufacturers.

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SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

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Dealers supplied by the cargo, direct from the wharf of the manufactory, on liberal terms.

Manufactured only by

BAUGH & SONS,

Office No. 20 South DELAWARE Avenue,

8 4 mwf 3rp Philadelphia.

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ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 510 RACE Street.

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Opera Cloaks and Mantillas, Curtains, Table Covers, Carpets, Velvet Ribbons, Kid Gloves, etc., cleaned and replushed in the best manner. Gentlemen's Summer and Winter Clothing cleaned to perfection without injury to the stuff. Also Flags and Banners. All kinds of stains removed without cleaning the whole. All orders are executed under our immediate supervision, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. A call and examination of our process is respectfully solicited

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Being the LARGEST in the UNITED STATES and THIRTY YEARS OLDER than any other on STATEN ISLAND, is prepared, with the most improved and extensive Machinery (to which they are making constant additions) to

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Drawings and specifications for all work done at the establishment free of charge, and work guaranteed.

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We are prepared to fill orders to any extent for our well-known

MACHINERY FOR COTTON AND WOOLLEN MILLS,

Including all recent improvements in Carding, Spinning, and Weaving.

We invite the attention of manufacturers to our extensive works.

1 1§ ALFRED JENKS & SON.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

WASHINGTON CITY, September 6, 1866.

SALE OF NAVY POWDERS.

There will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidders, at noon, TUESDAY, the second (2) day of October, 1866, at the office of the officer commanding the Naval Ordnance Depot at JEFFERSON BARRACKS RESERVE, near Saint Louis, Missouri, about five thousand barrels of POWDER, composed of cannon, mortar, and musket Powders.

The Powders will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms cash, in Government funds, one-half to be deposited on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterwards, during which time the Powders must be removed from the grounds, otherwise they will revert to the Government.

Purchasers will be required to furnish their own packages, where the Powder is not in barrels.

H. A. WISE,

9 7 mw 11t Chief of Bureau.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

AUGUST 25, 1866.

A Board of Naval Officers, of which Commodore S. P. Lee is President, will meet at Hartford, Connecticut, on the 5th of September next, for the examination of Volunteer Officers who have served not less than two years in the Navy for admission into the Regular Service, in accordance with the provisions of the "Act to define and regulate the appointment of Officers in the Navy, and for other purposes," approved July 25, 1866.

All persons who are entitled to examination and who wish to avail themselves of its privileges, will at once notify the President of the Board, by letter addressed to Hartford, Connecticut, giving their own Post Office address. In due time they will receive from him, in reply, a notification when to present themselves for examination. Those who fail to report at the time specified for them to do so, will forfeit all claim to precedence for examination.

GIDEON WELLES,

9 5 12t Secretary of the Navy.

MONUMENTS, TOMBS,

GRAVE-STONES, Etc.

Just completed, a beautiful variety of

ITALIAN MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS AND GRAVE-STONES,

Will be sold cheap for cash.

Work sent to any part of the United States.

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PARASOLS AT $1·25, $1·50, $1·75, AND $2. Silk Sun Umbrellas, $1·40, $1·50, $1·75.

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18 w1m No. 21 S. EIGHTH Street.

NATIONAL DEBTS OF THE WORLD.

From the Bullionist.

The statistical tables relating to foreign countries, just published, are brim full of most interesting facts concerning the condition, commercial and otherwise, of almost every country in the world. Among other things it gives the national debt of each country. Whatever may be the effect of a country being deeply indebted, there seems no doubt that every Government finds borrowing an exceedingly convenient method of raising revenue. We subjoin a list of the principal national debts, with the date to which each is made up, and the amount per head of each nation's indebtedness:—

	Year.	Total debt.	Per head of population.
United Kingdom	1865	£808,280,288	£27 16 0
United States	1865	658,873,546	17 15 5
France	1864	589,038,985	14 7 2
Russia	1861	203,609,641	3 11 1
Austria	1864	247,094,474	6 14 10
Italy	1864	176,226,569	7 19 5
Spain	1865	163,927,871	10 4 6
Holland	1864	84,062,438	26 1 4
Turkey	1864	49,500,000	1 8 0
Prussia	1864	41,651,707	2 2 8
Portugal	1864	41,651,440	9 11 6
Belgium	1864	25,344,016	5 6 0
Brazil	1861	22,923,716	2 5 9
Denmark	1863	10,770,159	4 6 0
Greece	1864	10,707,264	9 15 2
Peru	1863	9,857,648	2 14 10
Chili	1865	2,623,405	15 1 0

These figures are full of meaning. By them we can estimate the comparative strength of the principal powers, and ascertain in what light a national debt is viewed by each. Take the United Kingdom. We owe £808,285,398 or £27 16s. 0d. per head, and yet we are content to exercise all our financial skill, not in reducing our indebtedness, but in lightening our immediate taxation. We raise our revenue by an average payment per head of £2 6s. 4d., and let our national debt very nearly take care of itself. Just the opposite course is pursued in the United States, between whose people and ourselves there is but the difference which necessarily exists between matured manhood and youth. They owe but £658,873,546, or less than us by about two hundred and fifty thousand; that is, £17 5s. 5d. per head, against our £27 16s. 0d. per head. But they raise as much as £12 11s. 5d. per head per annum which is £10 5s. 1d. more than we do. The difference is very great, and arises from the resolution of the American Government to get rid of their debt within a reasonable time. Those who maintain the justice of national debts urge that what has been done by one generation for the benefit of the future as well as the present should be borne by all. There is some truth in this—but much more error. Every generation will have its truly national works, internal or external, peaceful or warlike, whereas the view referred to assumes that the present generation has more to do for the national weal than its descendants will have.

This is obviously untrue, and we are sure that our notion is wrong, and that the course adopted on the other side of the Atlantic is just, and by far the best. Another train of thought which is started by these figures is the relative debts of France and Prussia. Prussia is now for every purpose of argument a united Germany, and the enemies of Prussia are the enemies of Germany, the glory and distress of the one is the glory or distress of the latter. At this moment France, with habitual irritation at others gaining territorial prizes while she is left in the cold, is asking of Prussia certain concessions. The French people watch with anxious concern the neighborhood of a united Protestant Germany ruled by a military despot, and they admit that they seek to more equally balance power on the continent.

Prussia only owes £41,651,707, or £2 2s. 3d. per head, while France owes £589,038,985, or £14 7s. 2d. Besides this Prussia contributes but £1 2s. 5d. per head towards the revenue, and the French £1 19s. 10d. These are practical facts, which in this instance are not affected by other important considerations. Both Prussia and France are military powers, but if anything the Prussian soldier is more intelligent, more courageous, and capable of enduring more prolonged fatigue, without wearying of a national struggle, than the French. Moreover, the order which unfailingly rules in Prussia may at any time be disturbed in France, owing to the fickleness of the people and their love of military adventures.

It is, therefore, of great importance to both these countries that they should keep their resources well in hand. Prussia has hers, and we know that her people in time of national war can voluntarily resign luxurious clothing and ornaments, can moderate their appetites, and can even yield up their wedding-rings so that the wherewithal may be secured for the nation's cause. This they have done, and we see that the same steady flame of patriotism everywhere abounds among them. The French are more brilliant, but they are unaccustomed to the prolonged contests of either Prussia or Britain. Spain owes £163,094,471, or £10 4s. 6d. per head or her population. This is not a large debt for such a country, which should have numerous wealthy colonies and abundant home resources.

Of all nations, Spain seems to be the most Roman Catholic, the most lethargic, and most barbarous. Her Queen is beset by priests who serve themselves and their order before the throne, the country, or the people; her ministers are made or unmade by revolutions; and her subjects, while being heavily taxed in proportion to the revenue raised, are badly ruled in every respect. The whole country is insolvent, and by her irregularities in dealing with all the world she has won well-merited contempt from every side. The Mexican Government is so much behind that it has made no statement of its affairs. An approximate estimate could easily be made by adding the successive loans raised in foreign markets, but, like Turkey and Spain, there is no doubt that her internal indebtedness is of some importance, and this would render any total of external indebtedness very misleading.

Italy has a national debt of £176,225,639, or £7 19s. 5d. per head. Besides this, the country is rather heavily taxed, the annual revenue being equal to £1 11s. 7d. per head of the population. But Italy is young, and, if well governed, will very speedily improve her financial prospects, and rank among the moderately powerful and well-to-do families of Europe. Chili, Peru, and Brazil are, with many other third rate countries, following the example of the Old World. Indeed they have in most cases already exceeded reasonable limits, and in more than one instance have brought themselves to a disgraceful stoppage.

Take, for example, Venezuela and some other South American "Republics." Their people are half Spaniards, with a goodly proportion of Spanish "chivalry," as they term their free-booting, filibustering raids upon each other and their neighbors. The result is certain to be most disastrous. They borrow upon ruinous terms, hypothecate customs duties and other sources of revenue sometimes twice, and invariably once, until there are no means of conducting their Government, when the rights of the money lenders are put aside, the whole revenue devoted to the uses of the State, and, when remonstrated with, these "chivalrous" descendants of Spain and Spanish rule protest that their conduct is justifiable, and should be mentioned in sugared phrases.

The Attack on Henry Ward Beecher.—Reverend Mr. Beecher, say his enemies, came out for the President's restoration policy because his son wanted a military office. The facts are said to be as follows:—Henry Barton Beecher, eldest son of Henry Ward Beecher, was commissioned in the regular army of the United States by Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, years before Andrew Johnson was ever thought of for Vice-President, and when he had no more to do with commissions in the army than this "no confidence man" has with decent society. President Johnson has no power to remove or advance Lieutenant Beecher. He is in the army, and can leave it only by resignation or in consequence of a court-martial.

—A report that the gambling establishment at Baden-Baden has been permitted to remain until 1870 is contradicted by the Baden *Landes Zeitung*. The establishment is to be broken up next year.

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

I, JOHN EDGAR THOMSON Trustee in a certain indenture of mortgage of the property hereinafter described executed by the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad Company to me as mortgagee in trust, to secure the payment of the principal and interest of bonds of said Company to the amount of $250,000 which mortgage is dated the 1st day of February, A. D. 1861, and recorded in the office for recording deeds, etc., in and for the county of Blair, on the 4th day of February, A. D., 1861 in mortgage book B, page 110 etc, and in the office for recording deeds, etc., in and for the county of Centre on the 26th day of February A. D., 1861 in mortgage book E, page 406, etc., do hereby give notice that default having been made for more than ninety days in the payment of the interest due and demanded on the said bonds, I will in pursuance of the written request to me directed of the holders of more than $50,000 in amount of the said bonds, and by virtue of the power conferred upon me in the respect by the said mortgage, expose to public sale, and sell to the highest and best bidder, by M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 27th day of September A. D. 1866 upon the terms and conditions hereinafter stated, the whole of the said mortgaged premises and franchises, viz.:—

The whole of that section of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad from Tyrone Station, Blair county, Pennsylvania, to Philipsburg, in Centre county, Pennsylvania, as the same is now constructed, together with all the singular the railways, rails cross-ties, chairs spikes iron timber, bridges, fences, together with all real property of every description acquired by and belonging to said Company appurtenant to said road and all the rights, liberties, privileges, and corporate franchises of said road and company and all the tolls income, issues and profits to be derived and to arise from the same, and all the lands used and occupied for railways, depots, or stations between said points on said section of three and one-quarter miles or road, and all the tolls incomes, issues and profits to be derived and to arise from the same and all the lands used and occupied for railways depots or stations between said points on said section of three and one-quarter miles with all buildings standing thereon or procured thereto or

AND GENERALLY.

All the lands railways rails bridges, culverts, trestle work, tool houses, coal-houses, wharves, fences, rights of way, workshops, machinery, stations, depots, depot grounds, works masonry, and other superstructure, real estate buildings and improvements of whatever nature or kind appertaining or belonging to the above-mentioned property and to the said section of the said Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, and owned by said Company in connection therewith, and all the rights liberties privileges, and corporate franchises of said road and Company.

The said section of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad extending from said Tyrone Station Blair county, to and through the borough of Philipsburg, in Centre county, is about 23½ miles in length.

TERMS OF SALE.

$10,000 of the purchase money to be paid in cash when the property is struck off, and the balance within twenty days thereafter.

PAYMENT on account of the said balance of purchase money, to the extent of the dividend thereof payable on the bonds secured by the said mortgage and the matured coupons of the said bonds may be made in the said bonds or coupons; and if the dividend is less than the actual sum due upon the said bonds and coupons on receipting to the said Trustee for the said dividend, and endorsing payment of the same on the said bonds or coupons.

Upon the purchase money being paid as aforesaid, the Trustee will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the premises to the purchaser or purchasers in pursuance of the power conferred upon him by the said mortgage.

Any further information in respect to said sale, or premises may be had upon application to the undersigned Trustee, at his office, No. 42 South Third street Philadelphia.

JOHN EDGAR THOMSON, Trustee,
No. 228 S. THIRD Street.

M. THOMAS & SONS Auctioneers,
Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.
Philadelphia.

6 11 mthsn

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING at Queenstown—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States mails.
"CITY OF MANCHESTER", Wednesday, September 12
"CITY OF BOSTON" ..... Saturday, September 15
"CITY OF CORK" ..... Wednesday, September 19
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"CITY OF LIMERICK" ..... Wednesday, September 26
and each succeeding Saturday and Wednesday, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North river.

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.
First Cabin, Gold ..... $100 Steerage, Currency $35
To London ..... 95 To London 40
To Paris ..... 105 To Paris 50

Passage by the Wednesday steamers:—First cabin, $100; steerage, $35. Payable in United States currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, etc., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40, currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's offices.

8 7 JOHN G. DALE Agent
No. 311 WALNUT street, Philada.

FOR NEW YORK.—PHILADELPHIA and New York Steam Propeller Company Despatch Swiftsure Lines via Delaware and Raritan Canal, leaving daily at 12 M., and 5 P. M., connecting with all Northern and Eastern lines.

Freight which will be taken upon accommodating terms, apply to WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO.,
No. 128 S. DELAWARE Avenue

TO SHIP CAPTAINS AND OWNERS.—THE undersigned having leased the KENSINGTON DRY DOCK, begs to inform his friends and the patrons of the Dock that he is prepared to receive vessels into it to accommodate those having vessels to be raised or repaired and being a practical ship-carpenter and caulker, will give personal attention to the vessels entrusted to him for repairs.

Captains or Agents, Ship Carpenters, and Machinists having vessels to repair are solicited to call.

Having the agency for the sale of "Wetherstedt's Patent Metallic Composition" for Copper Paint for the preservation of vessels' bottoms, for this city, I am prepared to furnish the same on favorable terms.

JOHN H. HAMMITT,
Kensington Screw Docks,
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For Private Residences, Mills, Hotels, Churches, Etc. Etc.

Furnishing from Ten to Six Hundred Lights, as may be Required.

This machine is guaranteed: does not get out of order, and the time to manage it is about five minutes a week. The simplicity of this apparatus, its entire freedom from danger, the cheapness and quality of the light over all others, has gained for it the favorable opinion of those acquainted with its merits. The names of those having used them for the last three years will be given by calling at our OFFICE,

No. 105 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,

Where the machines can be seen in operation.

FERRIS & CO., Box 1491 P. O,

Send for Pamphlet. 9

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Lillie's Chilled Iron Safes,

The best and best. Indeed, the only strictly Fire and Burglar-Proof Safe made.

The modern and extremely popular

STEAM ENGINE PACKING!

Called Miller's Lubricative Steam Packing, unsurpassed and unequalled.

AND THE SCALES FROM THE

GREAT BEND SCALE WORKS, PENNSYLVANIA.

Scales warranted equal to any in the market, and on terms much more favorable.

The undersigned having the General Agency for the sale of the above articles in this city, he respectfully solicits the attention of all parties interested, both the dealer and consumer, hoping to merit (as he has already received) the continuance of a liberal public patronage.

M. C. SADLER, AGENT,

8 11 smw13trp smw13t] No. 639 ARCH Street.

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

I, B. FRANKLIN RALEY, Trustee in a certain indenture of Mortgage, of the property hereinafter described executed by the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad Company to me, as Mortgagee in Trust, to secure the payment of the principal and interest of bonds of said Company to the amount of $225,000, which Mortgage is dated the 12th day of May, A. D. 1859, and recorded in the office for recording deeds, etc., in and for the county of Blair, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1859, in mortgage book A, pages 209-4-5-6-7 and 8, and in the office for recording deeds, etc., in and for the county of Centre, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1859, in mortgage book E, page 175, etc., do hereby give notice that default having been made for more than ninety days in the payment of the interest due and demanded on the said bonds, I will, in pursuance of the written request, to me directed of the holders of more than $50,000 in amount of the said bonds, and by virtue of the power conferred upon me in the respect by the said mortgage, expose to public sale, and sell to the highest and best bidder, by M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 27th day of September, A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock, M., upon the terms and conditions hereinafter stated, the whole of the said mortgaged premises, viz.:—

The whole of that section of said Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad from Tyrone Station, Blair county, Pennsylvania, to the point of intersection with the Tyrone and Lock Haven Railroad near Tyrone, Blair county, Pennsylvania, to Philipsburg, Centre county, Pennsylvania, as the same is now constructed, together with all and singular the railways, rails, bridges, fences, privileges, rights, and appurtenances of every description acquired by and belonging to said Company and all the tolls, income, issues, and profits to be derived and to arise from the same, and all the lands used and occupied for railways, depots, or stations between said points, with all the buildings standing thereon or procured thereto.

AND GENERALLY

All the lands, railways, rails, bridges, culverts, trestle-works, tool-houses, coal-houses, wharves, fences, rights of way, workshops, machinery, stations, depots, depot grounds, works masonry, and other superstructure, real estate buildings and improvements of whatever nature or kind appertaining or belonging to the above-mentioned property, and to the said section of said Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, and owned by said Company in connection therewith, and all the rights, liberties, privileges, and corporate franchises of said road and Company.

The said section of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, extending from the intersection of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, with the railroad formerly belonging to the Tyrone and Lockhaven Railroad Company, but now to the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Company, is about 20 miles in length.

TERMS OF SALE.

$10,000 of the purchase money to be paid in cash when the property is struck off, and the balance within 30 days thereafter.

PAYMENT on account of the said balance of purchase money, to the extent of the dividend thereof payable on the bonds secured by the said mortgage and the matured coupons of the said bonds may be made in the said bonds or coupons; and if the dividend is less than the actual sum due upon the said bonds and coupons on receipting to the said Trustee for the said dividend, and endorsing payment of the same on the said bonds or coupons.

Upon the purchase money being paid as aforesaid, the Trustee will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the premises to the purchaser or purchasers in pursuance of the power conferred upon him by the said mortgage.

Any further information in respect to said sale, or premises may be had upon application to the undersigned Trustee, at the office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, No. 238 S. Third street, Philadelphia.

JOHN EDGAR THOMSON, Trustee,
No. 228 S. THIRD Street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

5 21 mthsn

INTERNAL REVENUE.

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

No. 304 CHESNUT Street.

CENTRAL DEPOT,

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ONE DOOR BELOW CHESNUT

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Revenue Stamps of every description constantly on hand in any amount.

Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to.

United States Notes, Drafts on Philadelphia, or New York, or current funds received in payment.

Particular attention paid to small orders.

The decisions of the Commission can be consulted, and any information regarding the law cheerfully given.

The following rates of discount are allowed:—

ON ALL ORDERS OF $25,
TWO PER CENT. DISCOUNT

ON ALL ORDERS OF $100,
THREE PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

ON ALL ORDERS OF $300,
FOUR PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

All orders should be sent to the

STAMP AGENCY,

No. 304 CHESNUT Street,

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RAILROAD LINES.

READING RAILROAD
GREAT TRUNK LINE
FROM PHILADELPHIA TO THE INTERIOR OF PENNSYLVANIA, THE SCHUYLKILL, SUSQUEHANNA, CUMBERLAND, AND WYOMING VALLEYS, THE NORTH, NORTHWEST, AND THE CANADAS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS, June 4 1866

Leaving the Company's Depot, at THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL Streets, Philadelphia, as the following hours:—

MORNING ACCOMMODATION.

At 7:30 A. M., for Reading, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Pinegrove, Tamaqua, Sunbury, Williamsport, Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, York, Carlisle, Chambersburg, Hagerstown, etc. etc.

Side train connects at READING with East Pennsylvania Railroad trains for Allentown, etc., and the Lebanon Valley train for Harrisburg, etc.; at PORT CLINTON with Catawissa Railroad trains for Williamsburg, Lock Haven, Elmira, etc.; at HARRISBURG with Northern Central Cumberland Valley, and Schuylkill and Susquehanna trains for Northumberland, Williamsport, York, Chambersburg, Pinegrove, etc.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS.

Leaves Philadelphia at 3:30 P. M., for Reading Pottsville, Harrisburg, etc., connecting with Reading and Columbia Railroad trains for Columbia, etc.

READING ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Reading at 6:50 A. M., stopping at all way stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 8:55 A. M.

Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 5:00 P. M.; arrives in Reading at 7:05 P. M.

Trains for Philadelphia leave Harrisburg at 8:10 A. M. and Pottsville at 8:45 A. M. arriving in Philadelphia at 1:40 P. M. Afternoon trains leave Harrisburg at 2:10 P. M., Pottsville at 2:45 P. M., arriving in Philadelphia at 6:45 P. M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Reading at 7:30 A. M. and Harrisburg at 4:10 P. M. Connecting at Reading with Afternoon Accommodation south, at 6:30 P. M., arriving in Philadelphia 9:10 P. M.

Market train, with passenger car attached, leaves Philadelphia at 12:45 noon for Reading and all way stations. Leaves Reading at 11:30 A. M. and Downingtown at 12:30 P. M., for Philadelphia and all way stations.

All the above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

Sunday train leaves Pottsville at 8:00 A. M., and Philadelphia at 3:15 P. M. Leave Philadelphia for Reading at 8:00 A. M., returning from Reading at 4:25 P. M.

CHESTER VALLEY RAILROAD.

Passengers for Downingtown and intermediate points take the 7:30 and 8:45 A. M. and 5:00 P. M. trains from Philadelphia, returning from Downingtown at 6:25 A. M. and 12:30 noon.

NEW YORK EXPRESS FOR PITTSBURGH AND THE WEST.

Leaves New York at 9 A. M., and 8:00 P. M., passing Reading at 1:05 and 11:55 P. M. and 1:45 P. M., and connecting at Harrisburg with Pennsylvania and Northern Central Railroad express trains for Pittsburg, Chicago Williamsport, Elmira, Baltimore, etc.

Returning, express train leaves Harrisburg on arrival of the Pennsylvania express from Pittsburg, at 3 and 9:45 A. M. and 9:45 P. M., passing Reading at 4:40 and 10:25 A. M., and 12:20 P. M., and arriving in New York at 10 A. M. and 2:45 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany these trains through between Jersey City and Pittsburg, without change.

A mail train for New York leaves Harrisburg at 2:10 P. M. Mail train for Harrisburg leaves New York at 12 M.

SCHUYLKILL VALLEY RAILROAD.

Trains leave Pottsville at 7 and 11:30 A. M., and 7:15 P. M., arriving from Tamaqua at 7:25 A. M. and 1:40 and 8:15 P. M.

SCHUYLKILL AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD.

Trains leave Auburn at 7:30 A. M., for Pinegrove and Harrisburg, and 1:50 P. M. for Pinegrove and Tremont, returning from Harrisburg at 3:20 P. M., and from Tremont at 7:30 A. M. and 5:25 P. M.

TICKETS

Through first-class tickets and emigrant tickets to all the principal points in the North and West and Canada. The following tickets are obtainable only at the office of S. BRADFORD, Treasurer, No. 227 S. FOURTH street, Philadelphia, or of G. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent, Reading:—

COMMUTATION TICKETS

At 25 per cent. discount, between any points desired, for families and firms.

MILEAGE TICKETS,

Good for 1000 miles, between all points, $32.50 each, for families and firms.

SEASON TICKETS.

For three, six, nine, or twelve months, for holders only, to all points, at reduced rates.

CLERGYMEN

Residing on the line of the road will be furnished cards entitling themselves and wives to tickets at half fare.

EXCURSION TICKETS

From Philadelphia to principal stations, good for Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, at reduced fare, to be had only at the Ticket Office, at THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL Streets.

FREIGHT.—Goods of all descriptions forwarded to all the above points, from the Company's new Freight Depot, BROAD and WILLOW streets.

FREIGHT TRAINS

Leave Philadelphia daily at 3:30 A. M., 12:45 noon, and 6 P. M., for Reading, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Pottsville Port Clinton, and all points beyond.

MAILS.

Close at the Philadelphia Post Office for all places on the road and its branches at 8 A. M., and for the principal stations only at 3:15 P. M. 8 15

PHILADELPHIA, GERMANTOWN, AND NORRISTOWN RAILROAD.
On and after WEDNESDAY, May 16, 1866,
FOR GERMANTOWN

Leave Philadelphia 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1, 2, 3:30, 4, 5, 5½, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 P. M.

Leave Germantown 6, 7, 7½, 8, 8:30, 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M. 1, 2, 4, 4:45, 6, 6½, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 P. M.

The 8:30 down train, and 3½ and 5½ up trains will not stop on the Germantown Branch.

ON SUNDAYS,

Leave Philadelphia 9:10 A. M., 2, 4, 5, 8, 10½ P. M.

Leave Germantown 8 A. M., 1, 6, 6:30, 9 P. M.

CHESNUT HILL RAILROAD.

Leave Philadelphia 6, 8, 10, 12 A. M., 2, 3½, 5½, 7, and 11 P. M.

Leave Chesnut Hill 7:10 minutes, 8, 9:40, 11:40 A. M. 1:40, 3:40, 5:40, 6:40, 8:40, and 10:40 minutes P. M.

ON SUNDAYS,

Leave Philadelphia 9:10 minutes A. M., 2, 5, and 8 P. M.

Leave Chesnut Hill 7:40 minutes A. M., 12:40, 6:40, and 9:25 minutes P. M.

PENNSYLVANIA AND NORRISTOWN.

Leave Philadelphia 6, 8:25 minutes, 11:05 A. M., 1½, 4:25, 5½, 6½, 8:05 minutes, and 11½ P. M.

Leave Norristown 6¾, 7, 7:30, 9, 11 A. M., 1¾, 4¾, 6¾ and 8 P. M.

The 5½ P. M. train will stop at School Lane, Wissahickon, Manayunk, Spring Mill, and Conshohocken only

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia 9 A. M., 2½, 4, and 7½ P. M.

Leave Norristown 7 A. M., 1, 5½, and 9 P. M.

FOR MANAYUNK.

Leave Philadelphia 6, 8:25 minutes, 11:05 A. M., 1½, 4:25, 5½, 6½, 8:05, and 11½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk 6¾, 7½, 8:20, 9½, 11½, A. M., 2:5 6¾ 8:5 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave Philadelphia 9 A. M., 2½, 4, and 7½ P. M.

Leave Manayunk 7¾ A. M., 1½, 6, and 9½ P. M.

W. S. WILSON, General Superintendent.
Depot NINTH and GREEN Streets

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—Depot, THIRD Street, above Thompson.

For BETHLEHEM, DOYLESTOWN, MAUCH CHUNK, EASTON, WILLIAMSPORT, and WILKESBARRE:

At 7:30 A. M. (Express), for Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Williamsport, and Wilkesbarre.

At 3:30 P. M. (Express), for Bethlehem, Easton, etc reaching Easton at 6:45 P. M.

At 3:15 P. M., for Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk.

For Doylestown at 8:35 A. M., 2:30 and 5:15 P. M.

For Fort Washington at 10 A. M. and 11 P. M.

For Lansdale at 6:15 P. M.

White cars of the Second and Third Streets Line City Passenger Cars run direct to the depot.

TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA,

Leave Bethlehem at 6:25 A. M. and 12:25 Noon, and 5 P. M.

Leave Doylestown at 6:40 A. M., 3:15 and 5:30 P. M.

Leave Lansdale at 6:50 A. M.

Leave Fort Washington at 10:30 A. M., and 2:15 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Philadelphia for Bethlehem at 9 A. M.

Philadelphia for Doylestown at 2:30 P. M.

Doylestown for Philadelphia at 7:30 A. M.

Bethlehem for Philadelphia at 4:30 P. M.

Through Tickets must be procured at the ticket offices THIRD Street, or BERKS Street.

ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

5 21

WEST JERSEY RAILROAD LINES, FROM foot of MARKET Street (Upper Ferry), commencing TUESDAY, August 28, 1866

8 A. M. Mail for Bridgeton, Salem, Millville, and all intermediate stations.

3 P. M. Mail for Cape May, stopping at Woodbury and Glassboro, and all stations below Glassboro. Due at Cape May, 7:00 P. M.

3:30 P. M. Passenger, for Bridgeton, Salem, and all intermediate stations.

6 P. M. Woodbury Accommodation.

J. VAN RENSSELAER, Superintendent.

Freight will be received at Second Covered Wharf below Walnut street, from 7:00 A. M. until 5:00 P. M. That received before 9:00 A. M. will go through the same day.

Freight Delivery, No. 228 S. DELAWARE Avenue.

The West Jersey Express Company will attend to all the usual branches of express business. A Special Messenger accompanies each through train. Office, No. 5 WALNUT Street Philadelphia.

RETURNING TRAINS.

Leave Cape May at 8:00 A. M., and stopping at all Stations on C. M. & M. R. R., and Vineland, Glassboro, and Woodbury. Due 11:37 A. M.

Leave Bridgeton, 7:15 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

Leave Salem 7 A. M. and 3:35 P. M.

Leave Millville 6:25 and 9:44 A. M. and —— P. M.

J. VAN RENSSELAER, Superintendent.

West Jersey, Salem, and Cape May, and Millville R. Rs

1866—PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—This great line traverses the Northern and Northwest Counties of Pennsylvania to the City of Erie, on Lake Erie. It has been leased and is operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

TIME OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT PHILADELPHIA.

Arrive Eastward—Erie Mail Train, 7 A. M.; Erie Express Train, 1 P. M.

Leave Westward—Erie Mail, P. M.; Erie Express Train 12 M.

Passenger cars run through on the Erie Mail and Express trains both ways between Philadelphia and Erie.

NEW YORK CONNECTIONS.

Leave New York at 9 A. M., arrive at Erie 9:30 A. M.

Leave Erie at 4:40 P. M., arrive at New York 4:10 P. M.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on all the night trains.

For information respecting passenger business, apply at corner THIRTEENTH and MARKET Streets, Phila.

And for freight business, of the Company's Agents, S. B. Kingston, Jr., corner THIRTEENTH and Market streets Philadelphia; J. W. Reynolds, Erie; William Brown, Agent S. C. R. R., Baltimore.

H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent, Phila.
H. W. GWINNER, General Ticket Agent, Phila.
A. L. TYLER, General Sup't, Williamsport.

RAILROAD LINES.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

Commencing MONDAY, June 4, 1866, Trains will leave Depot corner of BROAD Street and WASHINGTON Avenue, as follows:—

Express Train at 4 A. M. (Mondays excepted) for Baltimore and Washington, stopping at Chester, Wilmington, Newark, Elkton, Perryville, Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, Magnolia, Chase's and Stemmer's Run.

Way Mail Train at 8:15 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore, stopping at all regular stations between Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Delaware Railroad Train at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Princess Anne, Milford, and intermediate stations.

Express Train at 11:45 A. M. (Sundays excepted), for Baltimore and Washington.

Express Train at 2 P. M. (Sundays excepted) for Baltimore and Washington stopping at Chester, Claymont, Wilmington, Newark, Elkton, Northeast, Perryville, Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, Edgewood, Magnolia, Chase's, and Stemmer's Run.

Night Express at 11 P. M., for Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers by Boat from Baltimore for Fortress Monroe, Norfolk, City Point, and Richmond, will take the 11:45 A. M. train.

WILMINGTON ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.

Stopping at all stations between Philadelphia and Wilmington.

Leave Philadelphia at 9 A. M., 12:00, 4:30, 6, and 11:30 P. M. The 4:30 P. M. train connects with Delaware Railroad for Harrington and intermediate stations.

Leave Wilmington at 6:00, 7:15, and 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M. The 7:15 A. M. train will not stop at stations between Chester and Philadelphia.

Trains for New Castle leave Philadelphia at 9 A. M., 4:30 and 6 P. M.

THROUGH TRAINS FROM BALTIMORE

Leave Wilmington at 3:45 A. M., 4:56 and 10 P. M.

Leave Baltimore at 7:45 A. M., 12 M., and 3:30 P. M.

Leave Chester at 7:08, 7:25, 10:14 and 11:48 A. M., 4:49, 5:10, 7:26, and 10:16 P. M.

FROM BALTIMORE TO PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Baltimore 7:45 A. M., Way mail 3:20 P. M., Express 4:30 P. M., Express 6:05 P. M., Express 6:25 P. M., Express 11:45 P. M.

TRAINS FOR BALTIMORE

Leave Chester at 4:49 and 8:52 A. M., and 3:38 P. M.

Leave Wilmington at 5:22 and 9:37 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.

Night Express Train will leave Philadelphia at 11:45 P. M. Passenger cars attended will leave at 10 o'clock for Wilmington for Perryville and intermediate stations at 6:05 P. M. Baltimore for Havre-de-Grace and intermediate stations at 4:45 P. M. Perryville for Wilmington and intermediate stations at 4:20 A. M., connecting at Wilmington with 7:15 A. M. train for Philadelphia.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Express Train at 4:45 A. M. for Baltimore and Washington, stopping at Chester, Wilmington, Newark, Elkton, New Level, Perryville, Havre-de-Grace, Aberdeen, Perryman's, Magnolia, Chase's, and Stemmer's Run.

Night Express, 11 P. M. for Baltimore and Washington.

Accommodation Train at 11:30 P. M. for Wilmington and intermediate stations.

NEW YORK.—THE CAMDEN AND Amboy and Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad companies' line.

FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK

and Way Places, from Walnut Street Wharf, will leave as follows, viz:—

At 8 A. M., via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation $2 25

At 8:30 A. M., via Camden and Jersey City Express 3 00

At 12 P. M., via Camden and Amboy Express 3 00

At 6:30 P. M., via Camden and Amboy Accommodation 2 25

At 6 P. M., via Camden and Amboy Accommodation, 2d class 1 50

At 8 A. M., 2 and 5 P. M., for Mount Holly, Bordentown, Florence, Burlington, Beverly, Edgewater, Riverside, Palmyra, Fishing Creek, Delanco, Riverton, Cinnaminson, Palmyra, Fieldsboro, Crosswicks, Hornerstown, Jamesburg, Perrineville, Spottswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Rocky Hill, Griggstown, Millstone, and Intermediate Stations.

Passengers for Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Florence, Beverly, Edgewater, Riverside, Delanco, Riverton, Palmyra, Fishing Creek, Cinnaminson, Fieldsboro, Crosswicks, Hornerstown, Jamesburg, Perrineville, Spottswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Rocky Hill, Griggstown, Millstone, and Intermediate Stations, will take the 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. trains.

Passengers for Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Florence, Beverly, Edgewater, Riverside, Delanco, Riverton, Palmyra, Fishing Creek, Cinnaminson, Fieldsboro, Crosswicks, Hornerstown, Jamesburg, Perrineville, Spottswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Rocky Hill, Griggstown, Millstone, and Intermediate Stations, will take the 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. trains.

At 8 A. M., 2 and 5 P. M., for Mount Holly, Bordentown, Florence, Burlington, Beverly, Edgewater, Riverside, Delanco, Riverton, Palmyra, Fishing Creek, Cinnaminson, Fieldsboro, Crosswicks, Hornerstown, Jamesburg, Perrineville, Spottswood, Monmouth Junction, Kingston, Rocky Hill, Griggstown, Millstone, and Intermediate Stations, will take the 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. trains.

At 8 A. M., 12 M., 4, 5, 6, and 11:30 P. M. for Fish House, Pilmyra, Riverton, Progress, Delanco, Edgewater, Bridgeboro, Florence, Bordentown, etc. The 11:30 P. M. and 4 P. M. trains run direct through to Trenton.

LINES FROM KENSINGTON DEPOT WILL LEAVE

At 5 A. M., 4:30, 6:45 P. M., and 2 P. M. (Night) via Kensington and Jersey City Express Lines, fare $2.00. The 6:45 P. M. line will run daily. All others Sundays excepted.

At 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3:30, 4:30, 5, and 6:45 P. M. and 5 minutes, for Bristol, Trenton, etc.

At 7 and 10:15 A. M., 12 M., 3, 4:5, and 6 P. M., for Cornwells, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, and Frankford, and at 10:15 A. M. for Bristol, Schenck's, Eddington, and 8 P. M. for Holmesbur

FIFTH EDITION

NEW YORK POLITICS.

Mayor Hoffman the Democratic Nominee for Governor.

A BOILER EXPLOSION AT ALBANY.

Ten or Twelve Persons Killed and Several Injured.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

Frightful Boiler Explosion.

ALBANY, September 12.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred to-day in the saw and planing mill of St. George Rock, at the corner of Lawrence and Water streets. Ten or twelve persons were killed, and ten others seriously wounded. No cause can be assigned, the engineer being killed. The establishment covered an acre of ground, and it is said the loss will be about $20,000. The following is a list of those killed:—

John Cullen, engineer, aged forty years, leaves a wife and five children. His body was blown to pieces, which were gathered up in a box. John Hoffman, aged twenty-two, unmarried, employed in feeding the planing machine. John Kirk, a cousin of the mill owners, aged twenty-five, leaves a widowed mother. James O'Neill, aged sixteen, was a carman, and was driving in front of the engine-house. He buried his mother a few days since. John Femmore, fireman, aged thirty-eight, married, leaves seven children. Cornelius Blye, a German, aged forty.

It is believed three or four bodies were blown into the river. The calamity spreads mourning over the city. The streets near the mill were filled with spectators, many of them inquiring after their friends. It is possible that one or more bodies may be under the ruins.

New York Democratic State Convention.

ALBANY, September 12.—The platform adopted reaffirms the principles of the Philadelphia Convention of August 14; regards the Southern States as fully restored to the Union, and the people entitled to all the rights and privileges of citizenship; affirms that the centralization of power in this State, no less than in the Union, is fatal to the harmony of our political system, and dangerous to the liberty of the citizen; and assails the recent legislation at Albany and and Washington as unprecedented in extravagant expenditure.

John T. Hoffman, of New York, was nominated for Governor by acclamation, and Robert H. Pruyn, of Albany, for Lieutenant-Governor.

Very Latest Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, September 12.—Flour firm and advancing. Wheat firm; red, $2·75@2·85. Corn dull; yellow 85@86c. Oats steady. Seeds quiet; Flaxseed, $3·50. Provisions firm; Mess Pork, $34·25. Sugars dull. Coffee steady. Whisky—Pennsylvania, $2·31.

Philada. Stock Exchange Sales, Sept. 12

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

$3000	City 6s new	100	sh Reading	b30. 57⅞
$400	U S 7-30s June	105½	100 sh do	s30 57⅛
$1000	do July	106	2 sh Cam & Amb	128
$2000	Pa War Ln	102½	100 sh Cam & Amb	s30 38
$1000	US 5-20s 65	108½	100 sh do	s60 38⅛
6	sh Minehill	57½		

SECOND BOARD

$3000	Phil 6s new	99½	100 sh N Penna	40
$1100	do	99½	9 sh Penn R	56⅛
$2000	do	99½	100 sh do	b30 a 10 56⅛
$1500	U S 7-30s Aug	106	100 sh do	56⅛
$1000	Pitts'g 5s	75	50 sh do	56⅛
$16000	U S 10-40s	98½	50 sh Lehigh Znc	45
10	sh Ca & A scrip	42	20 sh Mech Bank	32½
12	sh do	42½		

SECOND NATIONAL CATHOLIC COUNCIL.

Arrival of Archbishops and Bishops in New York —Importance of the Deliberations of the Council, Etc. Etc.

The second National Council of the Catholic Church of the United States, to be held in Baltimore on the first Sunday in October, and which is to terminate on the third Sunday of the same month, will probably prove a grand religious pageant. All the archbishops of male religious orders, the superintendents of seminaries, in fact, the entire Catholic clergy, have been invited to attend, and the invitation seems to have been generally accepted. The Most Rev. Dr. Spaulding, Archbishop of Baltimore, has been delegated by the Pope to preside over the deliberations of the council.

Among the distinguished clergymen now in this city from the Pacific coast are the Archbishop of San Francisco, the Most Rev. Dr. Alemany, Most Rev. Dr. Blanchet, of Oregon City; his brother, Right Rev. Blanchet, of Nesqually; Right Rev. Dr. Demers, from Vancouver's Island; Right Rev. Dr. Amet, of Los Angeles, Right Rev. Dr. O'Connell, of Marysville, and others. Many of these gentlemen arrived on Saturday last; some, however, came by a different route, and did not reach this city until Sunday. Four of the bishops since their arrival have assisted at high mass at St. Peter's church. It is understood that several of these prelates have gone to Montreal, with a view of securing the co-operation of members of Catholic orders for the education of the youth in the several dioceses now not represented by qualified teachers of the Catholic faith.

The importance of the Convention about to assemble at Baltimore may be determined by the fact that there will be forty-one prelates, at least one hundred priests, and a great number of supervisors of orders present.

The first National Council was held at Baltimore in 1853, and its decrees, after having been approved by the Pope, were published, and their provisions have since been observed in the discipline of the Catholic Church. It is thought the present Council will exercise a much greater influence than the one preceding it, owing to the great increase of Bishops and religious orders of the Church. The direct object of this important assemblage of Catholic clergymen is for the purpose of regulating the discipline of the Church; also for a more systematic plan for the education of Catholic youth.

It is generally understood that the Convention will advise the endowment of several colleges and seminaries, and that the education of priests will be a prominent topic of discussion. It is also understood that new Episcopal sees will be established and bishops appointed to fill them. All nominations will, of course, be referred to Rome for confirmation, this being obligatory on all Catholic Councils. An estimate of the importance of the Council may be derived from the fact that the leading minds of the priesthood of the Catholic Church from all parts of the United States will be assembled, and the interests of the Catholic Church throughout the entire country will be represented. The delegates who have arrived in this city have generally been entertained by the friends of the several orders to which they belong, and their reception has not only been cordial but enthusiastic.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE BOOK TRADESALE IN NEW YORK.

The progress of the book tradesale at Leavitt & Strebeigh's rooms proves the advancing tastes of the American people. This sale is the grand thermometer of the moral sentiment of the whole community. One striking feature which is presented in the course of the sale is the avidity with which works on theology and various editions of the Bible are bid for, as well as the encouraging prices at which they sell. Those who are wont to wish for the building up of Zion have here the tangible proof that the world is moving in the right direction.

Yesterday, the fifth day of the sale, opened with the invoice of Gould & Lincoln, of Boston. Agassiz and Gould's Principles of Zoology brought 90 cents; Haven's Mental Philosophy, $1·20; Haven's Moral Philosophy, 95 cents; Hamilton's Lectures, embracing the Metaphysical and Logical Courses, $2·25; Roget's Thesaurus of English Words and Phrases, $1·30; Wayland's Elements of Moral Science, $1·10; Paley's Natural Theology, $1·02½; Peabody's Christianity, 75 cents; Chambers' Cyclopædia of English Literature, two volumes, $2·25 per volume; Hugh Miller's Works, 10 volumes, $1·05 each; Life and Times of John Huss, 2 volumes, $1·62 each; Joseph Banvard's American Histories, 4 volumes, 30 cents each; Cruden's Condensed Concordance, $1·10.

The invoice of Graves & Young, of Boston, was next sold. The Percy Family, Leslie Stories, Cedar Brook Stories, Gipsy Series, and other books for children brought from sixty to seventy-five cents per volume. Small invoices of Bridgman & Childs, Northampton, Mass.; Burt & Clark, Springfield, and A. C. Goodman, New York, were sold at about one-half the retail rates. E. H. Butler & Co., of Philadelphia, offered a valuable list of Bibles, elegantly illustrated standard poets and gift books, which brought excellent prices.

Burns', Campbell's, Rogers', Goldsmith's, and Thompson's Poems sold at $5 a volume. The wholesale price is $6·50. The contributions of Walker, Fuller & Co., Boston, and James Miller, New York, were next offered, and sold well, containing many popular holiday books. In the latter part of the day the interesting and spicy invoices of George W. Childs & Co., of Philadelphia; M. W. Dodd, and Charles Scribner & Co., of this city, were offered, all bringing excellent prices up to the hour of closing the sale.—*New York Times.*

1866.

FALL FASHIONS

DEMAND

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(Or Double Spring)

SKIRTS

THE LATEST STYLES

ARE NOW MADE

VERY LIGHT.

They will not BEND or BREAK like the single springs, but will PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE, where three or four ordinary skirts have been THROWN ASIDE AS USELESS. They are the most ELASTIC, FLEXIBLE, and DURABLE SKIRT MANUFACTURED. They COMBINE Comfort, Durability, and Economy, with that ELEGANCE of SHAPE which has made the "DUPLEX ELLIPTIC" the

STANDARD SKIRT

OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

This POPULAR SKIRT is UNIVERSALLY RECOMMENDED by the FASHION MAGAZINES, and OPINIONS of the PRESS GENERALLY.

At WHOLESALE by the Exclusive and Sole Owners of the PATENT.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY.

WAREROOMS AND OFFICE,

No. 97 CHAMBERS,

AND

Nos. 79 and 81 READE Streets,

NEW YORK.

Also, at WHOLESALE by the LEADING JOBBERS. [8 25smw9trp

DELIGHTFUL EXCURSIONS

ON THE SCHUYLKILL.

The beautiful little steamers

SILVER WAVE AND SILVER STAR,

Now running from Fairmount to Falls of Schuylkill, will leave Fairmount as follows, viz.:—At 7 20, 8·05, 8·50, 9·25, 10·20, 11·05, 11·50 A. M. And at 12 35, 1·20, 2·05, 2 50 3·35, 4·20, 5·05, 5·50, and 6·35 P. M.

Returning, leave the Falls at 7·20, 8·05, 8·50, 9·35, 10·20 11·05, 11·50 A. M.; and 12·35, 1·20, 2·05, 2 50, 3·35, 4·20, 5·05 5·50, and 6·35 P. M.

FARE.—To Laurel Hill and the Falls, 15 cents; Columbia Bridge or Washington Retreat, 10 cents. Excursion Tickets to Falls or Laurel Hill, 25c. Picnics and Sunday Schools taken at a liberal reduction. [5 9rp ws

OFF THE TRACK!

BEST BREAD EVER MADE!

AERATED BREAD,

MADE WITHOUT YEAST, HANDS, OR FERMENTATION.

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